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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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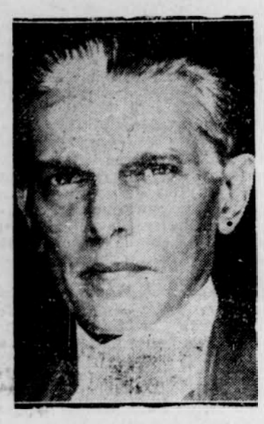
VOL. XXVI NO. 94 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1938 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Congress Move To Solve Communal Problem



Mr. M. A. Jinnah

Mahatma-Jinnah Talks In Bombay?

PARLEYS BEFORE END OF MONTH

Hindu And Muslim Leaders To Be Consulted Before Formulating Proposals

CALCUTTA, April 19.

The negotiations between Mr. Mahomed Ali Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, and the Congress leaders for a solution of the Hindu-Muslim problem are expected to make a great headway by the end of this month.

JINNAH-MAHATMA MEETING

The Associated Press learns from a reliable source that the matter will be discussed in detail at a meeting between Gandhiji and Mr. Jinnah on April 28 in Bombay.

CONSULTATION WITH LEADERS

It is believed that following this meeting, prominent Hindu and Muslim leaders will be consulted by Gandhiji and Mr. Jinnah, respectively, before any concrete proposals are formulated.—A. P.

Mahatma Gandhi

MAHATMA TO ACT AS MEDIATOR

ALLAHABAD, April 19.

Informed circles believe that the trend of events and the course of correspondence between Mr. Mahomed Ali Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and the Congress authorities, show that there will be a conference between Gandhiji and Mr. Jinnah in the immediate future.

It is also believed that Gandhiji will act as a mediator and adviser between Mr. Jinnah and Congress Working Committee, so that there will be a rapprochement for further negotiations for Hindu-Muslim Unity.—United Press.

Reshuffling Of Huq's XI?

Muslim League Attempts At Bringing Back Proja Party Seceders

CALCUTTA, April 19.

The presence of Muslim leaders of All-India eminence, such as Mr. Mahomed Ali Jinnah, Maulana Shaukat Ali and Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan (Premier of the Punjab), in Calcutta after the conclusion of the Special Session of the All-India Muslim League, was availed of to-day by influential members of the Ministerial Party in the Bengal Legislative Assembly to make an attempt at effecting a rapprochement between themselves and the Muslim members belonging to the Krishak Proja Party and the Independent Proja Party, who has recently seceded from the Coalition (Ministerial) Party—and promised to lend their support to the Congress Party— in order to ensure stability of the present Ministry.

MEETING WITH SECEDERS

Accordingly, a meeting was arranged between Mr. Jinnah and Maulana Shaukat Ali, on the one hand, and Maulvi Shams-ud-Din Ahmed, leader of the Krishak Proja Party, and Maulvi Tamiz-ud-Din Ahmed, leader of the Independent Proja Party, on the other hand, at Mr. Jinnah's place to-day when, it is understood, ways and means of reconciliation between the different Muslim groups in the Bengal Assembly were discussed

These discussions were resumed at night and, although a good ground was covered at these two sittings of the informal conference, the threads will be taken up to-morrow.

It is further understood that both Mr. Jinnah and Maulana Shaukat Ali have agreed to prolong their stay in Calcutta for two or three days more, in order to bring these negotiations to conclusion.

RESHUFFLE OF CABINET

Informed League circles are of the opinion that, should these reconciliation efforts succeed, one of its direct repurcussions may be a re-shuffling of the personnel of the present Ministry in Bengal, though it is difficult to give any idea, at this stage, of the exact complexion and composition of such a reconstructed Ministry.—United Press.

RECOGNITION OF ITALY'S EMPIRE

ROME, April 19.

Count Ciano received M. Blondel this morning to discuss the appointment of a new French Ambassador at Rome. It is believed that an Ambassador will be appointed shortly, but that he will not take up his post until after the League has sanctioned recognition of the Italian Empire.—**Reuter.**

WARRANT FOR ARCHDUKE'S ARREST

Otto To Be Charged With High Treason In Talk To Fr. Journalists

BERLIN, April 19.

According to the newspaper "Angrieff", a warrant has been issued by the Austrian Federal Ministry of Justice for the arrest of Archduke Otto of Hapsburg on a charge of nigh treason committed on March 29, when it is alleged Archduke Otto remarked to French journalists that France should aid Austrians against Germany.

No official confirmation is obtainable hitherto.

Berlin authorities earlier denied reports of treason proceedings ordered against Archduke Otto, who is living in Belgium and owns property in Austria, estimated worth two million sterling, which are liable to confiscation if he is convicted —Reuter.

FRANCO-ITALIAN TALKS?

ROME April 19.

Count Ciano informed M. Blondel that Sgr. Mussolini is favourable to opening immediately Franco-Italian negotiations, previously requested by M. Blondel.

The first meeting will be held on April 22.

It is understood the present negotiations will solely be for the restoration of good relations and guarantees of non-aggression in the Mediterranean.

The Czechoslovak Minister at Rome has informed Count Ciano that Czechoslovakia has decided to recognise Italian annexation of Abyssinia.

After the League Council meeting of May 9, France like Great Britain, is expected to recognise Italian annexation of Abyssinia and accredit a new Ambassador to "Victor Emmanuel, King Emperor."—Reuter.

Strong Measures Tell

PEACE REIGNS IN CITY

Round-Up Of Bad Characters Continues: Law Minister's Appeal To Public

SEPULCHARAL PEACE AND SILENCE REIGNED IN THE CITY AFTER 10 P. M. LAST NIGHT.

Before the Curfew Order came into force, traffic was seen on almost the normal run. Except for a few shops at Bhendy Bazaar, which were not opened, the localities did not bear any visible signs of having gone through an orgy of rioting only two days ago.

ONE REMARKABLE FEATURE TILL 10 P. M. ON TUESDAY WAS THAT THERE WAS NO CASE OF WILFUL INJURY TO ANY IN THE LOCALITIES OVER WHICH PROHIBITORY ORDERS ARE ENFORCED.

ROUND-UP.

But the hunt for knives and other lethal weapons was being vigorously conducted and a comb-out for suspected hooligans went without the slightest relaxation. The total number of arrests upto 9 p.m. on Tuesday was expected to be over 740.

Business in all the localities was normal.

From 6 a.m. to 9 p.m. on Tuesday the arrests effected were reported to be 111. Of these the Princess Street Police made 5, Pydhonie Police, the Dongri Police, the Maharbourie Police, Lamington Road and the Nagpada Police effected 4, 4, 44, 13 and 41 respectively. Most of them were suspected to be bad characters, although some of them have been arrested for alleged infringement of the Commissioner's order banning lethal weapons. But such were stated to be only a few.

The total number of arrests up to 2 p.m. on Tuesday is authoritatively given as 645.

Of these the biggest haul was made by the Dongri Police.

The previous night's experience was believed to be the reason for the exodus of a vast number of foot-path sleepers who early on Tuesday night were seen moving with their kits to localities immune from the Curfew Order. The result was that there was a congestion in the Fort area, barring Frere Road, and near Marine Lines. Workers from Lalbaugh and Chinchpokli also sought places of rest elsewhere.

DRIVERS WARNED OFF

The decision to enforce the Curfew Order without making any distinctions, was expressed by Police Officers on Tuesday. Although on Monday night a few motor cars were stated to have streaked through the localities, where the Curfew Order was enforced, the laxity, small though it be, was attributed to the ignorance of drivers about the order. Most of them were stated to be Europeans. They were, however, warned off.

Last night, however, the Curfew Order was enforced rigorously. The City from Dhobi Talao to Parel was perfectly peaceful. Half an hour before the Curfew hour there were two small incidents of attempted looting of two "pan" and "bidi" shops in 13th Kamatipura Lane. The Nagpada Police immediately arrived on the spot and dispersed the crowd and the incidents were very minor and had no repercussions.

Primary Education Act

Why Govt. Takes Over Control

KHER REFUTES CHARGE OF BUREAUCRATISATION

Education Is A Subject For Which The State Must Be Responsible, He Says

THE MEMBERS OF THE OPPOSITION IN THE BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY SEEM TO BE STILL TALKING THE LANGUAGE OF THE DAYS OF DIARCHY, WHEN THEY RIGHTLY USED TO CALL THE MEMBERS ON GOVERNMENT FRONT-BENCHES "BUREAUCRATIC AND IRRESPONSIBLE."

Jamnadas' Charge

On Tuesday, when the consideration of the Primary Education Act Amendment Bill was resumed, the Opposition view represented by Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, seemed to be that Governmental control meant the destruction of Democracy in the Local Bodies. So long as 1923, the then Minister, Dr. Paranjpe, had taken Education out of the hands of an irresponsible Executive and brought it under the control of the Local Bodies. Now the Government were, according to the Opposition, reversing the policy and taking over the control back, hence "bureaucratization."

RESPONSIBILITY OF GOVT.

Premier Kher took the first available opportunity to refute this charge. He emphasised that the present Legislature was constituted on democratic principles,—at least there was as much democracy in it as there was in the local bodies,—and because of democracy the present Legislature was there and the present Government were in office.

No Bureaucratisation

THEREFORE, MERE PASSING OF CONTROL FROM LOCAL BODIES TO GOVERNMENT, RESPONSIBLE TO LEGISLATURE, COULD NOT BE CALLED "BUREAUCRATIZATION."

Added to this was the significant fact that THE PRESENT GOVERNMENT HAD COME INTO BEING ON A FRANCHISE FAR FAR WIDER THAN ANY ON WHICH THE LOCAL BODIES WERE CONSTITUTED HITHERTO.

MUNSHI'S APPEAL TO PUBLIC

Interviewed by press representatives regarding the inconvenience caused to the public by the strict enforcement of the Curfew Order and the requests made to the Commissioner of Police and to the Home Minister for their relaxation in individual cases, Mr. K. M. Munshi said:—

"I am not unmindful of the hardship that orders of this kind impose upon law-abiding and respectable citizens going about their normal work, but I hope the public will realise that in the interests of peace in the City and the safety of its citizens it is necessary that such precautionary measures should be rigorously enforced from the commencement. Otherwise, the situation of uncertainty is bound to be prolonged and the very object sought to be achieved will be frustrated.

"I would, therefore, appeal to the public to co-operate with Government in seeing that the orders are scrupulously observed and relaxation of orders in individual cases are not sought except in extreme cases.

CITY RETURNS TO NORMALITY WITHIN 2 DAYS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The strong measures taken by the Government and carried out by the police with promptitude and alacrity were responsible for bringing about this happy state of affairs. The Curfew Order was scrupulously enforced and offenders were duly arrested. The police kept a close watch and did not allow any suspicious character to go unchallenged. Those who disobeyed the order prohibiting the carrying of lethal weapons had to pay the penalty.

Police were in evidence everywhere. Public thoroughfares, highways, street lanes and byelanes were full of them.

Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate, it is understood has been deputed to try all cases in connection with the riot. He will hold his Court in Maharbouri and Lamington Road Police stations

Mr. K. M. Munshi toured the troubled areas this morning.

WHY CONTROL WAS TAKEN OVER

Above all, the Premier emphasised that education was a subject the responsibility for which rested with the State and in the present instance the Minister was responsible to the Legislature. His view was that what happened in the past was nothing more than the passing of the control from the shoulders of those, who should have rightly borne it, namely, the State, to the slender and weak shoulders of the local bodies. Moreover, there was no transfer of power in a vast number of functions, which the local boards were called upon to discharge. The only important exception was that of power being taken away in the matter of appointing of administrative officers This was done for the sake of efficiency and the Chandavarkar Committee had suggested such a course.

GOVT. CONGRATULATED

Shortly before the Legislature met the Government were congratulated by several European, Muslim and other members of the Opposition for the prompt measures taken to quell the communal disturbances in the City.

(DETAILS ON PAGE 7.)

Franco's Boast

Nationalists Won War For Peace Of Europe!

BURGOS, April 19.

"We have won the war", declared Gen. Franco in a nation-wide broadcast this afternoon, in which he accused the Republicans of murdering over 400,000 people. He said they will be called to account for the crimes.

He outlined the programme of New Spain after the war and said he was determined to have a powerful army and navy to make Spain a Great Power, with work for all, decent wages and conditions and protection against abuses of Capitalism.

He concluded declaring that he was fighting for the peace of Europe.—Reuter.

REBELS REACH TORTOSA

SAN SEBASTIAN, April 19.

The rebels reached the first houses of Tortosa but its complete capture is difficult as the main part of the town lies across the Ebro and the Republicans are expected to blow up the bridges.—Reuter

LEAGUE COUNCIL AND SPAIN

GENEVA, April 19.

Following his protest against the Anglo-Italian agreement Signor Delvayo has requested the League to place on the agenda of the next meeting of the Council the question of foreign intervention in Spain.—Reuter.

Two Killed & 23 Wounded

BARCELONA, April 19.

The City was subjected to a further nationalist air-raid this morning in which two people were killed and 23 wounded.

Most of the damage and casualties were confined to the suburbs.—Reuter.

PRINCE BERNHARD IN ACCIDENT

CANNES: April 19.

Prince Bernhard, who left Cannes in a motor car this morning with his brother, Prince Aschwin, followed by a car with chauffeur and a police officer is reported to have telephoned to friends that he had an accident and is returning to Cannes.

Princes Bernhard and Aschwin are unhurt.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

GERMAN EXPEDITION TO EAST HIMALAYAS

BERLIN, April 19.

The new German Expedition to explore the Eastern Himalayas and Tibet will leave Genoa on April 21, headed by Dr. Ernst Schaefer, Group Leader of Black Guards, and including Dr. Karl Wienert, Geographical Expert, Herr Brunobeger, Anthropologist, Herr Ernst Krause, Entomologist and film-operator and Herr Edmund Geer, technician. The expedition will last two years and will proceed from Assam first to Nishmi Hill.—Reuter.

SCINDIA'S NEW PILGRIM SHIP LAUNCHED.

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, April 19.

The ceremony of launching Scindia Steam Navigation Company's pilgrim ship "El-Hind" took place to-day afternoon at Lithgow's dockyard in Glassgow. Sir Abdul Qadir performed the ceremony.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word—

Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only, and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Travelling Canvassers for Cigarettes. Only those who have previous experience need apply with credentials stating minimum salary to Box No. 8382, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Experienced Hard-working Mechanical Machine Man for Printing Press at Aden. Apply with testimonials. Box No. 10105, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced Hindu Graduate conversant with cotton and bullion business, coding decoding telegrams and business correspondence. Hindi knowing preferred. Salary according to qualifications. Apply within a week with copies of testimonials to Box No. 10124, "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited for the post of the Managing Director of the Patiala State Bank, Salary Rs. 500—50/2—700. Applicants should state fully their academic professional and legal qualifications. They should state also their knowledge and experience in banking and in co-operative work and enclose references. Applications should reach the Finance Minister, His Highness' Government, Patiala, by the 30th April, 1938. (8360)

80 GODOWNS TO LET

Godown in Fort, Mody Street 70 Dev Bhuwan to let apply Metaji there. (10120)

MOTOR DRIVING TUITIONS.

Motor Driving taught perfectly within fifteen days by expert on our car, charges moderate. Apply Box 10125 "Bombay Chronicle"

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Prof. Dr. H. S. Gambers, Consulting Sexologist, Pfaff Building, Phirozshaw Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay, Telephone: 30230, Specialist in Venereal Diseases and Disorders of the Sexual function in Men and Women. (9999)

Coronation 1937 Tooth Powder cleanses teeth, prevents decay, hardens, gums, cures pyorrhoea, etc. Agent: M. Khairulla, 100, Pakmodea, Bombay, 3. (10073).

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION. BURMA.

WANTED: LECTURER IN AGRICULTURAL BOTANY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for an appointment of Lecturer in Agricultural Botany in the Botanical Section of the Agricultural College, Mandalay. The appointment will be in the Burma Agricultural Service (Class II), the scale of pay for which is Rs 240-20-640 per mensem after confirmation, with an efficiency bar at Rs. 480. It will be on a temporary basis for 2 years but is likely to become permanent. The selected candidate will be on probation for two years and will draw initial pay at Rs. 200 per mensem. Rs. 220 on passing Departmental Examinations and Rs. 240 on confirmation. He will be required to teach Agricultural Botany to students taking the degree of B.Sc. (Agriculture) of the University of Rangoon, of which the Agricultural College, Mandalay, is a constituent college.

2. Candidates must have the following qualifications:

(a) They must be British subjects.

(b) They must hold an Honours Degree in Botany. Preference will be given to those possessing post-graduate experience in Agricultural Botany.

(c) They must be under the age of 30 on the 1st January 1938 except in the case of those having special experience or qualifications.

3. The selected candidate will be required to undergo a medical examination before appointment.

4. Applications should be addressed to the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Law Courts, Rangono, Burma and must reach that office not later than Wednesday 11th May 1938. Applications must contain the following particulars:—Name and postal address in full; exact date of birth and place; religion, community, caste or sect; a statement that the candidate is a British subject; educational institutions attended, both schools and universities with the number of years at each; examinations passed at the University and degrees obtained; statements of any prizes, medals or scholarships obtained at the University; a mention of distinctions in games or social activities and of outdoor interests; an account of occupations during post-graduate years, and any other information likely to be of value to the Selection Board.

5. Copies of certificates and testimonials should accompany applications with documentary evidence of age which should be *in original with copies thereof.*

NOTE.—See also paragraph 7 below.

6. Approved candidates may be required to appear before the Public Service Commission in Rangoon on a date to be fixed later. They will be required to bring the originals of their certificates and testimonials with them.

7. Two certificates of good character, (1) from the Head of the candidate's College, or, if in Government service, the Head of his office, and (2) from a gazetted Officer, dated not earlier than the 31st October 1937 must also be submitted *in original with copies thereof.*

8. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to enlist support for his application from Government officials or other persons of influence will disqualify him for the appointment.

9. The selected candidate will be required to take up the appointment at Mandalay and begin lecturing in mid-June.

SAN PE,
Secretary,
Public Service Commission, Burma.

Dated Rangoon, the 9th April, 1938.

8387.

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents salary Rs. 100 plus Rs. 50 travelling allowances to push sales of Hosiery and other useful articles of Ludhiana. Apply for terms to:—Seth S. R. Shamlal & Co., (Regd.) Ludhiana (10121)

Public Notices

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 41ST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Empire of India Life Building, Hornby Road, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 9th May, 1938, at 3 P.M. (S.T.).

The TRANSFER BOOKS are CLOSED from 19th April to 9th May, 1938, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
ALLUM, BHARUCHA & CO.,
Managers.

Bombay, 19th April, 1938.

(8388)

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that the firm of SHERALLI & HAJIBHAI CO., doing business as General Merchants and Commission Agents at Don Tad Cross Lane, Khadak, Bombay, in which the undersigned were partners, has been dissolved by mutual consent as from 19th April, 1938. In accordance with the terms of dissolution Hajibhai Alladina is authorised to get in recover and receive the assets and effects of the said firm of Sheralli & Hajibhai Co., and he will also pay all debts and liabilities of the said firm. The said Hajibhai Alladina alone will henceforth carry on business at the same address under the name of S. Hajeebhai & Co.

SHERALI MAHOMED
HAJEEBHOY ALIDINA.
10123.

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ALIMAHOMED KHANMAHOMED DUBERIA, SAFURABAI, wife of the said Alimahomed Khan-Mahomed, Khan Mahomed Haji Alimahomed and Janmahomed Alimahomed, all of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitants have contracted to sell the under mentioned property to our client.

That any person or persons having any claim, right, title, interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, easement, lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of redeemed pension and Tax land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the East side of Dongri Koli Street, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 203 (Two hundred and three) square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 700, New No. 3180, Old Survey No. 432, New Survey No. 2628, Cadastral Survey No. 269 of Mandvi Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No 1272 and New Street No. 372-372A and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by the said Dongree Koli Street, on or towards the West partly by Sweepers passage and partly by property of Jehangir Cursetji, on or towards the North partly by sweepers passage and partly by the property of Jehangir Cursetji and on or towards the South by property of Canji Prabhat.

Bombay dated this 19th day of April, 1938.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(8390)

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF CEILING FANS AND PARTITION.

By order of the Controller of Inspection, Indian Stores Dept., M|S CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by public auction on MONDAY, 25th April, 1938 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) on 2nd floor of Hararwalla Bldg., Ballard Pier, 20 Martelli ceiling Fans and 340 running feat glass and panel partition 7 feet high in separate lots.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Public Notices

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Re: Loss of Pucca Share Transfer Receipts.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that two Pucca Share Transfer Receipts Nos. 205 and 206 dated 13th June, 1934 and One Receipt No. 9 dated 12th July 1934, in respect of Shares Certificates Nos. 230, 303 and 483 transferred to and now standing in the name of Mr. Pherozesha Naoroji Bhandara, are reported to have been lost or mislaid. Persons having any lien claim or interest in the same are requested to notify to the Company, within fifteen days from the date hereof, after which period, the Company will issue duplicate receipts. The public are also hereby warned against dealing in these receipts in future.

GANESHNARAYAN PIRAMAL,
Agents,
The Morarjee Goculdas Spg. & Wvg. Co. Ld.
(8387)

NOTICE.

GOVERNMENT BUNGALOWS ON RIDGE ROAD.

Government land on Ridge Road now occupied by bungalows "Drummore" and "Tavistock," measuring about 8535 square yards will be offered for lease by negotiation in 1, 2 or 3 lots, with or without existing bungalows on a premium lease in perpetuity. Plans of the properties can be obtained at the Office of the Executive Engineer, Presidency Division.

Intending lessees should make their offers to the Honourable Minister for Revenue, Secretariat, Fort, Bombay, up to 15th May, 1938.

Intending lessees wishing to see the Honourable Minister may do so between 11 a.m. and 12 noon in his office on office days.

T. E. STREATFIELD,
Collector of Bombay.
Dated 14th April, 1938.

8384.

Auction Sales

MENESSE & CO.

AT 1-30 P.M. (S.T.)
AUCTION SALE OF ARMS AND AMMUNITION, RIFLES, SWORDS, DAGGERS, CARTRIDGES, ETC.

And at 2 p.m. (S.T.)
Artificial Silk, Clothing, perfumery, wines and spirits, cigarettes, tobacco, saccharine, Radio, etc.

In accordance with sections 167 and 88 of the Sea Customs Act 8 of 1878 and under instructions from the Collector of Customs, Bombay, Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY the 27th April 1938, at the abovementioned time, at the new Customs House, Ballard Road, the abovementioned Unclaimed and Confiscated Goods, belonging to the Government Customs' Department.

MENESSE & CO.

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY) at 5-30 P.M. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, Opp. Messrs. Hyland Co. of complete Household furniture, Godrej Steel Cabinet, Safes, H.M.V. Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington Typewriter, Chesterfield sets, Wardrobes, English Billiard table, etc.

THE BROADWAY
Kingsway—Khodadad Circle —Dadar
To-day at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MARLENE DIETRICH
in
"BLONDE VENUS"
A Josef Von Sternberg production.

DURGA KHOTE
IN
SOUNGADI
A NATARAJ PICTURE
MARATHI
MAJESTIC
Daily 5, 8. 10-45.
Matinee at 2-15 on holidays.

TWO SHOWS 3 & 6 P.M.
SIXTH WEEK
WADIA BROS.'
LUTAROO
L·A L N A
NADIA'S
BEST THRILLER
ALSO
HARIPURA
CONGRESS TOPICAL
LAMINGTON
Lamington Road.

THE SAFEST PLACE
To Spend Your Evening
These Rather Unquiet Days
is
ROXY
where
Curfew order or no Curfew order
People are Rushing in Every Day
TO SEE
DEVIKA RANI
in
Bombay Talkies' Grand Romantic Picture
Nirmala
The only picture worth witnessing in Bombay.
Highest Entertainment for your Eyes and Ears
2 SHOWS DAILY
(until Further Change)
2-45 & 5-30

CENTRAL CINEMA Girgaum.
To-day & Fri. 3 p.m. & 6 p.m.
To-morrow: Ladies' Show: 1-30 p.m.
Ordinary Show 6 p.m.
"KUNKU"
NO CURFEW ORDER
You can safely see
KANHOPATRA
at
PLAZA
Daily 5, 7-45 & 10-30

MINERVA TALKIES Lamington Rd.
TO-DAY Zenana Show, 1-30 p.m.
Daily One Show: 5-30 p.m.
MINERVA MOVIETONE'S
"MEETHA ZAHAR"

OPERA HOUSE
Daily 2 Shows 2-45 & 5-30 p.m.
HUNS PICTURES'
"JWALA"
Starring:
CHANDRA MOHAN
Ratnaprabha, Ashalata, Winayak.

Screen's Most Savory Treat—
—And a Hungry Public Awaits It
"GOPAL KRISHNA"
The Prabhat Touch to Shri Krishna.
Directed by
V. DAMLE,
S. FATEHLAL.
Starring:—
SHANTA APTE
RAM MARATHEY,
PARASHRAM,
SHANKAR.
Coming Soon
AT
CENTRAL
CINEMA GIRGAUM.

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY!
TIME TABLE
OF
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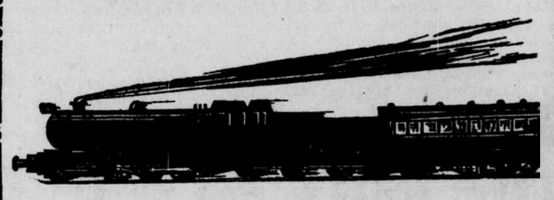

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UNIVERSITY FOR MAHARASHTRA

Demand By Marathi Literary Conference

At the session of the Marathi Literary Conference held in the compound of the Robert Money High School, Mr. Vinayak Savarkar presiding an informal discussion took place on the position of Marathi newspapers at a meeting of the delegates and visitors. A view was expressed that the financial resources of the papers, their production, circulation and advertisement revenue were interdependent and in the absence of any favourable co-ordination of these factors, there was no possibility of any improvement in the situation.

Several resolutions affecting the future progress of Marathi literature were passed. The Wardha scheme of education also came in for criticism.

A resolution reiterating its support to principle of establishing regional universities, urging Government to carry out the plans of a university for Maharashtra and appealing for funds for the purpose was unanimously passed.

The Conference appealed to the Governments of Bombay and of the Central Provinces to give facilities for the teaching of Marathi in the border lands adjoining other linguistic provinces and urged that a professor of Marathi literature should be appointed by Government in Elphinstone College, Bombay.

The Conference suggested the appointment of a board representing the interests of various languages in a territory served by a broadcasting station to advise the authorities regarding programmes and complained that the Bombay Broadcasting Station did not give sufficient importance to Marathi language.

A resolution demanding the creation of an independent linguistic province of Marathi-speaking people comprising Maharashtra, Berar, Nagpur and other areas was also passed. The resolution, while congratulating Karnatak for getting a motion favouring the separation of the province passed by the Legislature, requested Government to decide the territorial jurisdiction of the proposed province by taking a plebiscite in villages and towns likely to be affected by the decision.

Among other resolutions passed by the Conference, there was one congratulating the Governments of the Central Provinces and Bombay for lifting the ban on proscribed literature and requesting them to pursue their policy.

An announcement was made at the Conference that the work of writing a book regarding the origin of Marathi literature should be entrusted to Mr. K. P. Kulkarni, who would be given a handsome cash prize of Rs. 1,000 instituted by Mr. Jayakar. The book is likely to be out next year.

The next session of the Conference will be held at Ahmednagar.

ALIGARH 'VARSITY

New Vice-Chancellor

ALIGARH, April 16.

The annual meeting of the Aligarh University Court was held to-day. A very large and distinguished gathering of 115 members was present. The Aga Khan's resignation of the Pro-Chancellorship was accepted.

The Ruler of Rampur, proposed by Nawab Mohmad Yusuf and seconded by Sir M. Yakub, was unanimously elected Pro-Chancellor. Sir M. Yakub and Chaudhri Nematullah proposed Prof. A. B. A. Halim and Khan Bahadur Moulvi Obaidur Rahman Khan for the Pro-Vice-Chancellorship and the treasureship, respectively, and both were unanimously elected. Sir Yakub and Mr. Gulam Mohamad were re-elected members of the Finance Committee. Col. Raman Abdul Majid Khawja, Dr. Zafrul Hasan and Mr. Gulam Bhik Nering were re-electd to the Executive Council. The Hon. Justice Sir Shah Mohamad Sulaiman was unanimously elected Vice-Chancellor for three years.

The Court concluded its sitting after passing certain amendments to the University Regulations and resolution thanking Dr. Sir Ziauddin Ahmed for services rendered during his tenure of office as Vice-Chancellor and wishing him a long life and useful public career.—A. P.

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MAYOR'S CAMPAIGN IN AID OF ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS FUND

TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), THE MAYOR OF BOMBAY'S GREAT CAMPAIGN IN AID OF THE KING-EMPEROR'S ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS FUND OPENS

IN AN INTERVIEW WITH THIS PAPER, MR. SULTAN CHINOY, MAYOR OF BOMBAY, EXPLAINED THE WORKING OF HIS RUPEE FUND.

"All over the Presidency," he said, "numbered receipts will be given for everyone donating one rupee. Payment can be made and receipts obtained at Banks, petrol stations, branches of the Bombay Garage, the W. I. A. A. and big stores.

"In the first place 100,000 receipts will be issued and every donor stands a chance of winning one of the 100 prizes, ranging from Rs. 5,000 downward,—which are offered out of this lakh of rupees. Altogether Rs. 19,000 will be given in prizes for the numbered receipts. The winning numbers have already been chosen by Lady Lumley."

The Mayor went on to explain that immediately the first lakh of rupees had been collected the prizes would be distributed and a new drive for a further lakh, with the same prizes offered, would be started.

"Not only will the money collected go to a most admirable cause, the King-Emperor's Anti-Tuberculosis Fund," said Mr. Sultan Chinoy, "but I should like to emphasise that 95 per cent. of it will be retained in the Bombay Presidency."

"I am confident", he concluded, "that the people of the Presidency will give generously and wholeheartedly to the Fund."

Premier Kher distributing prizes to the winners and runners up in the South Indian Association Badminton Fives Tournament on Monday evening.

AROUND THE COURTS

Bombay, Tuesday.

A Counterfeit Coin factory was unearthed at Kurla as a sequel to the arrest of one Ramadas Gangaram at Dr. D'Silva Road, Dadar on Saturday last, by Dy. Inspector D'Costa and Sub-Inspector Mulik of the Mahim section who were on patrol duty.

Ramadas, it was alleged, was found with a counterfeit four anna coin. He was immediately arrested and on search several such coins were recovered from his person.

Further enquiries led to the arrest of one Dhanibai Panna residing in Kurla. At the latter's place, it was stated, material used in counterfeiting coins was seized.

Both the accused were remanded in police custody at the Dadar Court, to-day, till April 30.

That death was caused by shock and internal haemorrhage, was the verdict returned by the Coroner's jury, to-day, at the inquest held on the body of Phiroz Behramji Lalkaka (19), who died of injuries in the G. T. Hospital. The jury held that the deceased, being temporarily in an unsound state of mind, threw himself down from a window of the 3rd floor of the Chartered Bank's Building.

RIOT CASES IN CITY

Ex-Police Suptd. Arrested.

An ex-Police Superintendent of Bombay was arrested last night for breach of the curfew order. The arrest was effected by the Lamington Road Police.

71 REMANDED TO JAIL CUSTODY

During the disturbances of the night of the 17th instant seventy-one arrests were made by the Maharbouri Police and were remanded into Jail custody till the 2nd May at the Mazagaon Court.

Thirty-seven persons were offered release on bail.

ARRESTED FOR STONE THROWING

Six persons were arrested yesterday by the Nagpada Police in connection with stone throwing and stabbing during the riots and were remanded into jail custody till the 2nd May. Only one accused was offered bail.

PYDHONI ACCUSED REMANDED

Between 2 a.m. and 8 a.m. yesterday fifty-five arrests were effected by the Phydhoni Police who were suspected to be concerning in the communal riot. They were remanded till the 2nd May into jail custody.

Ninety-one arrests were made yesterday by the Maharbourie Police and were offered release on bail failing which they were remanded into jail custody till the 2nd May by the Presidency Magistrate, Chief Court Arthur Road Jail.

AT LAMINGTON ROAD AND DONGRI

Lamington Road Police arrested 13 persons yesterday and were offered bail. Dongri Police arrested 95 persons yesterday and were remanded into jail custody till the 2nd May. All were offered bail by the Presidency Magistrate of Special Court.

RIOT ACCUSED IN CUSTODY

Five persons were arrested by the Princess Street Police to-day and were remanded into Jail custody till the 27th inst.

Thirteen were arrested by the Pydhoni Police and were remanded into Jail custody till the 3rd May.

BREACH OF CURFEW ORDER

One was arrested last night on a charge of Breach of Curfew Order by the Princess Street Police and was remanded into Jail custody till the 3rd June.

47 were arrested last night on a charge of Breach of Curfew Order by the Dongri Police and were remanded into Jail custody till the 3rd May.

Mr. S. Jayarao, I.C.S., Deputy Commissioner, Saugor who was injured in a motor accident near Jubbulpore on Thursday night regained consciousness after 90 hours, and is now progressing satisfactorily.

"Dancing Is Not Banned"

Bombay Archbishop Explains Attitude Of Catholic Church

That modern dancing is not banned by the Catholic Church was explained at the Santa Cruz Fancy Fete by His Grace Dr. Roberts, the Archbishop of Bombay, in his speech on Sunday evening. There were, however certain conditions and everything depended on the spirit underlying the action.

His Grace referred to the new Church and said: 'To-day you have here one of the finest churches in India, free of all debt; you owe that achievement to two causes. First to the zeal, energy and self-sacrifice of your parish-priest Father Alvares, who has collected money from all parts of India from Europe and even from Africa. Secondly, you owe it to the love of the Faith existing here in your own congregation.

"One way in which you have chosen to raise money is to combine with that purpose another which is well worth while, even for its own sake. You have organised a social function which brings you together as one Catholic family, though not necessarily exclusive. I did not advert to the fact that the function included dancing until I was made aware of it by letters of protest. Without wishing to add anything, by mentioning them, to the amount of notice they deserve, I may use them as an occasion for a few remarks on a subject which has a general and important application.

"You may or may not have heard of a lady called Michol. Very likely you have not, and, perhaps, you never would have heard of her but for the fact that she once objected to a dance. The dance she objected to was the dance of her husband, David, over 3,000 years ago. You have all heard of David; most of you have heard his poetry set to music.

"This man, probably one of the world's greatest poet, a great soldier and a great statesman, thought it natural to express his joy in dance. Millions had done so before, millions have done so since, and will go on doing it to the end of time, because it is one of the most natural and human things a human being can do. Puritanism in a hundred forms has tried to stop it, and the result has never been anything but reaction leading to gross excesses.

"The proper attitude is to secure that dancing is done, as David's was, 'before the Lord.' That it can be done in a manner perfectly proper and pleasing to God is proved by the fact that multitudes of young Christians, who lead not merely good but heroic lives, derive enjoyment from dances without soiling conscience in the least. It, like all good things, it can easily be abused, that is the more reason why the dances organised under Catholic auspices should always have the guarantee of supervision by good and sensible people.

"The moderation and self-control to which all our education tends will be needed in the matter of drink. I have personally a lively admiration for the honesty of purpose, energy and courage, combined with prudence, which have characterised the present Government's attitude to the drink question thus far; if and when we are restricted, we must give an example of obedience to the law; meanwhile, we have always the restrictions imposed by the very highest of motives, and I am glad to know that these motives have been and are effective here."

St. Teresa's High School Pupils To Perform Famous Opera

Lovers of Gilbert and Sullivan will be glad to hear that the students of St. Teresa's High School have selected "The Yeomen of the Guard" for their annual performance, and will give two performances of this delightful opera at the Capitol Theatre on the 28th and 29th of April at 6-30 p.m. Their previous successes of The Gilbert and Sullivan series include "The Mikado," "H.M.S. Pinafore" and "The Pirates of Penzance."

The production is in the hands of Mr. J. P. da Costa and Mrs H Flanders.

His Grace The Archbishop of Bombay, The Most Revd. Dr. Thomas Roberts S.J., will preside on the 28th Sir Hormuzdyar Dastur will preside on the 29th.

The booking which is proceeding briskly is at the school.

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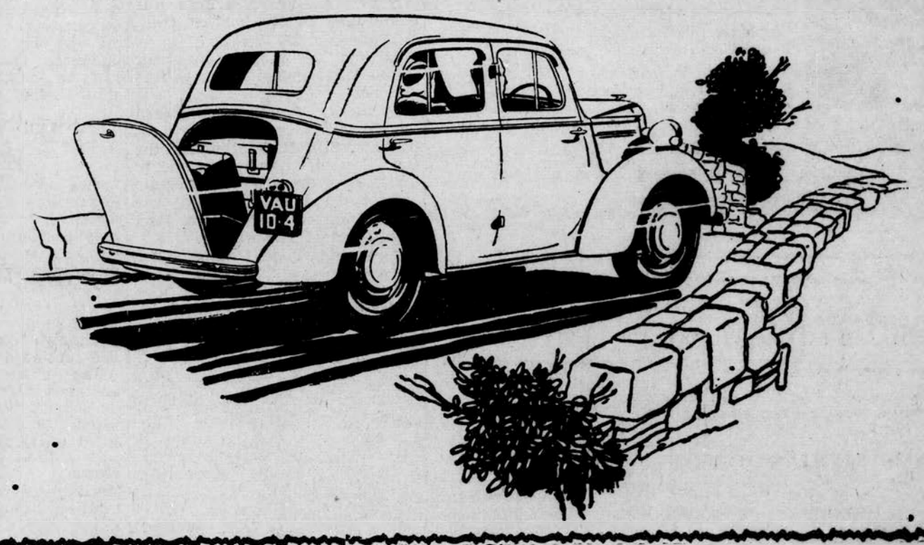

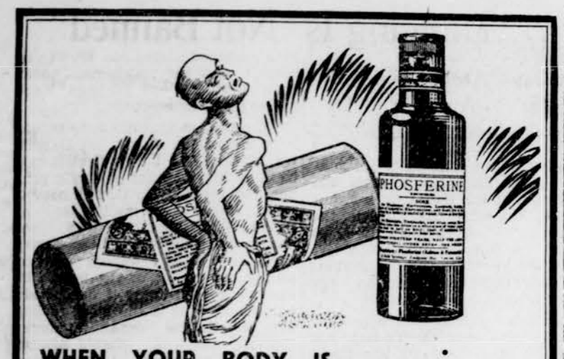

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TO-DAY. ON RADIO

Bombay I & II Programme

VUB 244 metres, 1,231 kc|s. Also 31.4 metres, 9,565 kc.s. for Transmission I and 90.8 metres, 3,305 kc|s for Transmission II.

A.M.

11-30 Recorded Indian music.

P.M.

1 Market rates and announcements. 1-5 recorded European music. 5-30 Better-half Hour. 6 Ahmed Dilawar. 6-15 Ahalyabai Karnataki of Bijapur. 6-30 To Bhumijan. 7-30 The Quest Hour. 8-30 Commercial News. 8-45 Ahmed Dilawar. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 Ahalyabai Karnataki. 9-30 News in English. 9-45 Relationships: Any daughter to any mother, talk by Tara Baig. 10 Walter Kaufmann; Pianoforte recital. 10-15 Violin and Piano recital. 10-40 Egidio Verga.

Delhi—I Programme

VUD 340 metres, 886 kc|s.

A.M.

7 In solemn mood. 7-50 Light variety. 8-40 News in English. 8-50 In Hindustani.

TRANSMISSION II.

NOON.

12 Woman's world.

P.M.

12-30 Tiny tunes. 1 Light and Airy.

TRANSMISSION III.

P.M.

6 Evening moods. 7 For Villagers only. 8 Jaitshree. 8-5 Readings from famous books. 8-45 Vocal variety. 9-15 News, Weather in Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Harry Langham and his Sextette. 10 Causerie on Great Musicians, Richter. 10-15 Harry Langham and his Sextette. 10-55 News.

Delhi—II Programme

TRANSMISSIONS I & II.

31.3 metres, 9,575 kc|s.

Programme as in Delhi I.

TRANSMISSION III.

60 metres, 4,905 kc|s.

P.M.

6 to 7 Programme as in Delhi I. 7 A variety concert, Vasudeo Sharma. 7-30 Cocktail-Time. 8 to 9-45 Programme as in Delhi I. 9-45 Kallobai. 10 to 10-15 Programme as in Delhi I. 10-15 Sentimental songs. 10-44 News.

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370.4m, 810 kc|s. and 49.1m, 6,100 kc|s. (Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

P.M.

12-36 John Phillips and his Orchestra. Weather. 1-36 Let's Listen. 2-6 Women and Military Service, talk in Bengali by Kumari Meera Gupta. 2-21 Educational Feature Programme. 5-6 For countryside. 5-36 Kamala Roy. 5-46 Dabir Khan. 6-21 Bitumalika. 7-51 Spread of Primary Education, talk in Bengali by S. Das. 8-6 News and Weather in Bengali. 8-21 Bijoy Kumar. 8-41 Binapani Mukherjee. 9-1 Commercial News and weather. 9-6 News. 9-21 Piano Pickings. 9-36 I Think as I see, talk by Stella Brown. 9-51 'Rory Aforesaid.'

Peshawar Programme

VUP 200 metres, 1,500 k|s.

P.M.

6-30 An hour with villagers. 6-30 Announcements in Hindustani, Khyber Orchestra. 6-35 Nawabbai. 7 Karim Dad Khan. 7-20 Khyber Radio Orchestra. 7-25 Sabrun Nisa Begam. 7-45 This and That. 8 Nawabbai. 8-25 Khyber Orchestra. 8-25 Sabrun Nisa Begam. 8-45 Naghma-i-Tarab. 8-55 Karim Dad Khan. 9-15 News and weather in Hindustani 9-30 In English. 9-45 Sabrun Nisa Begam. 10 Band of 4|15th Punjabi Regiment.

Lahore Programme

VUL 276 metres, 1,086 kc|s.

P.M.

6 Rashida Begam. 6-35 Sohan Singh of Ludhiana. 6-25 Jagdish Narain Bhatnagar. 7 For Countryside. 7-30 Fashida Begam. 7-45 Jagdish Narain Bhatnagar. 7-55 Sohan Singh. 8-15 The Poet, talk in Hindustani by Basnir Ahmed Hashmi. 8-30 Rashida Begam. 8-50 Jagdish Narain Bhatnagar. 9 Religious music. 9-15 News and weather in Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Books, review by Catherine Symonds. 10 Classical music. 10-20 Jagdish Narain Bhatnagar. 10-30 Recorded programme.

Lucknow Programme

VUW 294 metres, 1,022 kc|s.

P.M.

6-30 Shamimbai. 6-55 Lucknow Orchestra. 7-5 Chin Moi Lahiri. 7-30 S. N. Chaturvedi. 7-35 N. M. Joshi. 8-5 Shameembai. 8-30 Mauj-i-Sharab. 9 Chin Moi Lahiri. 9-15 News and weather in Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Chin Moi Lahiri. 10 Shameembai. 10-10 N. M. Joshi. 10-30 Yusuf Ali Khan. 10-40 Shameembai.

B. B. C. Programme

GSJ (to 9 p.m.) 21.53 Mc|s (18.93m).

GSH 21.47 Mc|s (13.97m). GSG 17.79 Mc|s (16.86m).

GSO (to 8-30 p.m.) 15.18 Mc|s (19.76m).

GSF 15.14 Mc|s (19.82m).

GSD (from 9-15 p.m.) 11.75 Mc|s (25.53m).

P.M.

7-27 Opening. 7-30 Clara Butt (songs). 7-45 BBC Empire Orchestra. 8-45 Take Your Choice. 9-30 News. 9-50 Dance music. 10-10 World Affairs, talk by Prof. J. L. Brierly.

10-50 to 11-45 p.m. Arabic Programmes.

GSO 15.18 Mc|s (19.76m). GSC 9.58 Mc|s (31.32m).

GSB 9.51 Mc|s (31.55m). GSB 9.51 Mc|s (31.55m).

BRADMAN TO TOUR INDIA?

Tarrant's Proposal Of Private Team

MADRAS, April 14.

Frank Tarrant who is now in Australia has offered to bring out to India next cold weather a strong private team of Australian Cricketers writes "Hindustan Standard."

The names of Bradman, Oldfield, Richardson and Ponsford figure among the list of 25 criketers that Tarrant proposes to draw the touring team from.

Tarrant's proposal would be discussed by the Board of Control at its meeting to be held at Delhi on Sunday next.

Already the proposal has been circularised among the various provinces

As far as Madras is concerned the Executive was unable to meet in time. Still K. S. Ranfarao, the local Secretary and a canidate for Control Board's secretaryship consulted Dr. Subbaroyan and C. P. Johnstone. President and Vice-president respectively.

It is understood Madras is for such tour by Australians if Bradman and other leading Cricketers constitute the team. As usual the mnimum guarantee has been agreed upin. This is being done, it may be said, to provide Indian Cricketers with first class experience on the eve of their matches with England next season.

The following names have been suggested by Frank Tarrant for his touring side:

Bradman, Richardson Grimmett, Kippax Nash, Oldfield, Wendell Bill, Chilvers, Tallon, Gregory. Fingleton, McCormick Morrisby ,Bromley, Scaife, O'Brien Leather. Chipperfield, Barnett, Brown Ponsford, Fleetwoodsmith, Hassett, Lush, Allsopp.

DHYAN CHAND WILL NOT PLAY FOR OTHER TEAMS

Dhyan Chand, the famous hockey player and captain of the Jhansi Heroes, has issued the following statement:—

'I am astonished to find wrong and inaccurate reports in the Press, the latest being published in the *Statesman* of April 12 from its Calcutta office that as the Jhansi Heroes were not participating in the Beighton Cup Tournament I would play for another club.

"The news is absolutely baseless and without foundation. I have played only for four sides in my career, namely, the All-India, the Army, the U. P. Selected and the Jhansi Heroes and I shall play for these sides only and none other.

"I detest the habit of some players who play for different clubs in different tournaments. Strict loyalty to one club alone can improve Indian amateur hockey."

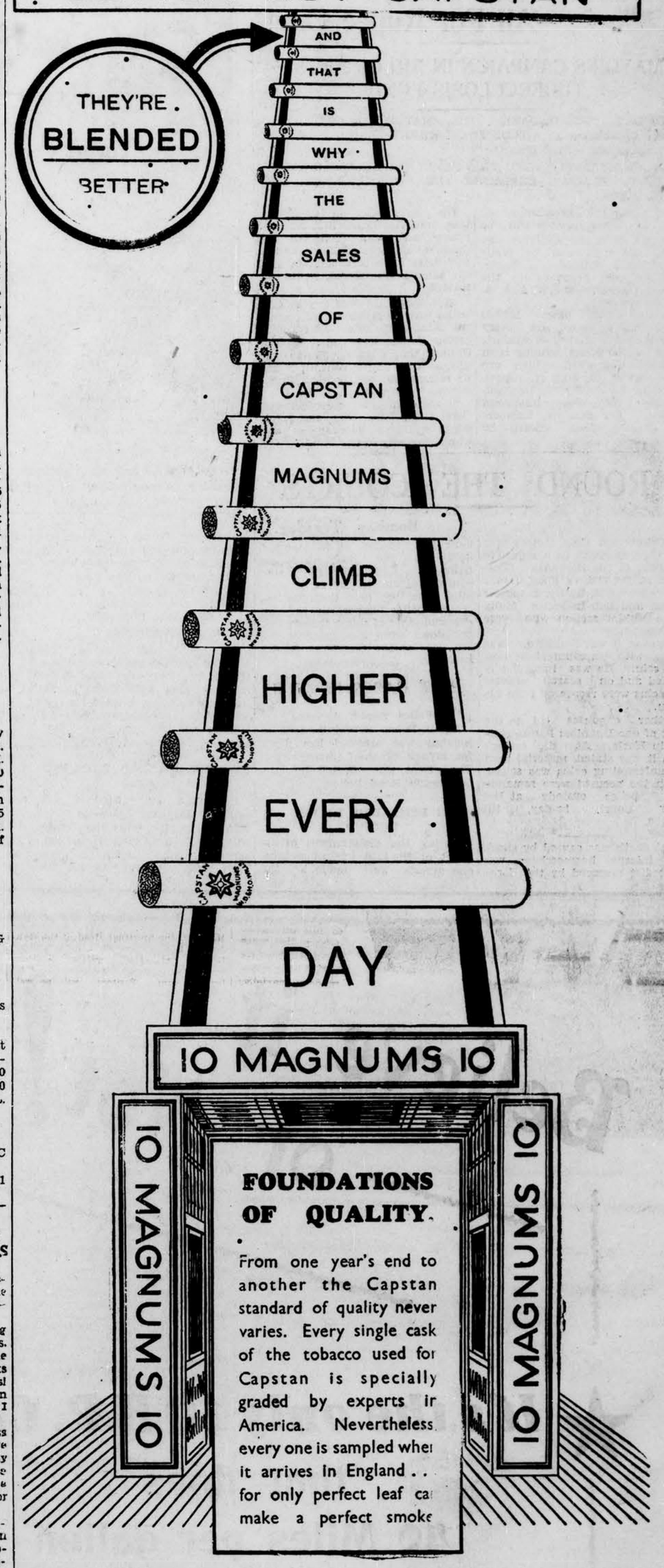
CAR MADE OF WOOD

Two motorists, Nasui Hadrovitch and Shetch Ramusovitch, carried their car for several miles when they encountered deep snowdrifts while driving in the Montenegrin mountains, writes "The People" in mail week.

When they reached an area where there were no drifts they put the car down, climbed into it and continued their journey.

The car is a home-made model, built last year by Hadrovitch. Consisting mainly of wood, it weighs 180 lb., and is capable of a speed of 25 m.p.h.

BETTER BUY CAPSTAN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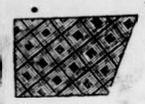

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City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Vad 6, 1994
Muslim: Safar 18, 1357
Parsi: Avan 17, 1307
Hightide: 2-38 15-39
Lowtide: 8-35 21-40
Sunrise: 6h. 17m.
Sunset: 6h. 57m.

Result of B.Sc. (Ag.), First and Second Year Examination in Science (Agriculture), University Building, 2 p.m.

SOCIAL WELFARE SOCIETY, WORLI

Under the auspices of the above Society free classes in English, Marathi, Hindi and Telugu are being held at the premises of the Society at D. D. Chawl No. 33. Details can be had from the Hon. Secretary at the Society's premises any time between 8 and 11 a.m. and 6 and 9 p.m.

KOLABA DISTRICT AND ADULT EDUCATION

The Kolaba District Adult Education Board has arranged for a four-day trainers' class which opens at Panvel on 23rd instant. There will be talks by workers like Messrs. J. S. Bhagwat, N. G. Chaphekar, (retired Sub-Judge) Swami Anand and others, on topics such as "Literacy and Adult Education", Economic and Industrial Survey of Villages, Resurrection of indigenous Institutions", "Village Sanitation and First-Aid" and practical demonstration lessons in Adult Education, besides a number of varied items.

POSTAL NOTICES

Registered and unregistered packet mails only (i.e. other than letters and postcards) for Straits Settlements and all mails for Hongkong and Shanghai via Negapatam will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p. m. respectively on Thursday the 21st instant.

Registered and unregistered mails for Colombo and Australia per s. s. 'Cathay' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 21st instant.

Superscribed registered and unregistered packet mails only (i.e. other than letters and postcards) for Singapore and all mails for Hongkong and Shanghai per s.s. 'Conte Verde' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 9-30 and 10 a.m. respectively on Wednesday the 20th instant.

HEAD OF GAUDIYA MISSION

A correspondent writes:—

His Grace Paramahansa Sri Srimad Ananta Vasudeb Vidyabhusan Goswami Maharaj, the Spiritual Head of the Gaudiya Mission, who is on a short visit to Bombay, will gladly welcome Visitors who desire to bring their spiritual problems to him. Visitors will be welcome between 7 a.m. and 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. and 7 p.m. daily, at the Bombay Centre of the Math at Culliandas Building, Gowalia Tank Road.

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA LTD.

Yuvaraja of Limbdi the present Dewan Saheb of Limbdi flew in Kathiawar Service Plane on Monday to Bombay on an urgent business and left on Tuesday morning by Air Services plane for Limbdi.

From the 1st May 1938, by advance request, passengers to Limbdi from Bombay and from Limbdi to Bombay would be taken.

Particulars regarding rates, etc, could be had from any A. S. J. Agent or from Passenger Agents.

LOHANA BOARDING SILVER JUBILEE

The Silver Jubilee of N. l. and B. M. Lohana Boarding (Bombay) for Higher Education will be held in Christmas Holidays in December 1938.

FOURTH A-I. CHILDREN'S GATHERING

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the 4th All-India Children's Gathering Reception Committee will be held to-day (Wednesday) at Mr. Udharam Kewalram's (the original office of the gathering), Victoria Building, 2nd Floor, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, at 7 p.m. (S.T.).

AMUSEMENT OF THE DAY

BROADWAY—Daily Change of Programme. Time as usual.
CAPITOL—"45 Fathers". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Kunku" To-day ladies show at 1-30 p.m. ordinary show at 6 p.m.
EROS—"Mad About Music". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Young and Innocent" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"New Searchlight". Daily at 3 and 5-15 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Lootaroo Lalna". Daily at 3 and 5-15 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Soungadi". Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Meetha Zahar." Daily at 3 and 5-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Jwala". Daily 2 shows at 3 and 5-15 p.m.
PATHE—"Ali Baba Goes to Town". Daily at 10 a.m. and 3-30 and 6-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Kanhopatra". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
REGAL—"Love and Hisses." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Nirmala" Daily at 3 and 5-30 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Song of Songs" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"300 Days and After' Daily at 3 and 5-30 p.m.

BOMBAY CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY

A meeting of the General Council (active members) of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party will be held on 26th April at 7 p.m. at the Party Office.

THE UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS

A Question and Answer meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) evening at 6-15 at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY

A public lecture under the auspices of the Blavatsky Lodge, Theosophical Society will be given by Dr. Thakore Ph.D. in English at the Theosophical Society, Blavatsky Lodge Besant Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "Relation of Mind and Body" Part II.

AIR SERVICES TO KATHIAWAR

The Schedule plane left on Tuesday morning at 7-15 a.m. and came back the same day at 11 a.m. with Kathiawar passengers.

V. M. CHARITABLE DISPENSARY

During the month of March 1938 the total number of patients treated in this dispensary was 734 among them the number of new admissions was 186. The average daily attendance was 27.

SOCIAL WORKERS' CONFERENCE

A meeting of the Reception Committee of the Bombay Social Workers' Conference will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6-45 p.m. at the Social Service League Office, Sandhurst Road.

TRAVANCORE UNION, BOMBAY

The Secretary of the Travancore Union, Bombay, writes:—

"Due to the unexpected change in Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya's programme, she could not be present to deliver the public lecture on "New Trends in Women's Movement" under the auspices of the Union as announced.

The lecture therefore had to be postponed. Our Union regrets the inconvenience caused to numerous friends and other members of the public due to the sudden postponement of the lecture."

B. E. S. T.'S MONTHLY EARNINGS

The following is a statement of the earnings of the B. E. S. T. Co. for the month of March 1938:

*Electric Supply for March 1938 Rs. 8,48,304; up to the end of March 1938 Rs. 25,66,337.

Traction (Trams and Omnibuses) for March 1938 Rs. 6,75,122; up to the end of March 1938 Rs. 19,63,093.

Increase over same period last year Rs. 3,69,338.

*Exclusive of supply to Tramways.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

The last week-end proved a very busy one for the suburbs. With the concluding of the solemn services of the Catholics, which were observed in great devotion, a festive air prevailed throughout the suburban area.

On Sunday quite a round of function were gone through. In the Bandra area, the Bandra Yatch Club, of Chapel Road, held their 8th Annual Sports, which proved a great success.

The sports started at 2-30 p.m. with a one mile boat race, which was very keenly competed. Then followed a one mile swimming race, which evinced great interest amongst both the competitors and the spectators.

After this a regular programme of sports were gone through on the beach, followed by a whist drive, which concluded in the late hours of the night.

On the same night, starting at 9-30 p.m. was held on the Municipal School grounds, Bandra, a gala fancy dress open air dance, which saw about 1,500 people. The merry makers enjoyed themselves right up to 4-45 a.m. on Monday morning.

Two bands were in attendance, "Ken Mac's Swing Band" and the "Midnight Merrymakers," both playing very select music.

ARCHBISHOP OPENS FETE.

On the same evening, His Grace the very Reverend Thomas Roberts, Archbishop of Bombay, opened the charity Fete at Santa Cruz.

On the arrival of His Grace, he was met by Rev. Father J. Alvares, the parish priest, who in a short speech thanked His Grace for his presence and help for this noble cause.

Then amidst cheers, His Grace declared the Fete open. His Grace then visited the various stalls and looked pleased with the whole show.

His Grace in a short speech dwelt on the need of moderation, self-control and restraint in a Fete like that one. His Grace was on the Fete grounds till the closing time at 9 p.m.

On the same night 9-30 p.m. was held a dance on the Fete grounds which, taking into consideration the dance held at Bandra, was well patronised and proved an enjoyable affair.

The Fete was again open on Monday and Tuesday and was visited by crowds of people.

On Monday evening His Grace presided at the prize distribution for a religious contest held among suburban schools, at St. Andrew's High School Hall, Bandra.

Menaka who is returning to Bombay to-day after a series of dance recitals in Europe.

KARANJAWALA'S SERVICES TO CITY EULOGISED

Improvements Committee Adjourns As Mark Of Respect

The Improvements Committee passed a resolution of condolence and adjourned without transacting any business on Tuesday as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Mr. M. A. Karanjawala.

Mr. B. G. Parelker, Chairman of the Improvements Committee referring to the sad event said:

To all appearances Mr. Karanjawala enjoyed a robust health and was full of vigour and energy and although he had been ailing from heart trouble for the last few days we all hoped that he would soon recover from his illness and attend to the civic duties with his usual zeal. But to our great surprise and sorrow a promising career has been cut short by his sudden death. It is indeed very unfortunate that although he was unanimously elected to be Chairman of the Schools Committee for the current year, he did not live to enjoy the honour. The late Mr. Karanjawala was a member of the Corporation for the last 9 years. During this short period he had been a member of the Standing Committee, Improvements Committee and different Special Committees and the Chairman of the most of these Committees. He was a member of the Improvements Committee for about 2 years and its Chairman in the year 1936-37 and many of us remember how efficiently and zealously he devoted himself to the Committee's affairs and studied even the minutest details of the proposals placed before the Committee and guided the deliberations of the Committee. He was a student of statistics and Municipal finance and took a keen interest in Civic questions. Unfortunately a very useful life has been cut off and our hearts go out to his family in their sad bereavement.

CONDOLENCE RESOLUTION.

I am sure you will all like to place on record our sense of sorrow and I would therefore move.

That the Improvements Committee have learnt with deep regret of the sad and untimely death of Mr. M. A. Karanjawala on the 13th April 1938, who was a member of the Improvements Committee for nearly 2 years and its Chairman for the year 1936-37, and in various other capacities rendered valuable services to the City and by whose death the City has lost a zealous citizen and an energetic civic worker.

That a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the family of the deceased with an expression of the Committee's sympathy in their sad bereavement."

That as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased the Committee do now adjourn without transacting business to-day.

The Committee then adjourned till Friday.

A hawker, named Sayed F. Hussain Nazamulla (45) residing at Ripon Road, was found by a friend lying naked and vomitting. He told his friend to take him to a hospital where he expired the inquest was adjourned till April 30 pending the report of the Chemical Analyser.

MENAKA RETURNS TO BOMBAY

To Prepare Herself For American Tour

Menaka (Mrs. Leila Sokhey) and her Indian Ballet Company are returning from Europe to recostume in preparation for their tour of America next autumn. They are arriving by "Conte Verde" to-day (Wednesday.)

The Company during a two-year tour of the continent of Europe gave over 650 performances in the principal cities and won the admiration of dance lovers and dance critics all over Europe. It will also be remembered that Menaka and her Ballet Company won three of the highest Honour Prizes in the International Dance Olympiad of 1936 held in Berlin.

Found Floating In Sea

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

An unidentified male aged about 50 years old was found floating in the water at Chowpati Seaface yesterday morning, police took charge of the body in the presence of a Panch, and removed to the Morgue.

An inquest was held over the body, and the Coroner's jury returned a verdict of death "suicidal or accidental."

Greater Facilities At J. J. Hospital

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

With a view to providing greater facilities to the public, the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay has arranged, as an experimental measure for two daily sessions of the out-patients department (medical and surgical)—morning and evening—at the J. J. Hospital, Bombay. This arrangement has been in force from April 1.

THE REGAL

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

7 HOT & HISSING SONGS 7

CAPITOL Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

The most uproarious comedy ever screened!

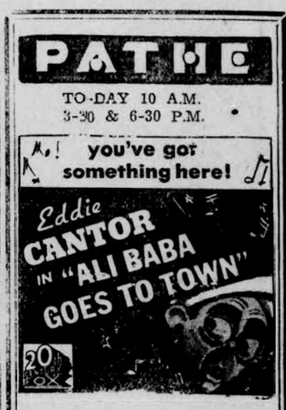
TOWARDS DRY INDIA

(With foreword by Mr. S. Satyamurti).

Liquor through the ages—Measures of control—Stir in Parliament—Congress campaign—Prohibition in Salem—Official reports of progress—Marvellous results of reform. Rs. 1-4. Dikshit Publishing House, Thyagarayanagar, Madras. Available also at New Book Company, Bombay.

PATHE

TO-DAY 10 A.M. 3-30 & 6-30 P.M.



THE FUNNIEST AND MERRIEST MUSICAL EVER MADE!

Also **British Movietone News**

NOTICE

Owing to CURFEW ORDER there will be no show at 10 P.M. Instead there will be a show at 10 A.M. Every Day until further notice.

TO-DAY AT 10 A.M., 3-30 & 6-30 P.M.

Don't Miss it! Ph. 41561

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Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Premier Performance in FAR EAST

AMERICA'S SINGING SWEETHEART

Something you have never seen before—Deanna's astounding display of acting:

Something you have never heard before—DEANNA'S new song hits:

Something you have never experienced before—DEANNA'S heart-warming personality.

It will be the most widely discussed musical as well as motion picture event of the season. Don't miss it.

Popular Prices. Book early.

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THREE SHOWS DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

ALFRED HITCHCOCK'S Latest Masterpiece "YOUNG & INNOCENT" Packed with thrills,

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1938

CONGRESS AND COMMUNALISTS

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, presiding over the Democratic Swaraj Party Conference at Sholapur, bitterly complained that Mr. Jinnah treated the Hindus as political helots. Mr. Jinnah, presiding over the Muslim League Conference at Calcutta, as bitterly complained that the Muslims were being treated as political helots by the Hindus. The glaring truth is that both Hindus and Muslims have long been and are still being treated as political helots by their common British masters; but communalists deliberately blink at this fact and pursue their internecine feuds. Bankrupt in statesmanship and sound politics, these people seek to gain the ear of the crowd with the familiar slogan of "Religion in Danger." "I seriously doubt," says Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, "whether in the worst days of Muslim rule, Hindu culture. Hindu religion and the very existence of the Hindu community were more menaced than they are now." This fantastic and mischievous observation is perhaps meant to be a retort to Mr. Jinnah whose speech in turn was probably a retort to some imaginary or real provocation. The pity of it is that these retorts do not always remain verbal.

Provocative Utterances

We have seen far too often with what fatal facility the slightest casual disturbance takes a communal turn and continues in a diabolically vicious circle. Most reprehensible and unwarranted is the sweeping statement of Mr. Mehta that "the so-called communal riots are nothing but aggressive actions of the Muslims in 90 cases out of 100." As reprehensible, if not more, is the resolution of the Muslim League on the recent disturbances. It deplores the loss of life and property of only Muslims, and accuses Congress Governments of having "signally failed to discharge their primary duty of protecting the Muslim minorities in their provinces." Has the Muslim League no concern whatsoever for the non-Muslim communities that have suffered in these disturbances? As for the charge against the Congress Governments, the disturbances in their provinces and the insinuation conveyed by the League's resolution, we shall only say for the present that the Governments have dealt with the disturbances as promptly and effectively as any other Government could have done in the circumstances, and that the League itself could have averted or minimised the trouble if it had been, these many months, less provocative and truculent. Even now the League is outrageously provocative in including in its resolution an ill-concealed threat of disastrous consequences to the whole country.

Hatred Of Congress

One thing common to the communalists in the opposite camps is their hatred towards the Congress. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta's speech is as much characterized by this hatred as is Mr. Jinnah's. The communalists hate the Congress because it does not countenance their extreme views on communal questions, and they are often in a rage to find that by its purely national policy the Congress is steadily growing in influence even in provinces where its representatives in the legislature are in a minority. Alarmed at the increasing hold of the Congress over the masses in Bengal, Mr. Fazlul Huq, the Premier, is making a desperate effort to weaken it by all possible means. His latest attempt is what he calls a "revelation" about an offer to him from the Congress. The simple fact is only the willingness of Congress representatives in the legislatures to support him as the Prime Minister in a Congress-Proja Party Coalition Ministry if it should adopt the Congress programme. In this matter the Congress has followed substantially the same policy which it has done in the Frontier Province where there is a coalition Cabinet, predominantly Congress, following the Congress programme. There is nothing in this that the Congress need blush for. After all, Mr. Huq is himself prepared to co-operate with the Congress on certain terms. It is difficult to know with certainty how long Mr. Huq will abide by any particular set of terms. In any case a coalition between radical nationalists and extreme communalists cannot but be unstable.

Well Done

Peace again reigns in Bombay. We record this fact with a sense of profound thankfulnes and relief and we confess to a feeling of pride in the Congress regime that hooliganism, the dastardly and despicable Public Enemy Number 1, was on the run within a few hours of breaking loose. We sincerely congratulate Mr. K. M. Munshi on his masterly handling of the situation and the Executive, from the Chief Presidency Magistrate and the Police Commissioner to the ordinary constable, on rising cheerfully and splendidly to the occasion under the orders of people whom formerly they had to fight, arrest and even send to jail. The Government of Bombay, the Home Minister and the Executive have fully vindicated their onerous responsibilities. All honour to them.

In this connection we regret to have to refer to one matter which, we wish, we could have ignored. The public and the responsible press co-operated cheerfully with the authorities—save for one exception. Tuesday's issue of the "Free Press Journal" is that shocking exception. We do not want to go into the details of its editorial and its special article except to deplore the fact that they breathe a communalist passion of a highly objectionable kind. The duty of every responsible newspaper is to try to help in suppressing communal feeling. That duty is particularly urgent in the midst of disorders and disturbers. It is exactly in these circumstances, however, that our contemporary thought fit to adopt an attitude which is calculated positively to inflame passions. We do not desire to insult the intelligence of our contemporary, but we cannot help being amazed at its behaviour. How could it fail to occur to it that it was doing what no newspaper claiming to be nationalist and to be concerned for the welfare of the people would even dream of doing, especially in the present situation?

Welcome Move

It is a fairly prevalent notion and in some responsible quarters it is also seriously entertained that the interests of Indians in South Africa lie in co-operating with the whites rather than with the natives. Indeed, it is sometimes almost suggested that Indians should adopt an attitude which, in actual practice, will be positively antagonistic to the natives The notion is altogether fallacious and is justified neither by ethics nor by practical commonsense. The history of the activities of the Whites in South Africa proves that they mean to convert Africa into a territory exclusively their own as against all coloured peoples, whether native or India. Legislation, however disguised, merely confirms their intentions. In view of all this Indians would be true neither to their own sense of self-respect nor to their moral and human responsibilities to the natives of South Africa if they deserted these unfortunate people on the imaginary hope of some selfish benefits. We, therefore, welcome the conference of natives and Indians that was held the other day in Cape Town for the purpose of organising and presenting a united front to resist further degradation of the coloured peoples at the hands of the Whites. Indians must remember that the drive of the Whites is against all coloured peoples, including themselves. They must, therefore, regard it as a duty to help and co-operate with their less fortunate brethren, the natives of South Africa.

FRENCH COLONIAL POLICY

Imperialism Incongruous With Republicanism

(By "OBSERVATEUR.")

Since my article, "Death In Tunis", was published in these columns recently, the Associated Press of India has broadcast a news message which describes in outline certain changes in the colonial administrative machinery in French India that strike us not only significant but sinister.

Spirit Of French Imperialism

The reorganisation of the police force with the special appointment of European officers drawn from the ranks of the French Mobile Guards and the establishment of the Press Bureau are features common to the administration of French Africa and why they should be introduced in French India at this moment is more than what one can easily make out. But the message under notice refers to the recent labour troubles at Pondicherry that culminated in blood-shed as the justification for the creation of conditions that are almost typical of military occupation. Anyone who has had any idea of conditions obtained in Chandranagar and Pondicherry is bound to reject this justification as totally unacceptable and as one compromising the spirit of French Republicanism and even the kind of solicitude that reactionary French imperialists express for justice, moderation and fair-deal—a solicitude which is represented as a fundamental of French colonial policy in the pamphlet to which I made reference in my previous article.

Bulwark Of Civilisation

To those who have the highest admiration for France as a great democratic country which represents the finest achievement of European culture enriched by her own valuable and distinctive contribution, the colonial policies, countenanced even by the Popular Front Government, paradoxically enough, are a direct repudiation of every principle of traditional French liberalism. That is explicable enough: imperialism, however, profussedly lenient towards the races or countries ruled, is a contradiction of, and inconsistent with, the spirit of liberalism. But in so far as the imperialist apologist pleads the colonial possessions as inevitable as a growth of logic of history in its relation to European industrialism and enunciates certain principles, as animating imperial policies, the French Government is expected to carry into effect at least some of the principles to which it adheres. This is what, in fact, Frenchmen brought up in the republican tradition of thought insistently point out.

France's Danger

But apart from the application of any principles of government to the colonial situation the French Government is heading towards a danger that menaces the national destiny in the Europe of this epoch. As indeed, M. Longuet, whom I have quoted before, points out by citing a list of important colonial officers under General Nogues who belong to ultra-reactionary parties and who superimpose their own policies as men of the extreme Right on those of the French Government, the colonial empire of France becomes a breeding ground for the General Francos of to-morrow—a danger that France cannot very well ignore in the face of recent events. True, it cannot happen in France. Casimir de la Roque of the "Croix de Feu" has been thoroughly discredited and a direct Fascist coup may be out of question. All the same, the danger remains when the entire situation is considered in a long-range view and the dangers that are hovering round the French scene are viewed in their proper perspective.

Attack On Labour?

Again, Pondicherry is not Tunis, but, in a sense, an integral part of India. There is no propaganda here carried by the enemies of France to foment trouble amongst "turbulent natives"; there is no university of Harrar established in this country mobilizing all the resources of discontent and intrigue in an effort to undermine French influence. The Pondicherry workers may not organise a stay-in-strike like the French workers. Accepted, that is the logic of colonial rule dictated by French big business. But what is the provocation for the imposition of the quasi-military rule on the African pattern on a

(Continued on page 7 col. 7.)

THE PROBLEMS OF THE BHILS

Need For Urgent Reforms

(By Ramchandra D. Shukla M.A. LL.B.)

I.

One fails to understand the classification of the Dohad and Jhalod Talukas as a partially excluded area under the Government of India Act 1935, even though they enjoyed the rights and status of the Regulated Districts prior to it under the Montford Reforms. Is it progress or a return to the abnormal conditions with motives best known to the foreign framers of the Act, which was severely condemned and exposed by a resolution passed at the Faizpur sessions of the Congress? Even a casual visitor will opine that the East Panch Mahals area, even though it is mainly inhabited by the aboriginal tribes, for example Bhils (a lac and a quarter) and Patelias (eighteen thousands mostly in Dohad Taluka), does not deserve to be isolated and treated like a criminal and placed under the special control of the Governor. On the contrary the aboriginal tribes of this area would be benefited and uplifted by the efforts of the popular Ministers who happen to know the needs of their fallen and backward countrymen.

Without discussing at length these political restrictions for the removal of which protests have been made and which should be removed without delay, I intend to deal with the present problems of Bhils which require urgent solution at the hands of the Congress Ministers

The Bhils' Helplessness

The Dohad and Jhalod Talukas have a population of nearly a lac and quarter of Bhils who reside in small huts on the outskirts of fields without trying to mix with each other, their chief occupation during monsoon and winter being agriculture, and labour during summer. Hoardings they have none; for seeds, necessaries of life, land revenue, agricultural implements and bullocks, most of them have to depend upon a money-lender, who was believed till now to be their friend and guide but in recent times has been exposed to be their exploiter. Association with the money-lender brought the Bhil in touch with civilised life and made him toally dependant on his Sahukar who in turn exploited the land, cattle, labour and the produce of the Bhil. There is a Gujarati proverb prevalent in this area for exploiting and extorting things from Bhils. Occupancy rights in the fields were either mortgaged or sold in lieu of small or big amounts of debts made out by a strange system of usury, and the Bhil who was once an owner and a tiller of his own fields had to become a tenant at will to be evicted at the sweet will of the new landlord. In Talukdari and Inamdari villages the poor ignorant Bhil, even though his ancestors might have been the first to settle down in the village after clearing the wild forest area, has been denied the rights of permanent tenancy, and has to pay heavy rents lest he be evicted from his dear land

Need For A Change

The present economic condition of the Bhils is totally depressing. He is in debt; his lands have passed into the hands of non-agriculturists who exact severe rents from him; for agricultural operations his resources are poor and scanty; nature is against him; as either there is a danger of drought or insects or frost; if there is any crop he has to pay the land revenue or rents and the rest goes to the money-lenders or to the co-operative society for his debts It is a really terrible thing to see the Bhil, wandering and labouring naked for his daily bread in the hot sun even though the very grain produced by him is hoarded in thousands of maunds in store-houses to be sent off in waggon loads to other places. This economic order requires an urgent change and it is only then that the poor exploited Bhil will enjoy the benefits of his labour.

Poor Education

The condition would not have been so appalling if during the last so many years, attempts had been made to educate and uplift the ignorant Bhil and the existing laws had been put into operation and well administered. The then Government ought to have taken special care for spreading literacy and agricultural knowledge among the Bhils so that they might have understood their interest and improved their economic condition. According to the census of 1921 there are only four male and two female literate persons per thousand among the Bhils, which shows that practically nothing has been done for them. There are certain missions working among the Bhils, but they have not been able to make much headway after 1921 in these two Talukas. The influence of Guru Govind taught civilised methods to the Bhils and some of them even left off liquor and began to put on good clothes. This influence is more visible in the Bhils of Jhalod Taluka who in fact know their interest more than the Bhils of Dohad Taluka. The establishment and progress of the Bhil Seva Mandal founded by Syt. Amritlal Thakkar has been a great boon to the Bhils, as the present awakening among the Bhils and measures taken for their uplift are due to the work of that institution.

Necessary Reforms

Spread of literacy, knowledge of agricultural methods, irrigation facilities, cattle-breeding and prohibition, are no doubt very important things required for the uplift of the Bhils: but the burning question of the day is bread, debt and land; and all these three things are allied. The old economic order does exist and it would be very difficult to abolish it unless Government is ready to step in its place. Old debts ought to be investigated and equitably scaled down and settled. Lest more lands might pass into the hands of non-agriculturists the lands of the Bhils should be made of new tenure. In no case should oral transfer of land or building be permitted and registration for transfer of land worth even less than Rs. 100 should be made compulsory and only nominal fees

(Continued on Page 13, Col. 5).

FRANKLY SPEAKING

FASCISM AND RUMANIA.

A serious Fascist plot organised by M. Codreanu, the leader of the Rumanian "Iron Guards", has been discovered in time and, due to prompt and drastic steps taken by the Government, Rumania has escaped a Fascist regime. But this is not to say that the country has been completely rescued from the danger. Rumania is more or less under a dictatorship even now. The regime is by no means democratic—indeed the leaders of democracy and its allies have been in the political wilderness ever since the last change which brought the Patriarch Christea in office as Prime Minister. The King himself is Fascist-minded and inclined towards Germany. But his attachment to his Jewish mistress Madame Lupescu is stronger and that is why Fascist coups have not yet succeeded But for how long? The only oulwark against Fascism is a powerful democratic front. That does not seem likely. In the meantime the fate of Rumania hangs by a delicate thread. Madame Lupescu.

AN EASTER TRAGEDY.

Events that have happened in Europe during the last week or so—particularly the Anglo-Italian agreement which embodies the final betrayal of two innocent countries. Abyssinia and Spain—constitute a tragic commentary on the Easter season and on the character of civilisation which Christendom boasts as its own. The tragedy is further heightened by the following message from Vatican City: "Papal blessing has been bestowed on General Franco, who, at the canonisation of the new Spanish Saint Franciscan missionary, Salvatore Dehorta, telegraphed to the Pope expressing gratitude for the canonisation and loyalty to His Holiness. The Pope has replied saying that he was glad to hear vibrating in General Franco's message the traditional faith of Catholic Spain and giving him "with all our heart" apostolic benediction." His Holiness has been pleased to give, "with all our heart" apostolic benediction to a man who is the creature as much of the anti-Catholic Herr Hitler as of Signor Mussolini, and whose lust for destruction and for the blood not only of innocent men but also of helpless women and babies is notorious, indeed it is so intense that it has shocked a whole world including even the Archbishop of Canterbury. Need one say more?

A CONSECRATED LIFE

Few felicitations could have been more deserved than those that are being showered at present upon Prof. D. K. Karve on the auspicious occasion of his 81st birthday. Prof. Karve's has been a consecrated life and the services which he has rendered to the cause of women's education and to social reform in general during the last half century will forever enshrine his name in the history of modern India. As Mr. Kher observed at the congratulatory meeting held in this city on Monday, the life-sketch of Prof. Karve itself reads like a social history of the period, and it may further be added that much of the credit for rousing the dormant social conscience at the end of the last century and for initiating the new era goes to Prof. Karve himself. To the present generation Prof. Karve is known mainly as a pioneer of girls' education, and as the founder of the first and only independent university for Indian women. But the motivating force behind this was not so much educational as social. It was the plight of Indian womanhood and especially of the millions of down-trodden widows which served as the motivating force of Prof. Karve's mission. There can be no uplift without education, and thus Prof. Karve's life-work is doubly crowned. He has on the one hand opened the avenues of education which were long denied to Indian women, at the same time raising their status and dignity. The tributes that are being paid to Prof. Karve by high and low and from far and near are but a befitting expression of the debt the nation owes to such a noble life.

STUDENTS' LITERACY SCHEME.

The Bombay Presidency Students' Federation scheme to do literacy work in the villages in the holidays is a laudable one, and we trust it will be a success. in their efforts at teaching the students will also learn much about real village life, if they approach their task in a spirit of humility. It is good to know that already about two hundred students have joined the scheme, and when it gets into swing and is sufficiently known, it will, undoubtedly, attract more workers on the spot. As regards the funds for the scheme, we fully endorse the assurance given by Mr. Mavlankar, the Bombay Speaker, in inaugurating the Federation's Literacy Week, that if the students are earnest and determined and demonstrate the efficiency of their scheme, the necessary funds will be forthcoming somehow. He commended to them the great example of Prof. Karve, who started work with very meagre funds, but by his earnestness in a good cause won sympathy and support from even sceptics. Students cannot do better than follow such an inspiring example.

JUDICIARY AND EXECUTIVE.

Dr. Katju, the U. P. Minister for Justice, has just announced a scheme for the separation of the Judiciary from the Executive in the province which appears to be a thoroughly feasible one. The main features of the plan are as follows: Certain Magistrates will be set aside to do work of justice only and they will not be placed under the subordination of the District Magistrate, whose power as regards the administration of justice will be delegated to an additional District Magistrate to be appointed from among the senior Magistrates. Magistrates will have nothing to do with police. The result will be that prosecutions for breaches of the District Magistrates' orders will be tried in courts of Magistrates who will not be under his influence. The work of the Judiciary Magistrates will be reported to the Government by the Sessions Judge, the right person to do it. It is true that the transfers of these Magistrates will be in the hands of Government. But public opinion, the influence of the Judiciary and the responsibility of Government to the legislature will prevent this power from being abused. Dr. Katju claims that the scheme will not require extra expenditure, will not involve duplication and is quite consistent with the present constitution. We trust that in practice the scheme will be found to be all that it is desired to be.

雀雀之雀雀

How To Go The Whole Hog

"But perhaps for the Duke of Windsor, when he visited Calcutta in 1922, no visitor has received such a reception in the second city of the British Empire as Mr. Mahomed Ali Jinnah. . . . . it even surpassed the pomp and pageantry of the precedent of 1922; it was a right royal reception with all the oriental splendour reminiscent of Moghul days."
—Calcutta "Muslim" Daily.

* * *

Lists of prominent Muslim "leaders" who were present at the Muslim League Conference at Calcutta and of those who sent messages of good-will, etc., now fully convinces us that the Muslim League as claimed by Mr. Jinnah has succeeded in substantially purging Muslim leadership of reactionary elements.

It is now a question only of days when the community will be completely rid of them. For, all that is needed is to offer them League membership and they will automatically change into radicals.

Meanwhile our greetings to such important progressives as the Rajas of Pirpur and Mamdot, the Nawab of Chatari, Sir Abdul Halim Ghaznavi, Sir Shafaat Ahmad, Sir Ziauddin, Sir M. Saadullah to say nothing of Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi and his deputy, etc.

* * *

By the way, we must congratulate Mr. Jinnah on the high quality of the resolutions passed by the Muslim League Session.

Constituting as they do, masterly foot notes to his presidential pronouncement they do full justice to Mr. Jinnah.

* * *

One of the resolutions "views with alarm the large number of communal riots which are taking place in the U. P., Bihar, the C. P. Bombay and other provinces".

For "other provinces" please DON'T read Bengal and the Punjab lest it discomfit and irritate the distinguished Draftsman.

* * *

"....resulting" the resolution continues, "in loss of life and property of Muslims."

Evidently Mr. Jinnah and his followers do not view these riots with alarm otherwise than in so far as they affect the life and property of Muslims.

* * *

The resolution, of course, is priceless from beginning to end and breathes the spirit of uncanny knowledge too, for, how else could it detail all that happened to Muslims in Bombay—you, Bombavites may not know it but it is all true since Mr. Jinnah and his followers say so—on the very day that the resolution was being drafted in Calcutta.

Isn't it all wonderful—if also a little too palpably mischievous?

* * *

Another equally priceless resolution: "The meeting calls upon the Muslims of India to take special steps to combat the Congress anti-Muslim activities in the Frontier Province."

No, we shall say nothing. It's too good to be spoiled by annotations.

* * *

Bravo, Mr. Jinnah, bravo.

* * *

The Democratic Swaraj Party Conference too has passed, simultaneously with the Muslim League, a number of delightfully rich resolutions and we are confident that Mr. Jinnah will duly take note of them as glaring examples of the anti-Muslim activities of the Hindu Congress.

* * *

Let us, however, view one or two of them, not with alarm but with amusement.

"The party" says a resolution "is of the opinion that it is the birthright of the youth of India to receive military and semi-military training...."

Which birth-right of "the youth of India" (Printer, please note that the word is "India") is exemplified in Doctor Moonje's Military College for—the youth of India?

By the way, the Democratic Swaraj Party stands for "Nationalism", pure and unadulterated

* * *

The Party, we gather from another resolution, detests "the evils resulting from class war."

No wonder it does. Its President, Comrade Jamnadas M. Mehta is a distinguished vice-President of the All-India Trade Union Congress.

Why Govt. Takes Over Control Of Primary Education

Proceedings In Detail

The motion for the Second Reading of the Bill to amend the Bombay Primary Education Act as submitted by the Select Committee was taken up for discussion by the Bombay Legislative Assembly on Tuesday with Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, the Speaker, in the chair.

Mr. S. Satyamurti, Deputy Leader, Congress Party in the Central Legislative Assembly and Hon. Mr. M. R. Jayakar, Judge of the Federal Court were present in the distinguished Visitors Gallery.

At the outset Mr. R. N. Mandalik said that he had sent a short notice question, which the minister in charge had greed to reply to.

Hon. Mr. Mavlankar, the Speaker said that he would not allow it to be put or replied to as he had not received any notice of the same. He said that time and again he had told the members to inform him of short notice questions.

In reply to Mr. Phadke, the Speaker stated that it did not matter who informed him, the Minister or the member concerned, so long as he got the information.

Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi, Leader of the Opposition stated that it was obviously the duty of the Minister in charge to inform the Speaker.

The Speaker accepted the suggestion but he felt that the member concerned should not be barred from conveying the information to the Speaker, especially in the event of the Minister-in-charge being away at the moment.

MOTION FOR SECOND READING

Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher then moved that the Primary Education Bill as amended by the Select Committee be read for the second time.

Mr. S. L. Karandikar rose to a point of order and said that the Select Committee which was the creation of the House could not have changed the principle of the Bill, which the House itself was not entitled to do during the second reading of the Bill. The Select Committee, he held had amended several clauses which were matters of principle. He then proceeded to read out the clauses in question.

The Speaker held that these clauses concerned matters of detail and hence the Select Committee was entitled to amend them.

Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi supported second reading of the Bill. He referred to the objection raised on the ground that the expansion and progress of education was not what it was desired to be, because of the reason that the local bodies had not managed affairs as competently as it was expected. One could not help remarking that even after the Bill had come out of the Select Committee, the provisions of the Bill went to the root of certain institutions working hitherto under democratic principles and it was for the House to see that those principles were not undermined.

RULE MAKING POWER.

There was another point for which the legislature had been fighting for the last 15 years and that was that the rule-making power should not be entirely in the hands of the executive. Rule-making power was like minor legislative power which had been delegated to the Government and the House should not be deprived of that power. Formerly they had come to a compromise that the copy of the rules should be placed on the Council table. But here there was no chance of seeing them except when they were published in the Gazette.

He thought that the principles of the Bill should be given a trial and that Government should be given a chance to show that they could manage affairs better for the progress of primary and elementary education.

JAMNADAS OPPOSES IT.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta opposed the second reading of the Bill. The reference to the Select Committee had made no changes in the Bill. The fundamental reason why he would oppose the Bill was that it constituted a real impediment in the way of progress of Local Self-Government. This Bill would help to destroy the spirit of local self-government among the villagers. Nothing that the Select Committee had done, showed that the defects found in the working of the Act during the last 15 years could not have been remedied by less drastic action. The effects of the working of the Act were not uniform throughout the Presidency.

The first reason why the Act failed was that Government in the past had no money to spare for education.

Continuing Mr. Mehta stated that he could not refer to the proceedings in the Select Committee, if not, he could have revealed how in the matter of amending the clause regarding the constitution of the School Board, the Government had succumbed to communal considerations.

SPEAKER INTERVENES.

The Speaker intervened and said that Mr. Mehta could not refer to the proceedings in the Select Committee.

Mr. Mehta said that he was only drawing an inference from the published Report which was a public property.

Hon. Mr. Kher, Prime Minister said that it was not open to a member to make reference to what transpired in the Select Committee. The Speaker would have to allow Government to refute the suggestions made. Besides Mr. Mehta could not have better stated what happened in the Select Committee, if his intention was to do so, than what he had already done.

The Speaker held that no reference whatever should to be made to the proceedings in the Select Committee or the behaviour of members. No inference also should be made.

Mr. Mehta said that he did not propose to proceed with that point. He felt that if Government really wanted to improve the system of primary education, they need not have gone and increased the membership of the School Board from 12 to 16 to make place for certain communities.

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala then moved that the Bill be recommitted to the same Select Committee for consideration and report within eight days. He felt that there were certain defective clauses and a misunderstanding seemed to prevail amongst members. This could be cleared in the Select Committee where very friendly relations prevailed.

Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher opposed the motion and said that all the amendments tabled were considered and tackled by the Select Committee. Yet after the Report of the Select Committee was submitted the same number of amendments had been tabled. Once again the same thing would happen. He did not think any useful purpose would be served by once again referring the Bill to the Select Committee.

Mr. Jhabvala's motion was put to vote and lost. A division was claimed and resulted in 20 voting for and 64 against it.

KHER'S REPLY.

The Hon'ble Mr. B. G. Kher, replying to the debate on his motion that the Bill be read a second time, said that he had at length dealt with the reasons that prompted him to bring forward this Bill, at the time of the first reading of the Bill. He pointed out how after more careful consideration and anxious thought he had introduced the measure for the responsibility for the education of the people, which must rest with the State had been passed over to the slender and weak shoulders of the local bodies.

SOME OBJECTIONS.

The objection to the Bill was based on two points as mentioned in the House. The first was that the Bill went against Democracy. He would say that the education of the future generation was the responsibility of the State and this principle was clearly recognised in the Preamble of the Bill.

The charge that the powers hitherto vested in the local bodies were taken away, was unfounded. The Premier stated that in the first reading of the Bill, he gave an exhaustive list of all the powers which would remain undisturbed with the Local Bodies. He had pointed out categorically at that time that only in one important respect the power was taken away. For even the Chandavarkar Committee had laid down that power must be concentrated in the hands of the School Board administrative officer and laid emphasis on the need for efficiency of administrative officer. When the appointment was left in the hands of an elective body, there was always likely that an undue amount of influence would be brought in the matter of that appointment regardless of the qualifications.

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS.

And all the time the cause of education had suffered. Several unqualified men were appointed as administrative officers. In view of this, the general charge that attempts were being made to take away all powers from the local bodies and bureaucratise the system, was not justified by facts.

The second charge was that there were too many rule-making powers. This question was raised in Poona on the last occasion and that it was pointed out that the General Clause Act provided that the rules should be published and suggestions invited during a period of three months.

The Hon'ble Mr. Kher stated that because of democracy they were in that House and to say that the members of the House and Government did not represent the people was not correct.

There was much truth that in some bigger municipalities, education was managed better and that was why a new provision was made in the Select Committee to delegate power to such Borough municipalities.

He found that there was general agreement on the constitution of the School Board. They had not yet come to that happy stage when in the Provincial School Board they would have only such men who were really qualified and who had the interests of education at heart. But now they had to face the realities of the situation and had to make provision for communal representatives.

It was true that expansion of education required more money, that if they wanted to have a school in every village they would have to spend two or three crores of rupees. But Government must also see that the money they were spending now was not wasted, before they were called upon to spend more money and expand their activity in this direction. This was not a matter of punishing the districts but was one of shouldering responsibility the matter of education by Government.

MOTION FOR SECOND READING CARRIED.

The motion for the second reading of the Bill was put to vote and was carried 73 voting for and 17 voting against on a division.

The House then discussed the Bill clause by clause.

Mr Jamnadas Mehta moved an amendment to the first clause of the Bill to the effect that Government may exclude a municipality or a local Board from the operation of the Act. Mr. Mehta's contention was that the original Act had not failed in the whole of the province and there were certain places ti worked well. Why should they not be allowed to continue.

Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher was surprised at the amendment. He did not know if Mr. Mehta realised what he was seeking to do. If the amendment was passed it would mean that Government could exclude some Municipalities and Local bodies from the operation of the Act and they would not be subject to any Act.

Mr Mehta explaining his intention said that his only object was to exempt some of them from the operation of the provisions of the Bill.

Hon. Mr. Kher said that the amendment meant nothing else but exclusion of some bodies from the operation of the Act iself.

PLEA FOR WITHDRAWAL.

Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi suggested that Mr. Mehta should withdraw the amendment at this stage but move a similar amendment to clause 27 which dealt with Government giving exemption to local bodies.

Hon. Mr. Kher wanted to make it clear that he did not enter into any agreement and the members should not be under the impression that Government was prepared to accept the amendment at a later stage.

Mr. Mehta wanted to withdraw the amendment but the House refused to give permission and the amendment was put to vote and lost.

Mr. S. L. Karandiker moved an amendment to the effect that the Act instead of becoming permanent should be in operation only upto 31st March 1941. He considered that the present measure before the House was an experimental one and the House could not agree to giving the powers to Government permanently.

Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher considered the whole question to be one of principle. It was wrong to say that the measure was one brought to meet an emergency. What was sought to be incorporated was that the Minister responsible to the majority of the House and therefore to the people of the province should be responsible for the primary education in the province.

Sir Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlavi thought that the amendment of the member was reasonable and should be accepted by the Premier.

Mr. S. L Karandikar felt sorry that the Prime Minister did not accept the amendment. The member would not accept the differentiation between the importance of education and the importance of other activities of the local bodies.

The Premier said that after mature deliberation he had decided to oppose the amendment. It was not a question of limiting the life of the Bill for three or five years as suggested. The powers of appointing the administrative officers were taken away and if this restriction would be imposed great difficulty would follow. What were they going to tell the administrative officers as to what would happen to them after three or five years. Could they expect any officer in these circumstances to carry on his work efficiently?

The amendment was lost.

Clause One was put and declared carried

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala moved an amendment so as to include in the clause the words "to organise", the effect of the amendment being that Government would obtain full control over the organising of the education.

The mover said that he wanted to strengthen the hands of Government.

The Prime Minister opposed the amendment on the ground that it was not the intention of Government to assume full control over educational institutions under local bodies. The amendment was lost.

Mr. J. G. More moved an amendment so as to mention definitely that Government should "provide for" expansion of Primary Education

The Prime Minister opposed the amendment on the ground that specific mention in the Bill would absolve local bodies from any liability whatsoever in meeting the part of the charge for education, which they were meeting now.

The amendment was lost.

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala moved an amendment to the effect that the policy of the Government should be to reach the goal of universal, free and compulsory education within a period of three years, instead of "by a definite programme of progressive expansion" as provided in the Bill.

Mr J. G. More wanted the goal to be reached within the next five years while Mr. S. L. Karandiker wanted it to be reached within ten years.

Mr. D. N. Wandrekar opposed all the amendments.

Discussion on the amendment had not concluded when the House rose for the day.

United Front Against Europeans

Capetown Conference Decides To Resist Degradation Of Non-European People

CAPETOWN, April 18.

A conference attended by 45 organisations stated to contain 30,000 natives, coloured people and Indians passed a resolution that "Realising that the general conditions of non-European peoples can only be improved by the abolition of political inequalities embodied in the South Africa Act this Conference resolves to initiate a non-European united front movement for co-operation between the native, Indian and coloured races in the struggle against the colour bar in South Africa."

The conference then declared its will to resist further attempts to degrade non-European peoples by segregation, deportation or any other legislation designed to legalise the fiction of race or colour inferiority.

Mr. Nana, Secretary of the Transvaal Indian Congress, wired "Regret inability to participate in the Conference owing to absence of mandate from the South African Indian Congress but wish the Conference success."—Reuter.

Mr. Asmalji Hasan Bhavat having withdrawn his candidature. Mr. Ahmed Dawji Patel and Mr. Hasan Asmal Daji will be elected unopposed to Surat District Board.

EGYPT CONSULTED IN ANGLO-ITALIAN AGREEMENT

CAIRO, April 18.

Separate Italo-Egyptian good-neighbour negotiations will be held, stated Premier Mahomood Pasha in the Chamber replying to Wafdist interpellation alleging that Anglo-Italian Agreement took place without the active participation of Egypt.

Mahmood Pasha emphasised that Egypt was consulted and her rights fully respected.

He thanked the Italian Government for the goodwill and the British Ambassador for his friendship of genuine co-operation.—Reuter.

MOVE TO STERILISE FOREIGN GOLD COMING TO AMERICA

WASHINGTON, April 19.

Mr. Morgenthau announced that the Treasury was considering partial sterilisation of any future floods of foreign gold to America

The new policy may take the form of accumulating foreign gold in the General Fund or Stabilisation Fund. He added that last Thursday's de-sterilisation of some 1,182 million dollars emptied the treasuries of old "inactive gold account" which was being abolished.—Reuter.

APPEAL AGAINST SPECIAL TRIBUNAL

WASHINGTON, April 19.

Eighteen power companies have appealed to the Supreme Court against the Special Tribunal's decision upholding the constitutionality of the Tennessee Valley authority.—Reuter.

Aga Khan Hockey

Bhagwant Club Wins Tournament

The Bhagwant Club from Tikamgarh State, the dark horse in the race for hockey 'Blue Riband' of India, won the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament on Tuesday, beating Kirkee United by three clear goals in the replay of the final game.

Some of the glamour of a great victory was, however, dimmed by the adoption of unfortunate tactics by the winners on occasions. One penalty bully and three warnings from the Umpire were the result of such play. The irony of the situation was that the winners had no need for such hockey as on Tuesday, when they outclassed Kirkee and were superior in all departments of the game, and deservedly won the coveted trophy.

One goal was scored before half-time and two more followed after the interval. The scorers were Munir Khan—2; and Kishan Lal—1.

THE GAME.

Kirkee launched the attack but the Club transferred play to the other side. M. Khan was brilliant, and found the net in the third minute. B. Nimal held up the movement with the Club pressing. Corner to Club. M. Khan stuck in the ring and gave Kirkee a breathe. The Club returned and the Kirkee goalee had some anxious moments. A kick by Nobi Shah gave Kirkee a free hit a penalty corner to Kirkee. A strong shot was held up for stocks Club broke away and but for Francis' clearance at a critical moment the Club would have been one up. The Club was now playing a superior game. Kirkee ran down twice. Sticks by Nabi Shah in the ring gave Kirkee a penalty corner which was not converted.

Another foul by Nabi Shah gave Kirkee yet another penalty corner. This further advantage bore no fruit. After this the Club again assumed the offensive, and two corners came their way.

When Kirkee transferred play, a Bhagwant Club player was held up for foul. The Umpire awarded a penalty bully. B. Nimal, who took the bully beat A. Moses, but the Umpire held the ball had been touched with the back of the stick. The Club broke away in the next minute and Kishan Lal scored with a pretty shot, and gave the Club the lead.

Both the sides then attacked in turn. Kishan Lal ran down the right and sent it across Munir Khan, met the ball and pushed it past Shinde, (2-0).

J. M. Phillips was next seen working through for Kirkee and got just outside the opposite 'D', when Nabi Shah, rushing in, saved the situation. Shinde for Kirkee and Nanney Lal for the other team brought off good saves for their teams. Almost immediately after Kirkee were unfortunate not to reduce the lead, a shot from Tyrell just going wide. The Club broke away and Munir Khan with only Shinde to beat, put the ball on to the latter's pads. The rebound was met by Zutshi, who roiled the ball into the goal but he was offside Kirkee were fighting desperately now, a very dangerous raid being frustrated by Moses.

Kirkee's goal escaped danger by Francis robbing the ball from Abdul Hakim.

Once again just as Tyrrell was to score.

Durga Prashad fouled, and the Umpire had to warn him.

In the closing minutes Munir Khan, broke through in his usual clever style and put the decision beyond doubt, by beating Shinde for third time.

THE RESULT.

BHAGWANT CLUB	3 goals
KIRKEE UNITED	Nil.

TEAMS.

KIRKEE UNITED:—Shinde, J. Phillips and S. Phillips; Gaikwad, B. Nimal and DeSouza; Dhadge, K. Nimal, Tyrrell, J. M. Phillips and J. Nimal.

BHAGWANT CLUB:—Nanney Lal; Moses and Nabi Shah; Rahmat Ali, Durga Prashad and Rozario; Kishan Lal, Abdul Hakim, Zutshi, Munir Khan and Phekan Lal.

Japanese Plan To Regain Lost Ground

FIGHT FOR RAISING SIEGE OF YIHHSIEN

Chinese Offer Stubborn Resistance: High Command Rushes Reinforcements

HANKOW: April 19.

A JAPANESE GENERAL OFFENSIVE, SOUTH-EAST OF SHANTUNG, IS NOW IN FULL SWING, WITH THE JAPANESE EMPLOYING EVERY AVAILABLE MAN, GUN AND 'PLANE. TO EASE CRITICAL SITUATION.

The Japanese are striking at Lingyi, where the situation is admitted to be critical, in the hope of turning south-west and lifting the siege of Yih-Hsien, whereafter they will be driving south of Hsuchow.

Intense Attack

THE JAPANESE FORCES STARTED THE OFFENSIVE UNDER COVER OF SEVERE ARTILLERY BOMBARDMENT, HURLING TONS OF METAL ON CHINESE POSITIONS, FOLLOWED BY MASS INFANTRY ATTACK.

Stubborn Chinese Resistance

Chinese Forces are offering stubborn resistance contesting every inch of Japanese advance. The Chinese Command is rushing reinforcements to support the Chinese Line in Lingyi Sector.—Reuter.

ATTEMPT ON LIFE OF PROMINENT CHINESE

Explosives, Timed To Go Off In 'Plane, Explode In Post Office

HONGKONG, April 19.

For a second time in the weekend a bomb concealed in a mail bag exploded in the General Post Office.

It is believed that explosives were timed to go off in an aeroplane which was scheduled to take Mr. Soong and other prominent Chinese to Hankow. Their lives were probably saved by the delayed departure of the plane.—Reuter.

TOKIO PERTURBED BY ROME PACT

TOKIO, April 18.

Japan is critical of the Anglo-Italian agreement.

Influential Japanese circles appear to take the view that Italy in some measure has transgressed the implications of the Anti-Comintern Pact but the main interest here centres on the question whether the agreement presages a stiffer British policy in the Far East.

The "Yomiuishimbun" quotes a Foreign Office spokesman saying that the indirect effects of the agreement are a matter of serious concern to Japan.

"Britain's Far-Eastern policy is likely to have a sensible effect on Soviet Russia's policies and in this connection the new development is being watched with considerable attention."

CODREANU GETS 6 MONTHS

First Step In Trial Of Arrested Iron Guards

BUCHAREST: April 19.

M. Codreanu was brought here in the morning under an armed guard and charged before the Military Tribunal with slandering Prof. Iorga, ex-Prime Minister.

M. Codreanu, who is a lawyer, spoke in his own defence and said he did not attack Prof. Iorga as a member of the Government, but as a journalist, who often attacked him in his paper.

The trial is considered only as a preliminary to the big trial of all the arrested Iron Guard leaders.

LATER.

M. Codreanu, who was charged before a Military Tribunal with slandering Prof. Iorga, ex-Prime Minister, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment.—Reuter.

2,000 Chinese Corpses Left On Battlefield

LONDON, April 18.

It is reported from Japanese sources that a Japanese force on Saturday, after a fierce seven-hour battle in the mountains of South Shansi, dispersed a mixed Chinese force of 10,000 including Communist troops.

Two thousand Chinese dead were left on the battlefield.—Reuter.

INDIAN SEAMAN ON MURDER CHARGE

LONDON, April 19.

Jan Mahomed, the Indian Seaman was committed to trial on a charge of murder, the prosecution alleging that the crime was premeditated and one of revenge.

Jan Mahomed pleaded "not guilty" and reserved his defence.—Reuter's Special.

A London cable dated April 12 stated:

An Indian seaman aboard the "Kablinga", which was docked at Liverpool to-day, was remanded on a charge of murdering another seaman Animul Huq, of the same ship. Mohamed, when arrested, said that he had defended himself against an assault by Huq and that he did not intend to murder Huq.

MEXICAN OIL

MEXICO CITY, April 19.

It is learned on reliable authority that the financier, Mr. Rickett left Mexico last week, having virtually concluded a contract for the purchase of 15 million barrels of petroleum to be delivered within six months, at current market prices.

It is stated that the purchasers are British, though the precise interests are not disclosed.—Reuter.

Famous Composer Dead

LONDON, April 19.

The death has occurred of Sir Richard Terry, the famous composer and organist.—Reuter.

(Sir Richard Terry was one of the best-known authorities on Catholic Church music, having published a number of standard works on this subject. He is also credited with many outstanding musical compositions and contributions to Hymnals (English, American, French and German). As a Professor of Music he was successively connected with the Universities of Birmingham, Leeds and Oxford.)

MEHERALLY FOR EUROPE

Will Attend World Youth Conference

BOMBAY, April 19.

It is understood that Mr. Yusuf Meherally, Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party is proceeding to Europe on April 28 for reasons of health. He will take advantage of his visit to the Continent and England to meet Socialist and Trade Union leaders in various countries in Europe and study conditions in those countries.

Mr. Meherally has been invited to attend a number of conferences including the International World Youth Conference.—A. P.

FRENCH COLONIAL POLICY

(Continued from page 6.)

peaceful civilian population in the French colonies in India? Does the colonial administration contemplate suppressing any legal movement of the working class in the capitalist imperialist interests?

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s.s. "ALAVI"	3566
s.s. "ISLAMI"	5879
s.s. "JEHANGIR"	3566
s.s. "KHOSROU"	4043
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W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager

Sarda Act Will Lead To Increase Fertility And Survival

Better Distribution Of Wealth Alone Cannot Lead To Improvement In Standard Of Life Says Prof. Radhakamal Mukerjee

Professor Radhakamal Mukerjee in his presidential address to the Sociology Section at the Indian Population and Family Hygiene Conference discussed the relations between population and social progress in India, stressing that the population problem was not a mere economic one.

The sheer increase in numbers frustrates in a large measure the effects of land legislation and adjustment, and delays or renders to some extent nugatory schemes of education, sanitation and rural reconstruction.

To suggest that a better distribution of wealth will lead to an uplift of the standard of living and lower the birth rate is to put the cart before the horse. For the vicious circle of multiplication, under-employment, poverty can be effectively broken only by family planning.

Discussing the effects of the Sarda Act on population, Prof. Mukerjee remarked that the improvement of the age of marriage from 10—13 to 15—20 will increase rather than lower fertility and survival.

A distressing feature of recent population trend, he remarked, was the gradual diminution of the proportion of both upper middle aged and old age-class of the population. The decrease in proportion of the former group, which everywhere shows the lowest mortality, and best leadership does not augur well for social progress in the immediate future.

In conclusion he pleaded for demographic investigations in particular agricultural regions or oecological areas. In regions of heavy population pressure in India birth rates and sex proportion will be found to vary remarkably with crop, diet and economic struggle.

Ancestor worship, polygamy and the religious obligation to bear male issue, he observed, have now become institutional misfits. Precariousness of agriculture, poverty, mal-nutrition and fatalism have all conspired to diminish thrift and prudence. The change from cultivating proprietorship to tenantry, and from tenantry to the proletariat, and the concentration of land in the hands of non-cultivating owners also tend to sap the desire for a high standard of living.

VICIOUS CIRCLE.

There is a vicious circle here as well. It is the excessive multiplication of small farmers, tenants and labourers, which contributes to strengthen the class of rent-receivers and intermediaries; while the increase of agricultural labourers in particular lower both agricultural wages and efficiency and excludes every kind of labour-saving device.

WRONG PERSPECTIVE.

Some economists, he observed, have recently stressed that the Indian population problem is mainly one of distribution of wealth. This is an entirely wrong perspective, since the multiplication of agricultural population, insecurity of tenure, uneconomic rents and low standards of living and farming are found to co-exist in heavily populated agricultural countries. To depend upon a better distribution of wealth for an uplift of the standard of living of the masses in India or for population restriction is putting the cart before the horse.

Professor Mukerjee then observed that an accelerated population increase was expected in the coming decade due to the heavy piling up of both the young and adolescent groups in the last census, the increase of the proportion of married women, diminution of that of widows and rise in the average expectation of female lives.

Revenue Minister At Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, April 19.

It is learnt that Mr. Morarji Desai, Revenue Minister, Bombay, will arrive on April 24 to hold a consultation with the District Congress workers regarding problems of peasants in the District and also to open an Exhibition organised by the students of the local Boarding School.—A. P

"Nishpuruha" & C. P. Congress Committee

WARDHAGANJ, April 18

The Central Provinces Congress Committee met yesterday at Sonegaon. It condemned the Nagpur bi-weekly, "Nishpuruha," for publishing an article against the Congress Working Committee and the Congress leaders.

It was decided that its recognition as Congress mouthpiece should be withdrawn.—United Press.

LADY COWASJI JEHANGIR'S "AT HOME"

Lady Cowasji Jehangir was "At Home" at Readymoney House Nepean Sea Road, on Tuesday to meet the delegates of the second All-India Population and the first family Hygiene Conference. A large number of prominent citizens were present at the party.

CLOVE BOYCOTT SEQUEL

Congress Volunteers Arrested And Bailed Out

Seven Congress volunteers who were picketing godowns where clove bags were stored in Middle Jetty Victoria Docks, were arrested at 11-30 a. m. on Tuesday by the Yellow Gate Police, on a charge of causing obstruction. They were subsequently bailed out and they will be placed before a bench of honorary magistrates to-day.

The arrests were made, it appears, on a complaint by a muccadam, who alleged that he was prevented from having his bags weighed, when he went to a merchant at Carnac Bunder to take delivery of his clove bags. The volunteers were marched to the Police station but the bags are still lying in the godowns, as the muccadum ultimately did not take delivery of them.

Picketing of cloves by other Congress volunteers went on as usual.

RELEASE OF 40 BIHAR POLITICALS

Parliamentary Secretary's Statement In Assembly

PATNA, April 19.

Forty political prisoners were released in Bihar so far under orders of the Congress Ministry and Anjani Kumar Singh convicted in the Patna High Court Bomb Case, was the only political still in custody and the question of his release was under consideration, stated Mr. Krishna Ballabh Sahay, Parliamentary Secretary, replying to a question of Mr. H. B Chandra, in the Bihar Assembly to-day.

A statement was laid on the table showing the names of prisoners, cases in which they were concerned and the date of their release.—A. P.

U. P. Police Force And Municipalities

ALLAHABAD, April 19.

It is understood that a move is afoot to bring a section of the U. P. Police Force under the control of the Municipal Boards with a view to utilising the same for certain civic purposes directly under the management of the Boards.—United Press.

Reported Missing

The Secretary of the Muslim Relief Committee writes:

The following persons are reported to be missing:—
(1) Joosab Noormohamed
(Residing at Banyan Street)
(2) Ramon Izad
(Residing at Jacob Circle)
(3) Samuel Solomon
(Residing at Jacob Circle)
(4) Noormohamed Muzaffarali
(Child aged 3 years)
Pakmodia Street

Those knowing the whereabouts of the above are requested to inform the Muslim Relief Committee New Kazi Street, Ismail Curtay Road.

Or Telephone No. 26355.

WARDHA AGRICULTURIST CONFERENCE.

WARDHAGANJ: April 19.

The Wardha Taluka Agriculturist Conference was held at Sonegaon village with Mr. Salwe, Advocate of Nagpur, presiding.

The Nagpur Youth Conference was held under the presidency of Dr. Kashikar, the Berar Provincial Congress Committee's Secretary.—United Press.

SCINDIA SUGAR COMPANY

The prospectus of the Scindia Sugar Company makes its appearance promptly after the assurance conveyed to the Indian sugar industry in the renewal of Tariff protection for a year, pending the publication of the Tariff Board Report and the recommendations of Government thereon. The new company proposes to start a sugar factory at Dabra in Gwalior. The licence secured by the Company assures immunity from local competition for 15 years and also the first refusal of any licence to start a new factory. This must be considered an exceptional advantage for the troubles of sugar manufactures in the past two years caused by low prices have been largely due to over-hasty development and excessive competition.

Bawa Ladha Singh Bedi.

The location within the Gwalior State offers not only a fairly large market, it affords important advantages against sugar imported into the State. Additional protection will be provided by the increase in the State duty according to the terms of the licence. There is a regular local supply of 'cane available from the district irrigated by the Hirsa Dam and the Company will also seek to develop its own plantations as some leading sugar companies in India have done with success.

The prospectus conveys the impression that the new company's prospects can scarcely be improved upon and from the computation of profits, it is reasonable to infer that the return to the shareholders will be handsome indeed. There have been few sugar company issues that held out so much promise and those who examine the prospectus must be certainly impressed by the outstanding merits from the investor's point of view. The floatation is fathered by experienced businessmen whose standing is high.

Applications for shares will be accepted at all branches of the Central Bank of India from to-day.

WESTERN INDIA MATCH COMPANY

India To Secure 32 Lakhs Holding

Some years ago the Western India Match Company Limited entered into a formal undertaking with the Government of India that the Company should, at the earliest favourable opportunity, arrange that half its issued share capital should be offered to the public in India for subscription. This week sees the undertaking being put into effect. Within a few days time, 31,893 of the Company's shares, representing a capital investment of nearly 32 lacs of rupees, will be in the hands of the Indian public, and thus a large slice of the profits of one of India's most promising industries will henceforth go into Indian pockets.

The Board of Directors consists of Sir Phiroze Sethna, Kt., O.B.E., (Chairman), Rajah Sir Annamalai Chettiar, Rajah of Chettinad, Rai Sir Onkar Mull Jatia Bahadur, Kt., C.B.E., Dr. Sir J. P. Srivastava, Kt., D. Litt., D.S.C., A.M.S.T., Rai Bahadur Sardar Narain Singh, Mr. Thomas George Mackenzie, Sir Chunilal Vujbhucandas Mehta, Kt., K.C.S.I., Sir Hormusji Maneckji Mehta, Kt., the Hon. Sir Rahimtulla Meherally Chinoy, Kt., Mr. Sten Sundgren, Joint Managing Director, and Mr. Bertil Thorstenson, Joint Managing Director.

Starting in 1923 as a private Company with an authorised capital of Rs. 1 lac, it to-day owns and operates four separate factories in various parts of the country, each fitted with the most up-to-date plant and equipment. Approximately 3,700 workmen and staff are employed. Production between 1925—1937 increased by nearly 900 per cent. In 1937 the Company manufactured and sold over 591,000,000 boxes of matches. It is estimated that the Company at present holds about 50 per cent. of the total market.

LINK WITH SWEDISH MATCH.

The parent of the Western India Match Company is, as everybody knows, the local Company's supply of modern machinery and important raw materials is assured.

The arrangement arrived at with the Government bringing a half-share of the profits of such an important and promising concern as the Western India Match Company Limited within the reach of the Indian investor is an opportunity of which the latter will not be slow to take advantage.

NO HARMFUL RUBBING AND BEATING when clothes are washed at home with SUNLIGHT SOAP
Because of its purity, high quality and mildness Sunlight Soap is safe for hands too.
★

Cheap harsh soaps that don't lather freely make it necessary to rub and beat clothes to get out the dirt. It is this rough handling of the wash that makes clothes wear out quickly. Insist on having your clothes washed at home with Sunlight Soap. Sunlight gets out all the dirt without the need for rubbing and beating. Sunlight Soap is made only from pure vegetable oils and contains no harmful ingredients at all. Sunlight washes clothes *dazzlingly* clean; and because its washing action is so thorough and so gentle it's safe for washable coloureds too.

Use Sunlight Soap for the daily wash. Garments that must be washed every day are kept fresh and fragrant when Sunlight is used.
A good soaping, a squeeze through the rich suds, a thorough rinse, and your garments are spotlessly clean. Wash the Sunlight way, every day.

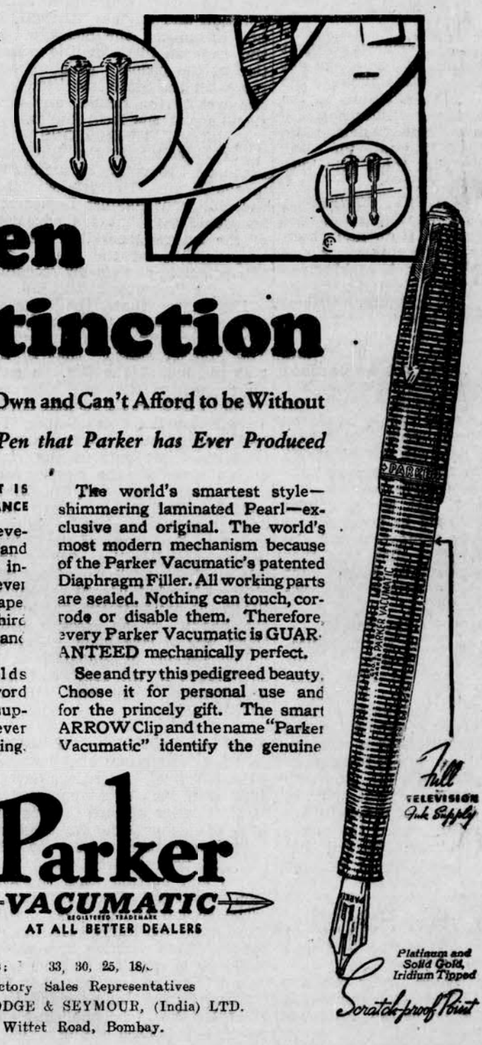
Ask for the NEW convenient carton containing two large divided tablets.

INDIA'S *most popular soap —made in INDIA from pure vegetable oils by INDIAN LABOUR.*

SUNLIGHT SOAP

X-S 1273-288A LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

A Noted Business Man's Pocket
—reveals that where the finest pen is wanted, Parker Vacumatic is the pen preferred.



The Pen of Distinction

That You Can Afford to Own and Can't Afford to be Without

The Latest and Greatest Pen that Parker has Ever Produced

HOLDS 102% MORE INK YET IS SLENDERIZED FOR RESTFUL BALANCE

Now comes the supreme achievement in Parker's new Major and Maxima Vacumatic—the most inspiring and enthralling pen ever created. New slenderized shape, enlarged ink capacity, one-third more gold, scratch-proof point and self-governed ink flow.

This modern marvel holds enough ink to write a 16,000-word book. It shows the entire ink supply—shows when to refill, never runs dry in the midst of writing.

The world's smartest style—shimmering laminated Pearl—exclusive and original. The world's most modern mechanism because of the Parker Vacumatic's patented Diaphragm Filler. All working parts are sealed. Nothing can touch, corrode or disable them. Therefore, every Parker Vacumatic is GUARANTEED mechanically perfect.

See and try this pedigreed beauty. Choose it for personal use and for the princely gift. The smart ARROW Clip and the name "Parker Vacumatic" identify the genuine

Expert Parker service and repair is available at all better pen stores—and at local distributors.

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3, Wittet Road, Bombay.

Tenants Of City Mill Chawls Mobilize

(From A Correspondent).

A meeting of the tenants of the City Mills was held under the presidentship of Dr. Pathak.

Mr. Allaudin said that there was great hardship experienced as regards supply of water, and rent was increasing every day.

Sjt. Kasalchand said that, if the history was written about the hardships of the tenants, even the heart of stone would melt. House-owners dealt harshly with the tenants through the media of Pathans and Munims.

A committee of the tenants was formed.

THE SCINDIA SUGAR MILLS, LIMITED

(Incorporated in Gwalior.) Liability of the Members is Limited.

Further particulars affixed to the Prospectus of the Company.

In compliance with Section 277 (B) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, as amended by Act 22 of 1936, the following particulars are given in addition to the particulars given in the Prospectus:

(1) The instrument constituting the Company is the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association of the Company which have been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Gwalior, where the Company is incorporated and also with the Registrar of Companies, Bengal, pursuant to Section 277 (1) of the Act.

(2) In addition to the documents specified under para. 12 of the Prospectus a copy of the Gwalior Companies Act, Samvat 1963, under which the incorporation of the Company has been effected may also be inspected at the places mentioned in para. 12 of the Prospectus.

(3) The Company was incorporated on the 2nd day of March, 1938, in Gwalior pursuant to the provisions of the Gwalior Companies Act (1) of Samvat 1963.

(4) The chief office of the Company in British India is 68, Stephen House, 4, Dalhousie Square, East, Calcutta.

After the Prospectus was filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Gwalior, and with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Bengal, the Central Bank of India Ltd., have underwritten the entire issue of Rs. 20 Lacs offered for subscription under the Prospectus and the Hon'ble Sir Pheroze C. Sethna, the Chairman of the Central Bank of India Ltd., has consented to join the Board of Directors of the Company.

By order,
C. L. WADHERA.
Secretary

Dated Calcutta 14th April 1938

A Copy of this Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Gwalior, and Registrar, Joint Stock Companies, Bengal.

Application will be made in due course to the Committees of the Calcutta and Bombay Stock Exchanges for permission to deal in and for a quotation for the shares. The subscription list will close as soon as the issue is fully subscribed or at any time at the discretion of the Directors.

PROSPECTUS OF

THE SCINDIA SUGAR MILLS, LIMITED.

LIABILITY OF THE MEMBERS IS LIMITED

(Incorporated under the Gwalior Companies' Act, Samvat 1963.)

AUTHORISED CAPITAL Rs. 30,00,000

Divided into 9,000 seven per cent Cumulative Participating Preference Shares of ... ... Rs. 100 each.
2,00,000 Ordinary Shares of ... ... Rs. 10 „
1,00,000 Deferred Shares of ... ... Re. 1 „

PRESENT ISSUE Rs. 21,00,000

Divided into 6,000 seven per cent Cumulative Participating Preference Shares of ... ... Rs. 100 each.
1,40,000 Ordinary Shares of ... ... Rs. 10 „
1,00,000 Deferred Shares of ... ... Re. 1 „

Of the above shares 1,00,000 Deferred Shares of Re. 1 each amounting to Rs. 1,00,000 are to be issued to Messrs. Ladha Singh Bedi and Sons, Limited, credited as fully paid in consideration of Messrs. Ladha Singh Bedi and Sons having transferred their Agreement with the Gwalior Government for putting up a sugar plant to the Company.

6,000 Cumulative Preference Shares of ... ... Rs. 100 each.
1,40,000 Ordinary Shares of ... ... Rs. 10 each.

are now offered for public subscription payable as follows:—

PREFERENCE SHARES:—
On application ... ... Rs. 50 per share.
On allotment ... ... Rs. 50 „ „

ORDINARY SHARES:—
On application ... ... Rs. 5 per share.
On allotment ... ... Rs. 5 „ „

Applications have already been promised or received from the Directors, Managing Agents and their friends for over 10% of the present issue.

The Articles provide that the Preference Shareholders shall have the right to a Preferential Cumulative Dividend at the rate of *seven* per cent per annum at the first instance before any dividend is declared and shall also have the right to get a further dividend of *five* per cent after the Ordinary Shareholders have received three times the Preferential Cumulative Dividend of the Preference Shares. The Preference Share-holders in winding up have in payment of the capital and arrears of due dividend, whether declared or not, a prior right to the ordinary and deferred shareholders but shall not participate in profits or assets.

The holders of the Ordinary Shares shall have the right to receive three times the Preferential Cumulative Dividend of the Preference Shares. After the Preference Shareholders have received another 5% over and above the Cumulative Dividend 50% of the surplus available for dividend shall be divided among the Ordinary Shareholders and other 50% among the Deferred Shareholders.

The right of voting at General Meeting is one vote for every Ordinary or Deferred Share. (The Preference Shares confer no voting right.)

DIRECTORS

SHRI PRASAD KHAITAN, Esq., M.A., B.L., M.L.A., Attorney-at-Law, Director of Jiyajeerao Cotton Mills, Ltd., Gwalior; Bharat Sugar Mills, Ltd., Calcutta; Ganesh Sugar Mills, Ltd., Calcutta; Kesoram Cotton Mills, Ltd., Calcutta; Birla Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mills, Ltd., Calcutta, etc.; Ex-President of Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry; Merchant of 8, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta.

DES RAJ NARANG, Esq., B.A., LL.B., O.B.E., Chairman of Indian Sugar Mills Association, Director of Nawabganj Sugar Mills, Ltd., Popular Sugar Mills, Ltd., Partner of Narang Brothers and Co., Ltd., Narang & Co., Ltd., c/o Basti Sugar Mills, Ltd., Basti, U. P.

FAIRBUL-MULK LALA RAMJI DAS VAISHYA WAKADAR-I-DAULAT-I-SCINDIA of Messrs. Nandram Naraindas, Bankers of Gwalior and Bombay; Director of Gwalior Cement Co., Ltd., Jiyajeerao Cotton Mills, Ltd.; Gwalior and Northern India Transport Co., Ltd., etc., Sweet Cottage, Lashkar, Gwalior.

SETH BALKISHANLAL PODDAR, Merchant and Banker, 41/1, Tarachand Dutt Street, Calcutta, and Partner of Messrs. Tarachand Ghansamdas, Calcutta, Bombay and Karachi.

LALA HIRALAL, Merchant and Banker, 51A, Lawrence Road, Lahore.

SAWA LADHA SINGH BEDI (*Ex-officio*) of Messrs. Ladha Singh Bedi and Sons Ltd. Director; Universal Protector Insurance Co., Ltd., Director; Eastern Federal Union Insurance Co., Ltd., Partner; Messrs. Ladha Singh Bedi and Sons, Colliery Proprietor and Merchant, 4, Dalhousie Square, East, Calcutta.

SARDAR ANUP SINGH BEDI (*Ex-officio*), Director Messrs. Ladha Singh Bedi and Sons, Ltd.; Partner, Messrs. Ladha Singh Bedi and Sons, Director, Universal Protector Insurance Co., Ltd.; Merchant, 4, Dalhousie Square, East, Calcutta.

BANKERS
THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD., Calcutta.

SOLICITORS
K. K. DUTT & CO., 10, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

MANAGING AGENTS
LADHA SINGH BEDI AND SONS, LTD., 4, Dalhousie Square, East, Calcutta.

REGISTERED OFFICE
DABRA-GWALIOR.

CHIEF OFFICE
68, STEPHEN HOUSE 4, DALHOUSIE SQUARE, EAST, CALCUTTA.

PROSPECTUS

1. Objects of the Company.—The Company has been formed for the purposes set out in the Memorandum of Association and particularly with the object of establishing and carrying on the business of manufacturing sugar and its by-products and the cultivation and development of sugarcane.

Gwalior State probably offers greater scope than at any time before for the development of the natural resources of the State. Development in the Indian States has perhaps been slow to follow the lead given by the Industrialist in India and till comparatively recent years there has been very little development in the Sugar Industry in the Indian States. This late recognition of the possibility involved is not by any means without its advantages. It has enabled the newcomer into the field to avoid pitfalls and to obtain the advantages of experience already gained in this country. Sugar Industry has stood the test of time and Gwalior which imports about 3,80,000 maunds of sugar annually offers great possibility for a well-managed sugar mill. At present the State levies Re. 1 per maund as the import duty but when we put up the factory the import will be raised to Rs. 2 per maund. Most of the sugar comes from U. P. The freight is about As. 14-6 per maund. It is presumed that Scindia Sugar Mill like the Indian Sugar Mills will be able to make a profit of at least As. 8 per maund; this plus the advantages of freight As. 14-6 and import duty Re. 1 will enable the Company to get at least Rs. 2-8 profit per maund on the sugar produced. The rate of the sugarcane will be about As. 5-3 per maund or as prevailing in U. P. and Behar. The factory site will be close to Dabra Station on G. I. P. Railway, which is near the sugarcane growing area irrigated by the Harsi Dam Project. The Company has got 100 bighas of land from the State for the factory site at a nominal rent of Re. 1 per bigha per annum and the sugarcane growing area, 30,000 bighas, can very easily provide sufficient sugarcane.

2. Agreement with the Gwalior Government.—The Gwalior Government has entered into agreement with Messrs. Ladha Singh Bedi and Sons in which very important concessions have been given by the Gwalior Government to the Licensee. The first one is that for a period of 15 years no other sugar mill will be allowed to be put up in the State, and that whenever the necessity for another sugar mill is felt the first choice will be given to the Licensee, secondly, that for the first three working years full remission of the excise duty will be given to the Company and, thirdly, that an import duty of Rs. 2 per maund has been fixed for sugar imported into the Gwalior State, so that the Company's interests may be protected.

Messrs. Ladha Singh Bedi and Sons will transfer their agreement to the Company as aforementioned in consideration of Rs. 1,00,000 worth of Deferred Shares to be issued to Messrs Ladha Singh Bedi and Sons, Ltd., credited as fully paid up.

3. Factory.—It is intended to erect a sugar factory of the latest design operating the double sulphitation process of clarification and having a crushing capacity of 750 tons of cane per day and land adjacent to the factory will be reserved for any extension should it appear desirable at any future time. For the above reason under the abovementioned agreement, the Gwalior Government has granted 100 bighas of land close to Dabra Railway Station on G. I. P. main line, where the factory and other buildings will be located.

4. Cane Prospects.—The area in which sugarcane is grown is within 18 miles radius and will be sufficient to meet the demand of the factory. It has also definitely been decided that within a very short period own plantations of sugarcane ensuring the complete supply of cane to the factory will be acquired, which, under expert and scientific cultivation, will enable the yield to reach up to double that of the present agriculturists. Under the above conditions, it is anticipated that the cost of cane then will not exceed As. 2 per maund.

5. Estimated Capital Cost.—It is estimated that the present investment in machinery, plant, buildings, etc., will be approximately Rs. 15,00,000, leaving sufficient amount available for working capital.

6. Estimated Profit.—Taking into consideration that similar prices for cane are prevalent as those in the U. P., i.e., As. 5-3 per maund and basing selling prices for sugar upon current prices at Cawnpore and Gwalior in accordance to the conservative estimate the Company may expect to earn a profit of Rs. 5,00,000 per annum after providing for all working expenses (including the commission payable to the Managing Agents) and for depreciation. If this figure is earned, then after allowing the payment of the 7 per cent dividend on the Preference Shares Capital, the resultant amount should be Rs. 4,58,000, which will satisfy the full demands of the Capital.

7. Preliminary Expenses.—Messrs. Ladha Singh Bedi and Sons are the promoters of the Company and as they have negotiated the preliminary contracts and all matters relating to flotation and registration of the Company, they have incurred expenditure and liabilities. They are paying for other preliminary expenses and incidentals for the formation and registration of the Company and they will be entitled to be reimbursed this expenditure on the date the Company commences business. The preliminary expenses will not exceed Rs. 20,000 (exclusive of stamp duties and brokerage and underwriting commission, if any).

8. Minimum Subscription.—The minimum subscription upon which the Directors will proceed to allotment is ten per cent of the shares offered for subscription.

9. Contracts.—The following agreements will be entered into by the Company:—

(a) An agreement with Messrs. Ladha Singh Bedi and Sons being the agreement for the transfer over of the agreement signed with the Gwalior Government, at a price of Rs. 1,00,000 to be satisfied by an allotment of 1,00,000 Deferred Shares of Re. 1 each credited as fully paid to Messrs. Ladha Singh Bedi and Sons, Ltd.

(b) An agreement with Messrs. Ladha Singh Bedi and Sons, Ltd., for the appointment of Messrs. Ladha Singh Bedi and Sons, Ltd., as Managing Agents, the terms of which are referred to in this Prospectus under the heading Managing Agency.

(c) An agreement with Messrs. Ladha Singh Bedi and Sons being an agreement for the reimbursement of all sums paid and an indemnity against liabilities incurred, including the preliminary expenses.

10. Directors' Qualification and Remuneration.—Under the Articles of Association the qualification for every Director other than an *ex-officio* Director shall be the holding in his own name or jointly with any other person, whether beneficiary or as a trustee of 1,000 Ordinary or Deferred Shares in the Company and until otherwise determined by the Company in General Meeting the remuneration of each Director for his services as such shall be Rs. 600 annually. The Articles also provide for the payment of any travelling and other expenses properly incurred in connection with the business of the Company.

The Articles of Association provide that the Managing Agents shall be at liberty to appoint 1/3 of the total Directors as *ex-officio* Directors and to remove from office any person so appointed and upon the removal or retirement of any such person to appoint any other person in his place.

11. Appointment of Managing Agents and their Remuneration.—The Articles of Association provide that the first Managing Agents of the Company shall be Messrs. Ladha Singh Bedi and Sons, Ltd., and their successors and they shall be entitled to hold that office for a period of 20 years. The remuneration of the Managing Agents shall be as follows:—

(a) An office allowance of Rs. 1,000 per mensem for which they will give the services of one person free.

(b) A commission of 10 per cent on the net yearly profits of the Company, after deducting interest on the Debentures or other Loans but before making provisions for depreciation and for income-tax, super-tax or other like impositions and before placing anything to Reserve or other Special Accounts or in case of inadequacy of profits a minimum of Rupees twenty-five thousand annually.

In consideration of the said remuneration the Managing Agents shall provide a suitable office establishment for the Company in Dabra, Gwalior and Calcutta, but shall be entitled to charge and be paid for all actual postages, telegrams, stationery and the like expenses and the Company shall pay the salaries and commission, if any, payable to all persons employed in the Company's business, whether employed in Dabra, Gwalior or Calcutta Offices or elsewhere and shall also bear and pay such portion of the salaries and commission, if any, of any staff employed by the Managing Agents, partly in connection with the business of the Company and partly in connection with other business, as the Directors may from time to time determine.

12. Documents.—Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and of the agreements referred to above can be inspected at any time during the usual business hours at the Registered Office of the Company in Dabra, or at the Office of the Solicitors, Messrs. K. K. Dutt and Co., 10, Hastings Street, Calcutta or at the Chief Office 4, Dalhousie Square, East, Calcutta.

13. Application for Shares.—Applications for shares should be made on the form accompanying this Prospectus and sent to the Central Bank of India, Ltd., Calcutta, or to the Managing Agents together with a remittance of the amount payable on application. In cases where no allotment is made, the deposit will be returned in full, and where the number of shares allotted is less than the number applied for the balance of the deposit will be applied towards the payment of the amount due on allotment.

14. Brokerage.—A brokerage of one per cent in the case of Cumulative Participating Preference Shares and four annas per share in the case of Ordinary Shares will be paid by the Company on acceptances made in respect of applications bearing the stamp of any recognised firms of Brokers, authorised Brokers or Bankers.

Copies of the Prospectus and forms of application for shares may be obtained from the Managing Agents at the Registered Office of the Company, Dabra, Gwalior, or No. 4, Dalhousie Square, East, Calcutta.

By Order,
C. L. WADHERA,
Secretary.

Dated Dabra, Gwalior, the 2nd March, 1938.

THE SCINDIA SUGAR MILLS, LIMITED
DABRA (GWALIOR).

LIABILITY OF THE MEMBERS IS LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the Gwalior Companies' Act, Samvat 1963.)

No.....

Authorised Capital—Rs. 30,00,000 Divided into 9,000 7% Cumulative Participating Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each.
2,00,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10 each.
1,00,000 Deferred Shares of Re. 1 each.

Present Issued Capital—6,000 Cumulative Participating Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each.
1,40,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10 each.
1,00,000 Deferred Shares of Re. 1 each.

To THE DIRECTORS
THE SCINDIA SUGAR MILLS, LIMITED,
Dabra (Gwalior) and 4, Dalhousie Square, East, Calcutta.

Gentlemen,

Having paid to you or to your Bankers, The Central Bank of India Ltd., Calcutta, the sum of Rs.....being a deposit of Rs. 50 per Preference Share / Rs. 5 per Ordinary Share for preference / ordinary shares in the above named Company, I request you to allot me that number of shares and I hereby agree to accept the same or any smaller number of shares that may be allotted to me and to pay the sum of Rs. 50 / Rs. 5 per preference / Ordinary share on allotment in accordance with the terms of the Prospectus.

Signature.....

Name in full.....

Address.....

Description.....

Date.....1938.

N.B.—This form with the remittance must be sent entire to the Company's Office or to Bankers, who will forward the application to the Managing Agents of the Company at 4, Dalhousie Square, East, Calcutta, or Dabra (Gwalior).

KERALITES STAGE MALAYALAM DRAMA

"A pleasant evening with plenty of entertainments" was the unanimous verdict of the large number of Keralites who took part in the 'social' which was held under the auspices of the B.K.S. Library and Free Reading Room at the King George English School, Dadar, on Sunday last. Those who attended the function witnessed some marvellous physical feats and the performance of a Malayalam drama.

Master Ramesh, a boy below ten, entertained the large gathering with instrumental music. Mr. M. G. Menon made his arm and chest muscles dance to the music provided by a gramophone plate.

The chief item of the programme was a social drama, "Pattabakki" (arrears of rent). The story provided vigorous acting and fine sentiments and the house showed its appreciation in no uncertain manner.

The programme opened with introductory remarks by the Secretary of the Keraleeya Samaj and fraternal greetings by Mr. D. H. Nambudiripad, Secretary of the Malayalee Club, Madras.

Dr. K. B. Menon appealed to the Malayalees in Bombay to patronise the Keraleeya Samaj Library and Free Reading Room so as to make it a centre of cultural activities. He outlines a programme for placing the Library on a sound financial basis and announced a Lucky Number Competition will soon be started in order to provide funds for the institution and a Co-operative Consumers Society.

Anjuman-i-Tablighul Islam, Kurla

The Secretary of the Anjuman writes:

The Anjuman was formed with the sole object of imparting primary and religious education to the poor and orphan boys and girls, and with this end in view, a School was established about 10 years ago. The Anjuman School has been recognised and is receiving Government grant-in-aid. The infant, 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th

ADMISSION TO VIDYA MANDIR

(From Our Correspondent)
NAGPUR, (By Mail.)

The number of applications for admission to the Vidya Mandir classes are conducted by two teachers. The present number of students on roll is 60. It is proposed to add shortly a separate class for the Muslim girls, and for this purpose the Anjuman premises will be extended if necessary.

At a general meeting of the Anjuman held on Saturday, new office bearers were elected for the year 1938/39.

Training School at Wardha has exceeded all expectations in spite of the fact that the stipend is only Rs. 7 per month and other conditions are also severe. For the 166 stipends 5,245 candidates have applied including 11 graduates and 252 matriculates. Applications from other provinces numbering 105 have also been received.

The Hon'ble Mr. R. M. Deshmukh, Minister for Public Works Department, Central Provinces and Berar speaking at the Amraoti District Council anniversary during the last week said that as far as he knew he could say without fear of contradiction that Amraoti District Council was the only Council that had made it a point that there should not be a village without a school, in its area that did exceed more than 500 population.

Umbrella Making Class

Mr. K. V. Paturkar, President, Dhantoli Vyapari Mandal, has been selected to undergo training in umbrella making class attached to the Industrial Research Laboratory, Calcutta as a Government scholar. Mr. Paturkar will join the class at Calcutta on May 1.

Leading Lawyer Passes Away

Death has occurred on Thursday last of Rao Bahadur Ramkrishna Raoji Jayavant at Nagpur. He was one of the leading lawyers in Nagpur before he was incapaciated by a severe attack of paralysis some years ago. He was a prominent member of the Liberal Party, a member of the first reformed Legislative Council and was intimately connected with the affairs of Nagpur University.

Propagation Of Urdu

Messrs. Syed Ali Shabbar Hatimi, Syed Asrar Husain and Syed Roshan Ali of Hyderabad, who have offered their honorary services to the Anjuman-e-Taraqqi-e-Urdu for two months from the 17th April will tour the Central Provinces and Berar, in connection with the survey and propagation of Urdu.

SEEN ON THE INDIAN SCREEN

"Chronicle" Film Critic Reviews

NIRMALA

BOMBAY TALKIES FINE FILM AT ROXY

In the maternity ward of a hospital a woman lay motionless. There was suffering writ large on her pale, emaciated face and agony in her eyes. White-washed walls, white bed-clothes, white-robed doctor and nurse. Silence charged with the imminence of tragedy pervaded the room.

The doctor, who was holding consultation with the nurse suddenly shook his head in a menacing, meaningful negative. And the woman on the bed gave a fearful shriek, *"Mera Bachha*—My Child!" She knew that once again there was no hope of her child living.

In that terrifying shriek, '*Mera Bachha,*" was concentrated all the force of a mother's emotions, her desperate longing for an off-spring, the elemental urge for the continuance of the human race, which serves as theme of the Bombay Talkies' production, "Nirmala." It is the most important turning point in the film and transforms it from an average and rather unoriginal story of inconsequential romantic misadventures, as it was upto that moment, into a powerful drama of human emotions which leads up to a surprising and intensely dramatic climax.

Devika Rani has once again confounded the critics and not only survived a "not-so-very-remarkable" story but lent the usual charm and vigour of her personality to "Nirmala," the Bombay Talkies latest production which had its all-India premiere at the Roxy Cinema on Friday evening.

"NIRMALA" SHALL LIVE.

Gay and carefree as a smart college girl, she gives a sparkling performance. As a happily married wife, expecting a child, she is suitably subdued but she excells herself in the latter sequences. She is the spirit of motherhood incarnate — reduced to a bundle of nerves by successive tragedies, desperate to the extent of even falling a prey to the hocus pocus of a Yogi's superstitions which compel her to leave her husband's home and go into the wilderness. Amidst peculiar circumstances, in a beggar woman's hut, a child is born to Nirmala—alive! Forgotten are all the miseries and tribulations she has suffered, forgotten are even the home and husband she has left. The only reality in her life is her child. And when that is stolen, no wonder she goes mad and even after 20 years when she sees a child she imagines it to be her own lost son. As the white-haired old beggar woman, Devika Rani reaches an amazingly high level of histrionic achievement. That fixed, haunted look on her face was alone worth the cost of the whole picture.

"Nirmala," the spirit of motherhood, shall live even as Kasturi, the "Achhut Kanya" lives as the symbol of the suffering of Harijans.

It is a tribute to the technical efficiency and resourcefulness of the Bombay Talkies that they turn even an ordinary story into an excellent film. A too critical analysis of the story may reveal some points with which many people will not find themselves in agreement. One may, for instance, smile at the amazing number of coincidences required to link up the story and the old-fashioned kidnapping scene with gangsters and revolvers or one may violently criticise the recurrence of the superstitious motifs of '*janam patras,*" "*Yogis,*" the 'auspicious' moment of "*Mahurat,*" etc. (Incidentally, isn't it wonderful how they reconcile old-fashioned superstitions with modern ideas of a romantic marriage? The '*janam patras*" of the two lovers are found to agree and the kidnapped bridegroom arrives for his marriage just within the auspicious time fixed by the all-knowing priest. Suppose the "*janam patras*" did not agree or Ramdas came five minutes too late, should the two lovers have married even then? A progressive film should have provided the clear answer). It also makes one wonder why the heroines in Bombay Talkies films should always have to leave their homes during a storm and why there should always be a scene showing the hero singing in the company of his friends. But these are minor weaknesses in a generally enjoyable and creditable production.

ESCAPING FROM REALITY?

There are one or two more serious points which are regrettable in a film produced by such high class producers as the Bombay Talkies. Most of the College scenes, for instance, are unrealistic and one would have liked Director Franz Osten (who is, in other ways, so painstaking and technically efficient) to see an Indian college to make sure (1) How many students generally there are in an M.A. class. (2) How they behave in the presence of professors, (3) How college girls dress, how they talk and walk. The alleged educated girl friends of Nirmala seemed to have walked out of a Ziegfeld chorus! Nirmala ("She is very shy," said her mother!) singing to Loknath, a man she does not like, was no less a paradoxical situation than Maya repeating the potter-girl dance of "Jeevan Prabhat" in a drawing room!

The beggar colony sequence was an example of how Indian productions seek to escape from reality even if they come face to face with it. Here was an opportunity to present the tragic life of the most wretched section of the population and what do we get? The inevitable dance and duet by Mumtaz Ali and partner!

IN BRIEF.

ACTING HONOURS go to Devika Rani, Ashok Kumar (distinct improvement—the scene with the child was a revelation), Mohamed Nazir and Saroj Borkar (she sings well, too). Also to little Gulbadan, who makes a debut as child, Nirmala.

DISCOVERIES of the picture: Meera (she acted and sang marvellously as the beggar girl—after Devika Rani, most natural and memorable performance) and Nazir Bedi (wish he had a better role than the conventional "friend of the hero.")

UNFORTUNATE—that such a fine actor as Kamta Prashad should have been miscast as the Professor.

IMPROVEMENT—in photogrphy. Better even than the usually good standard of Bombay Talkies. Welcome absence of high lights. Scenes with subdued lighting are very good.

BEST SONG of the film—"Jeevan Hai Sangram, Bande." Words, tune, and rendering by Balwant Singh are perfect. It will soon be hummed by everybody. Go out of your way to Roxy to see Devika Rani and hear this song.

DEVIKA RANI in and as "NIRMALA," Bombay Talkies' picture at ROXY TALKIES.

NIRMALA the mother— For the sake of her child she left her home and husband!

Enakshi Ramarao and Ramanand in "Daughter of Himalayas" at the Krishna

Children's Own Picture!

Pictures with children playing important roles have always been popular as can be seen from the success of films featuring Shirley Temple or Freddie Bartholomew But it was left to the imagination and enterprise of an Indian concern, Prabha Pictures of Kolhapur, to produce a film with all-child cast. In "Dhruv," their maiden production, awaiting release, every role is played by artistes under twelve years.

"Dhruv", which is a Marathi talkie, has been directed by Mr. Raja Pandit Anna Saheb Mainker, a well-known Maharashtrian musician, has looked after the musical side of the film. The children in the cast include Balakram (in title role), Shanta Chogle, Indoomati Mistari, Sarayoo Inamdar, etc. These children's names may be unfamiliar to the public at the present but, it is expected, they will be well-known after the release of the film which is being distributed by Messrs. Supreme Film Distributors.

BOMBAY FILM DIARY

It is unfortunate that just when the new film season was brightening up, the peace of the city should have been disturbed by the riots necessitating enforcement of Curfew Order and the consequent change in cinema show timings.

It is notable, however, that despite the uneasy local conditions "Nirmala" is drawing well at the Roxy. And one may expect that on Saturday when "Gopal Krishna" is released, the Prabhat film will have a similar success.

Central: "Kunku", Marathi version of "Unexpected", Prabhat's outstanding "Social". (Last Week) From Saturday, "Gopal Krishna", starring Shanta Apte.

KRISHNA: "Himalaya ki Beti". Featuring Enakshi Rama Rao, Maya Chatterjee. Professor Ramanand, Superb scenes of Kashmir used as background for story. (Third Week).

IMPERIAL: "New Searchlight" starring Sulochana with Billimoria, etc. (Second Week)

LAMINGTON: "Lutaru Lalana" Wadia's thriller, featuring Nadia and Sarita. Also showing Hari-

(Continued in Col. 7).

Film Stars Go On Strike At Film City!

The noise of breaking glass and furniture being hurled about attracted a goodly crowd at Tardeo Road one day last week. Motorists stopped their cars and gazed up at the windows of Film City wondering, what was afoot in that home of Films. If any one could have been inside, he would have found dozens of girls running about and shouting at the top of their voices in the most agitated manner. Hefty actors were rolling up their sleeves in a threatening attitude.

Was there a strike at Film City? Did all the stars unite and refuse to shine? In a way this was so. But the reasons for the agitation and the trouble were not any disaffection against the authorities of Film City, or any attempt at rebellion against an unpopular director. Mr. Mohan Sinha was busy shooting a scene for his "Industrial India" which had to show the staff of a film studio on strike.

The discontented actors and actresses were to be shown as breaking up the office of the studio and this was done rather realistically by breaking up the glass panes of many of the office rooms of Film City. No doubt it was a costly affair.

The story of "Industrial India" revolves round various industries among which film making plays an important part. Cinema fans will have an opportunity of seeing behind the scenes and knowing exactly how the films which entertain them so much are produced. Shobhanadevi Samarth is starred in this picture and opposite her is Prem Adib.

Sulochana, the Imperial star, who appears as a newspaper reporter in "New Searchlight" at Imperial. Her next film for her own studio, Ruby Pictures, will be "Prem Jyoti".

Shanta Apte To Be Seen As Radha In

GOPAL KRISHNA

PRABHAT FILM COMING AT CENTRAL

When Prabhat picturise a theme, they invariably give it a touch of originality that distinguishes the picture from similar efforts of the other producers. Devotional films had had their day and were distinctly out of public favour, when Prabhat made "Tukaram" and scored a national triumph with it.

The boyhood of Krishna is a much-used—and abused—theme. It has inspired poets and artists, and also served as an excuse for cheap pictures, crude dramas and mediocre films.

Prabhat have now completed a film based on the boyhood of Krishna. It is "Gopal Krishna," which means "Krishna, the Protector of Cows" or "the cowboy Krishna," due for release this Saturday at the Central.

Gopal Krishna, the producers hope, will prove to be a successor to "Tukaram." Mr. Vashikar, to whose scenario "Tukaram" owed a considerable part of its success, has also produced the scenario for "Gopal Krishna." Mr. V. Damle and Mr. S. Fatehlal, who directed "Tukaram" have also directed this picture.

The cast of "Gopal Krishna" makes news. In the title role is Ram Marathey, a smart young boy who has already earned a reputation in smaller parts and has been awaiting a starring chance. And, then, of course there is charming Shanta Apte in the role of Radha, the immortal heroine of Indian mythology.

Among Krishna's boyhood friends, there is none who has acquired the amazing popularity with posterity which Pendya has. He was a comic figure, but was unrivalled for his love and devotion for Krishna. For this important, role Prabhat have chosen Parashram, the beggar-boy of "The Unexpected." "Gopal Krishna" should establish Parashram as one of the great boy-actors of the Indian screen.

With this direction, this starring talent, with the music and settings that Prabhat know so well to introduce in a picture, "Gopal Krishna" may be depended upon to maintain the Prabhat tradition of popularity.

"Gopal Krishna," in its Hindi version, will be released at Central Cinema on 23rd April.

A scene from Prabhat's "Gopal Krishna", coming to Central on Saturday.

AN AMATEUR SHOWS THEM!

"Stanley Jepson Productions" Reveal Rich Material For "Shorts" In And Around Bombay

It's a great pity that not many people went to the Jepson-Patel Photographic Exhibition which was held last week by the Cine Amateur League. For, not only were the hundred prints by these two well-known Camera artists worth a visit but an added attraction was provided by the amateur sub-standard films taken by Mr. Stanley Jepson which were screened every evening.

Interesting Miscellany

These amateur productions proved to be delightful screen entertainment. "The Bombay Magazine", a miscellany of interesting incidents shot in and around the city, revealed what a wealth of material for interesting topical news-reels is wasted every week. I wish some of our local producers saw these reels and realized the great possibilities there are for a regular news-reels service. The comings and goings in the harbour, the colourful panorama from Malabar Hill, a visit to lovely Matheran, the "symphony in sail" seen at Apollo Bunder every evening—they have all been recaptured by Mr. Jepson's cine-camera.

"We Are All The Same—Four Legs Or Two", is a delightful film—skit cleverly got together from odd shots of animals and human beings in moments of similar behaviour

"Dances Of India", notable for some of its original camera angles and judicious cutting, is another subject which can be exploited by professional producers for informative "shorts" about India. There is little doubt that they are bound to be popular abroad.

Rope Trick On Screen!

"The Rope Trick", a fantasy cleverly produced revealed Mr. Jepson's lively sense of cinematographic drama and the wonderful effects which he could give with an amateur and, perhaps, thoroughly unrehearsed crowd, would have done credit to any professional film director.

Within the limitations of an amateur, unaided by the vast resources of a regular studio, Mr. Jepson has achieved an admirable technical standard. Besides excellent photography, his productions have a quality rarely found in amateur films—they are judiciously cut and edited. He does not suffer from the average amateur's desire to include every shot he has taken. By eliminating all that is unnecessary, Mr. Jepson gives to his film that movement and rhythm which result from intelligent economization of celluloid.

K. A. A

(Continued from Col. 4).

pura Congress topical. (Fifth Week).

MINERVA: "Meetha Zahar," featuring Sohrab Modi, Naseem, Jagirdar. Popular Melodrama with entertainment value. (Seventh Week).

MAJESTIC: "Soungadi," starring Durga Khote and Mubarak. Excellent performance by stars. May be recommended to Marathi —knowing filmgoers (Third Week)

PLAZA: "Kanhopatra", featuring Leela Good devotional songs (Revival)

OPERA HOUSE: "Jwala," Huns picture, starring Chandramohan (outstanding performance Vinayak. Ratnaprabha, Ashalata. Good. May be recommended. (Third Week).

ROXY: "Nirmala," starring Devika Rani with Ashok Kumar Outstanding performance by Devika Rani. Excelent technique Recommended. (First Week).

WEST END: "300 Days and After," smart comedy drama by Sagar. Good work by Sabita Devi and Motilal. May be recommended. (Sixth Week).

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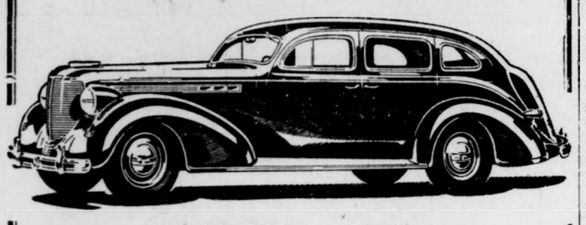

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League Has Done Nothing For Muslim Masses

Bengal Muslim Leader's Appeal To His Co-religionists For Joining Congress In Large Numbers

PABNA, April 17.

The Congress is to fulfil India's hopes and aspirations. The main object of this organisation is to make India free after breaking the chains of her thraldom.

"Every Indian, irrespective of caste and creed, has right to join it and help in the achievement of this ideal. This is not a communal organisation—rather this is the only national institution for bringing about unity among different communities, Hindus, Muslims, Buddhists, Christians, Sikhs and Jains. As Indians, the interest of both Hindus and Muslims is the same."

Thus observed Maulvi Ashrafuddin Chaudhury, Secretary, Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, in the course of his speech while presiding over the Pabna District Political Conference held at Ghatabari on April 17.

Continuing the speaker maintained that the Congress was rapidly proceeding towards freedom through sacrifices and tribulations despite various difficulties, and its policy and programme had created an unprecedented awakening among the masses in India. Whatever small or so-called power the Indians now possess in consequence of the Morley-Minto Reforms, the Montague-Chelmsford scheme and the present Government of India Act, were the results of the Congress movement for a long time."

Proceeding the President traced the growth of the Muslim League and dwelt upon the successive stages it had passed through since its inception in 1906 till it accepted independence as its goal in 1938.

Moulvi Chaudhury pointed out that time had come to review and scrutinise what the League had done during its long 32 years, for safeguarding the interests of the Muslims, for bringing Dominion Status or full independence or for redressing the grievances of the poverty-stricken Muslims and the Krishaks. The League, the speaker maintained, had since its establishment remained a body of the rich and the capitalists and big title-holders like Nawabs and Khan Bahadurs, and no efforts had yet been made for establishing contact with the Muslim masses. The field of activities of the protagonists of the League had not extended beyond the drawing rooms of the Zamindars and the platforms of meetings.

BENGAL MINISTRY

The speaker also observed that full one year had passed, but the present Ministry in Bengal had done not even a jot to carry out what they held before the people on the eve of the election as their programme of work. It was not believable that the Cabinet had no opportunity. Instead of effecting retrenchment in the cost of administration they have utilised the legislature to fill their own pockets by sanctioning for them high salaries, travelling expenses and other kinds of allowances.

The President also denounced the activities of the Hindu Mahasabha as calculated to spread communal enmity among the different classes of people, like the Muslim League, the Hindu Mahasabha, was ever eager to safeguard the communal interest rather than look to the interest of the nation as a whole.

SEPARATE ELECTORATE CONDEMNED

He condemned separate electorate as an obstacle to the progress of the nation.

So far as the service under the Government was concerned the speaker did not think that in the event of the Congress Government being established in Bengal, the Congress would hesitate to give 75 per cent of the posts to Muslims till that community got an equal ratio in Government service. If the question of ratio of service was the bone of contention, and if a solution of this question leaves no other obstacle to join the Congress, he would ask the 'champion' of Muslim interest like Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin and Nawab Habibulla Khan to come forward and join the Congress with Muslim intelligentsia.

STUDENTS' PART

While congratulating the students on the part played by them in all progressive movements in the country, Maulvi Chaudhury deprecated the activities of certain Muslim leaders who to keep their own influence and interest intact raise the cry of Islam in danger and on the plea of Muslim unity and solidarity were trying to create a split among the students on a communal line

He hoped the nationalist papers would always keep this in view and conduct themselves in a manner that would not in any way impair the interest of the Congress as well as of the nation. —United Press.

KHER ON EDUCATION

It Must No Longer Be Looked Upon Merely For Procuring Livelihood

"Free Primary Education will defeat the very object of the spread of such education among the masses unless it is also compulsory" Declared Prof. V. G. Rao while welcoming the Premier Mr. B. G. Kher on behalf of the Advisory board, the principal and members of the staff of the Sirdar High School at the third annual social gathering held at the peoples' Jinnah Hall on Friday last.

The hall was well decorated and as the Prime Minister stepped in he was presented with a guard of honour. The hall was packed to its full.

Amongst the items on the programme the representation of the Assembly and T. B. tableaus were greatly appreciated. The Prime Minister was much impressed by performances shown by the Kindergarten department.

Prof. Rao on behalf of the school thanked the Prime Minister and then described at length the history of the school and showed how the school within a period of three years had made rapid progress.

He referred to the visit by Subhash Chandra Bose, the president of the Congress. The School he said, expected to get recognition shortly at the hands of the Government for all the seven standards

He then requested the Prime Minister to distribute the prizes.

KHER'S ADDRESS.

Mr. Kher rose amidst loud cheers to address the large gathering. He began with the necessity of changing our present educational system which, he said, overemphasised the conventional basis of education.

The time has come when we should not look upon education merely as a means of procuring livelihood, but as a process of self-improvement and social adjustment. The present system of education, he pointed out, had long outlived its utility and needed to be substituted by a comprehensive system which would respond to the modern needs of our country.

He criticised the present trend in imparting education to the middle and rich classes only. No rational system of education, he averred, would overlook the need of mass literacy. He depricated the over-stressing of utilitarian value of education. The suggestions made by Prof. Rao, in this matter are worth considering.

Mr. Kher then expressed his deep appreciation of the progress presented by the School. The Kindergarten system of the school, particularly appealed to him as a novel feature, and he said, he would like to see the school making rapid progress in future.

Wardha Educational scheme, which had recently evoked considerable interest, had made some constructive suggestions, and he hoped that the scheme would yield satisfactory results.

In conclusion, he stated, that the management and the discipline of the School was noteworthy, and wished the Institution every success.

A vote of thanks was then proposed by Principal Abhyankar and was seconded by Mr. Palkandwar, the Superintendent of the Sirdar H. School. The Premier was then garlanded and the function came to a close after the concluding song amidst great cheers and applause.

Mr. Hulkoti, Sessions Judge of Ahmednagar, sentenced Ganpat Dhondiba and Balaji Jondhale to three years' and two years' rigorous imprisonment, respectively, for uttering false coins.

Towards Communal Peace In Allahabad

ALLAHABAD: April 18.

The Hindu-Muslim Unity Board of Allahabad held a meeting and after appointing members for several sub-committees, they have decided to enrol volunteers for making concerted efforts towards restoring peace and harmony in the City, which are still necessary for restoring the City's life to normality.

There have been, now and then unfortunate occurrences of fire accidents and reports of minor clashes here and there, but the public in general are taking things more easily. And there is less excitability in them on account of the efforts of the leaders to maintain calmness.—United Press.

Shaikh Mahabub Shaikh Chand and employee of the Barsi Municipal Borough, was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 by the First Class Magistrate of Barsi for misappropriating proceeds of the municipal octroi tax.

A cup of delicious OVALTINE *just before retiring*

ALL those who suffer from sleeplessness know, only too well, how their general health is impaired and their enjoyment of life disturbed. Tired nature insists upon perfect rest which can only be provided by sound sleep. If body, brain and nerves are denied their regular period of recuperation, health must suffer.

Starved nerves are one of the main causes of sleeplessness. Feed your nerves and you will forget them, but like body and brain, they need *correct* nourishment, such as "Ovaltine" supplies in abundance.

Drink a cup of delicious "Ovaltine" tonight, and *note the difference.* Your sleep will be deep and *restorative.* You will wake in the morning gloriously alive and vigorous. You will feel better, work better and play better. Long experience proves that "Ovaltine" is incomparable as the world's best "nightcap." It quickly ensures *natural* refreshing sleep. And it possesses exceptional properties which make it unequalled for building up mental and physical fitness.

"Ovaltine" is 100 per cent. pure, concentrated, correctly balanced nourishment prepared from Nature's best foods—ripe barley malt and fresh creamy cow's milk together with valuable natural phosphatides and vitamins. Unlike imitations, "Ovaltine" does not contain any cheap ingredient such as household sugar to give bulk and reduce cost of manufacture. Remember, only "Ovaltine" can give you "Ovaltine" quality and value. It stands in a class alone . . . there is nothing like it.

ensures sound natural sleep

"Ovaltine" is packed in tins containing 4-1/2, 9 and 18 ounces. Compare these weights with imitations. 'Ovaltine' gives more in QUALITY, more in QUANTITY and therefore more in VALUE. It is the most economical food beverage you can buy Over 16 cupfuls of delicious "Ovaltine" can be made from the small tin containing 4-1/2 ounces.

Sold by all Chemists and Stores.
Distributors:—JAMES WRIGHT, LTD.,
35a, Ripon Street, Calcutta.
Also at Bombay, Karachi and Madras

PURE... TRANSPARENT... like a flawless gem...

The perfect purity of Pears Soap—each cake is as clear as a ruby—costs you little, but it is indeed precious. You see its value quickly when you use Pears Soap. Soon that silky searching lather with its wonderful tonic action awakens new vitality, a new glow in your skin. In your own mirror you will see proof of the new loveliness that Pears surely brings—proof that Pears is truly Matchless for the Complexion

Pears

MATCHLESS FOR THE COMPLEXION

LT.G. 254A A. & F. PEARS LTD. ISLEWORTH

Forms of application and copies of this Offer for Sale can be had at the Head or Branch Offices of the Central Bank of India, Ltd., or at the Office of the Investment Corporation of India, Ltd., Bombay House, Bruce Street, Bombay.
A COPY OF THIS OFFER FOR SALE HAS BEEN DELIVERED TO THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, BOMBAY, FOR REGISTRATION. APPLICATION WILL BE MADE IN DUE COURSE TO THE COMMITTEES OF THE STOCK EXCHANGES AT BOMBAY, CALCUTTA AND MADRAS FOR PERMISSION TO DEAL IN THE SHARES OF THE COMPANY AND IN DUE COURSE FOR OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS
The application list will open on the 21st day of April, 1938 and will close on the evening of the 29th day of April 1938.

THE WESTERN INDIA MATCH COMPANY, LTD.

(INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT 1913).

AUTHORISED SHARE CAPITAL Rs. 2,00,00,000

Divided into 2,00,000 shares of Rs. 100 each. Shares already issued 70,000 shares of Rs. 100 each and the amount paid up or credited as paid up thereon is Rs. 70,00,000.

OFFER FOR SALE
of 31,893 ordinary shares fully paid at par by
THE SWEDISH MATCH COMPANY
(SVENSKA TANDSTICKS AKTIEBOLAGET)
(Incorporated with limited liability in Sweden)

The shares now offered will rank for dividend from the 1st day of May 1938 and the dividend in respect of the period prior to that date will be the property of the Swedish Match Company.

The shares now offered will be payable as follows:—

ON APPLICATION	.....	Rs. 25
ON ACCEPTANCE	.....	Rs. 75
TOTAL	.....	RS. 100

The purchaser will have to pay in addition the amount of the stamp duty on the transfer form of the shares to be transferred pursuant to the application.

The underwriters have already submitted firm applications for 6893 Shares and the balance of 25,000 Shares is now offered to the public.

The whole of this offer comprising 31,893 shares has been underwritten by the Central Bank of India, Limited, and the Investment Corporation of India, Limited, at a commission of 2-1/8 per centum payable by the Swedish Match Company.

DIRECTORS:
The Hon. Sir PHIROZE SETHNA, Kt., O.B.E., Chairman, Canada Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
Rajah Sir ANNAMALAI CHETTIAR of CHETTINAD, Chettinad House, Adyar, Madras.
Rai Sir ONKAR MULL JATIA BAHADUR, Kt., O.B.E., 8, Clive Row, Calcutta.
Dr. Sir J. B. SRIVASTAVA, Kt., D. Sc., D.LITT., A.M.S.T., Kailas Kutir, Cawnpore.
Rai BAHADUR SARDAR NARAIN SINGH, 2 A, Curzon Road, New Delhi.
Mr. THOMAS GEORGE MACKENZIE, Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay.
Sir CHUNILAL VIJBHUCANDAS MEHTA, Kt., K.C.S.I., Queen's Mansions, Prescott Road, Fort, Bombay.
Sir HORMUSJI MANECKJI MEHTA, Kt., 125, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.
The Hon. Sir RAHIMTOOLA MEHERALLY CHINOY, Kt., Radio House, Apollo Bunder, Bombay.
Mr. STEN SUNDGREN, Joint Managing Director, Vulcan House, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
Mr. BERTIL THORSTENSON, Joint Managing Director, Vulcan House, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

BANKERS:
LLOYDS BANK LIMITED, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

BROKERS:
Messrs. BATLIVALA & KARANI, Stock and Share Brokers, Savoy Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.
&
Messrs. LEWIS & JONES, Stock and Share Brokers, Bank of Baroda Building, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

AUDITORS:
Messrs. A. F. FERGUSON & Co., Chartered Accountants,

REGISTERED ACCOUNTANTS:
Allahabaad Bank Building, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

SOLICITORS:
Messrs. CRAWFORD BAYLEY & Co., Ewart House, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

MANAGING AGENTS:
The SWEDISH MATCH COMPANY, Vulcan House, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

REGISTERED OFFICE:
Vulcan House, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

The Western India Match Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") was incorporated under the Indian Companies Act as a private Company on 7th September 1923 with an authorised capital of Rs. 1 lac. This was increased to Rs. 10 lacs in July 1924 and to Rs. 75 lacs in April 1925.

In July 1929 the Company was converted into a public company with an authorised capital of Rs. 2 crores divided into 2 lacs ordinary shares of Rs. 100/- each.

Of the above, 70,000 shares of Rs. 100 each have been issued as follows:—

66,893 shares to the Swedish Match Company, fully paid or credited as fully paid	**Rs. 66,89,300**
1,178 shares to the Directors fully paid or credited as fully paid	**Rs. 1,17,800**
1,929 shares to other parties fully paid or credited as fully paid	**Rs. 1,92,900**
...	**Rs. 70,00,000**

During the two years prior to the date hereof 13,057 shares forming part of the 66,893 shares above referred to were issued to the Swedish Match Company for a consideration other than cash in respect that these shares were issued to The Swedish Match Company in extinction as from 1st January 1937 of the indebtedness of the Company to the Swedish Match Company to the extent of Rs. 13,05,700 all in terms of the Agreement between the Company and the Swedish Match Company dated the 31st December 1937 particulars of which are given below under the heading "Contracts."

Of the 66,893 shares now held by The Swedish Match Company it offers for sale to the public 31,893 shares pursuant to the policy that the public in India should be given an opportunity to participate in an industry of great interest and importance to the country. This policy was officially declared some years ago when the Company entered into a formal undertaking with the Government of India that the Company should, at the earliest favourable opportunity, arrange that half its issued share capital should be offered to the public in India for subscription.

Action to this effect has been delayed so far owing to diverse reasons including the imposition of an excise duty on matches in 1934. Conditions being more settled now and having regard to the prospects of the industry, it has now been decided in consultation with the Government of India to implement this undertaking.

PARTICULARS.

The Company was incorporated for the purpose of carrying out all or any of the objects set out in its Memorandum of Association. In particular the Company carries on in India the business of manufacturers of and distributors of various kinds of matches.

The Company owns and operates four match factories which are situated at Ambernath (near Bombay), at Madras, at Calcutta and at Bareilly (United Provinces) and also a factory for manufacturing semi-products at Port Blair, Andaman Islands.

All the factories are free from mortgages.

Each factory is of modern and up-to-date design and equipment comprising first class buildings, modern machinery, modern power plant installations, ample water supplies and storage facilities, and they are individually planned for capacities which form economical units.

For the workmen and employees of the Company numbering approximately 3,700 special attention has been devoted to general welfare including healthy living quarters, medical treatment, schools, libraries, facilities for sports etc.

The Company's Trademark WIMCO **is well established throughout India.**

The Company's production expressed in cases each containing 7,200 boxes of various types and kinds has been as follows:—

1925	24,590	1931	1,59 296
1926	59,168	1932	1,43,921
1927	76,946	1933	1,49,453
1928	94,221	1934	1,03,930
1929	1,20,262	1935	1,75,457
1930	1,64,757	1936	1,90,577
		1937	2,19,141

The present combined manufacturing capacity enables the Company to take care of further increases in consumption and in addition the factories are capable of easy expansion; buildings, power plants, water supply etc., having been planned with this in view.

As the Company's factories are located in the Provinces of Bombay, Madras, Bengal and the United Provinces, not only is the most economical distribution assured but the company is less liable to the effects of any purely local depression.

AUDITORS REPORT:—The following report has been made by the Company's Auditors:—

The Directors,
THE WESTERN INDIA MATCH CO., LTD. Bombay.

Dear Sirs,

We have to report that the profits as shown by the Annual Accounts for the three years from 1st January 1935 to 31st December 1937, (the latter date being the last to which the audited accounts have been made up, submitted to the Shareholders and reported on by the Board) and the rates of dividends together with the source from which these have been paid by the Company in respect of each year, and particulars relating to the Share Capital, were as follows:—

Year ended	1 Income from the Company's Working (Sales less Excise)	2 Expenses incidental thereto including: (See below) ††	3 (See below) †	4 Balance (Column 1 less 2 & 3)	5 Other Income and Profits	6 Special Depreciation and Amortization of Goodwill	7 Balance as per Profit & Loss A/C for the year (Total of Columns 4 & 5 minus 6)	8 Amount brought forward from previous year	9 Appropriation from Reserve Fund and Investment Adjustment A/C	10 Total of Columns 7, 8 & 9	11 Depreciation of Investments and amounts appropriated to Reserve Fund	12 Total Income from which Dividends have been paid. (Column 10 minus 11)	13 Share Capital and Dividends paid: Share Capital	No. of Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100 each	Dividends paid (free of tax)
		(a)	(b)		(c)	(c) THE WESTERN INDIA MATCH CO. LTD.			(d)		(e)				
31-12-1935	72,57,423-4	51,75,169-12	19,04,147-2	1,78,106-6	46,089-5	35,227-8	1,88,968-3	1,20,550-7		3,09,518-10	1,00,000-0	2,09,518-10	56,94,300	56943	2%
31-12-1936	73,06,548-13	49,62,331-2	21,45,480-15	1,98,736-12	49,996-15	16,477-8	2,32,256-3	95,632-10	..	3,27,888-13	...	3,27,888-13	56,94,300	56943	4%
31-12-1937	82,12,575-3	54,42,454-9	23,90,553-0	3,79,567-10	7,51,787-6	7,00,000-0	4,31,355-0	1,00,116-13	4,31,280-0	9,62,751-13	4,99,326-5	4,63,425-8	70,00,000	70000	6%
						SUBSIDIARY COMPANY (THE ANDHERI MATCH CO. LTD. LIQUIDATED).									
31-12-1935	...	...	12,030-12	Loss 12,030-12			Loss 12,030-12	Loss 2,79,416-2		2,91,446-14		Loss 2,91,446-14	5,28,200	5282	Nil
31-12-1936			33,312-9	33,312-9	1,284-1		32,028-8	2,91,446-14		3,23,475-6		3,23,475-6	5,28,200	5282	Nil
31-12-1937 ***															

*** No accounts have been drawn up in 1937 for the period prior to liquidation.

††Cost of Production Value of Stocks in Trade beginning of year and minus Value of Stocks end of year Depreciation written off and provided for

†Trading and Administrative Expenses, M. A. Factory, Allowance and Commission, Directors' and Auditors' Fees Interest on Loan Accounts and amounts appropriated to Investment Adjustment A/C and Reserve for Income-tax..... Depreciation and Expenses on Idle Factory

	1935.	1936.	1937.
(a) Inclusive of Depreciation	5,79,670-10	5,78,085- 5	4,72,784- 8
(b) Inclusive of the following items Depreciation (Sales Offices)	2,432-14	2,693- 6	3,624-15
M. A. Factory Allowance and Commission	.....	.....	1,29,038- 2
Interest	2,76,491-11	2,55,962-11	1,57,920- 0
Transfer to Investment Adjustment Account	52,820- 0	52,820- 0	.....
Reserve for Payment of Income-tax.....	65,000- 0	79,000- 0	83,000- 0
Wood Research Expenses	6,370- 3	.....	.....
Defalcation	.....	11,584-12	.....

(c) "Other Income" during 1937 includes a remission of debt by the Managing Agents of Rs. 7,00,000/- which have been utilised for special depreciation of old machinery Rs. 6,50,567-8, and writing off of Bareilly Goodwill—Rs. 49,432-8/- shown under column 6.

(d) Transfer from Reserve Fund Rs. 2,20,000-0
Transfer from Investment Adjustment A/C Rs. 2,11,280-0
Rs. 4,31,280-0

(e) Transfer to Reserve Fund Rs. 1,00,000-0
Loss on the liquidation of The Andheri Match Co. Ltd. Rs. 4,99,326-3

BOMBAY, 18th March 1938.

Yours faithfully,
Sd/- A. F. FERGUSON & CO.
Chartered Accountants, Registered Accountants, Auditors,

From the foregoing certificate it will be seen that the dividends paid have been as under:

1935	2% tax free
1936	4% ,,
1937	6% ,,

The trading result in respect of 1935 was adversely influenced by the introduction of an excise duty on matches in 1934, which necessitated considerable changes in the match manufacturing process and in the arrangements for distribution. The result of 1936 was unsatisfactory mainly because of a serious strike at one of the Company's factories.

In order to consolidate the financial position of the Company prior to inviting the public in India to participate, a reconstruction was carried out in 1937 giving effect to the following:

1. The Company's debt to the Swadish Match Company was reduced by Rs. 7 lacs, the latter Company foregoing that amount from the debt owed to them. This contribution on the part of the Swedish Match Company has been utilised by the Directors mainly for the creation of a special capital depreciation fund for the purpose of writing down or ear-marking the same against the oldest items of machinery and partly for finally writing off goodwill.
   NOTE: The Company's debt to the Swedish Match Company after having as at the 31st December 1930 reached a maximum of Rs. 94,23,410-10-0 was through yearly repayments reduced to Rs. 43,66,682-12-0 by 31st December 1936. From this level the debt has been reduced to Rs. 24,65,698-9-0 at 31st December 1937 mainly through the after mentioned increase of issued share capital and the redemption of debt to the extent of Rupees seven lacs. It is anticipated that in the ordinary course and subject to no appreciable additional capital being required for extension etc. this debt will be reduced by yearly payments of between Rupees three lacs and Rupees four lacs.
2. The total Paid-Up Capital was increased from Rs. 56,94,300 to Rs. 70 lacs by an issue of 13,057 shares of Rs. 100 each at par to The Swedish Match Company, these shares being liquidated by a corresponding reduction of the Company's debt to the Swedish Match Company.
3. A Subsidiary Company (The Andheri Match Co. Ltd.) was put into liquidation, the resulting loss being largely covered by funds which had been accumulated for that purpose during previous years.

The Depreciation fund as at 31st December 1937 corresponds to 44% of the Fixed Capital Expenditure. The Company's assets are being retained in perfect condition.

Having regard to the efficiency of the Company's factories and extensive sales organisation and to the goodwill acquired by the Company's products throughout India and in the absence of any unforeseen factors, it is anticipated that the Company should continue to maintain satisfactory progress. Its close association with the Swedish Match Company must also be considered when judging future prospects. Not only is the Swedish Match Company's wide experience—technical and commercial—placed at the Company's disposal but also the replacement of modern machinery and the continuous supply of important raw materials is assured.

CONTRACTS: The following material contracts have been entered into by the Company otherwise than in the ordinary course of the business carried on or intended to be carried on by the Company namely:—

(1) Agreement between the Andheri Match Company Limited (in voluntary liquidation) and its liquidator of the one part and the Company of the other part dated 20th October 1937 under which the Vendor Company agreed to transfer to the Company and the Company agreed to take over the lands, immoveable and moveable property and all assets of the Vendor Company at a price of Rs. 1,36,410-15-0 and upon the terms contained in the said Agreement. This Agreement was followed by a Conveyance by the Andheri Match Company Limited (in voluntary liquidation) and its Liquidator in favour of the Company dated 24th November 1937 of the said lands and immoveable property and by the delivery of the said moveable property to the Company on 2nd December 1937.

(2) Agreement between the Swedish Match Company of the one part and the Company of the other part dated 31st December 1937. In terms of this Agreement the Swedish Match Company have as from 1st January 1937 released the Company from its obligation to repay its indebtedness to the extent of Rs. 7,00,000 on current account with the Swedish Match Company which at the opening of business on 1st January 1937 was Rs. 43,66,682-12-0 inclusive of interest. Further in terms of the said Agreement the Swedish Match Company agreed to accept an allotment of 13,057 shares of the face value of Rs. 100 each in the capital of the Company credited as fully paid up and ranking for dividend as from the 1st day of January 1937 in extinction as from the said date of a further sum of Rs. 13,05,700 of the said indebtedness. The said 13,057 shares of Rs. 100 each credited as fully paid were in fact allotted to the Swedish Match Company on 31st December 1937.

(3) Agreement between the Swedish Match Company of the one part and the Company of the other part dated 17th February 1938 appointing the Swedish Match Company as Managing Agents of the Company. Particulars relating to the Managing Agency Agreement are set out below under the heading "Management".

(4) Agreement between the Central Bank of India Limited and the Investment Corporation of India Limited of the first part and the Swedish Match Company of the second part dated 7th April 1938 whereby the Central Bank of India Limited, and the Investment Corporation of India Limited have underwritten the whole of the 31,893 shares of the Company now offered for sale for a commission payable by the Swedish Match Company to the underwriters jointly at the rate of two and one-eighth per centum (2 1/8 per cent) on the nominal value of the said 31,893 shares. The Central Bank of India Limited and The Investment Corporation of India Limited and The Swedish Match Company are to bear the costs charges outlays and expenses in connection with the said Offer for Sale in the manner set out in the above Agreement. In the opinion of the Directors the resources of the underwriters are sufficient to discharge the underwriting obligations contained in the said Agreement.

INTEREST OF THE SWEDISH MATCH COMPANY:

The Swedish Match Company is interested in India in the following two companies in which the Western India Match Co. Ltd., has no interest beyond the Selling Agency aftermentioned:

(a) As Technical Advisers and majority shareholders in the Assam Match Co. Ltd., a public company registered in 1925, which owns a match factory at Dhubri, Assam. Since its origin the Western India Match Co Ltd., have been the sole Selling Agents for the Assam Match Co. Ltd.

(b) As majority shareholders of a small agency company styled "Vulcan Trading Company Ltd." holding sundry engineering and other agencies.

INTEREST OF DIRECTORS: Sir Phiroze Sethna, Kt., O.B.E. is interested as Chairman and Managing Director and as a shareholder of the Central Bank of India Limited and also as a Director and shareholder of the Investment Corporation of India Limited. The said Central Bank of India Limited and the Investment Corporation of India Limited are as previously stated the underwriters of the said 31,893 shares now offered for sale Messrs. Sten Sundgren and Bertil Thorstenson although not directly interested in the present Offer for Sale are the Joint General Managers for India and Ceylon of the Swedish Match Company. The Managing Directors in terms of the Managing Agency Agreement and the Articles of Association derive their remuneration, apart from Directors fees, direct from the Swedish Match Company. Messrs. Sten Sundgren and Bertil Thorstenson are also Joint Managing Directors of and shareholders in the Assam Match Company Limited and are Directors of and shareholders in the Vulcan Trading Co Ltd. in both of which Companies the Swedish Match Company are interested.

DIRECTORS QUALIFICATION AND REMUNERATION: The qualification of a Director shall be the holding of at least ten shares in the Company of the aggregate nominal value of Rs. 1,000. Each Director shall be paid out of the funds of the Company for his services at the rate of Rs. 1,000 per annum or such other rate exceeding Rs. 1,000 per annum as may from time to time be determined by the Company in General Meeting The Directors shall also be paid their reasonable travelling and hotel expenses in consequence of their attendance at Board Meetings and otherwise in execution of their duties as Directors. A special remuneration may be paid to any Director who may be called upon to perform extra services or to travel on the Company's business.

MANAGEMENT: The management of the Company is in the hands of The Swedish Match Company under the supervision and control of the Directors. In terms of the Managing Agency Agreement dated 17th February 1938 the Swedish Match Company are appointed Managing Agents for a period of twenty years commencing from the 1st day of January 1937 on the terms set out in the said Agreement but with liberty to the Managing Agents to resign their office at any time by giving six months previous notice in writing. The remuneration of the Swedish Match Company as Managing Agents is as follows:—

(a) a sum of Rupees twelve hundred per mensem for every factory of the Company so long as it is in operation.

(b) a commission at the rate of 10 (ten) per cent. on the net profits (as defined in the said Managing Agency Agreement) made by the Company in any year or other period for which accounts are made up and laid before a General Meeting. If for any financial period a dividend in excess of six per cent. is paid to the shareholders a further commission is payable to the Managing Agents in the ratio of one per cent. of the net profits for every additional half per cent. dividend paid subject to a proviso that the maximum further commission payable to the Managing Agents shall not exceed five per centum.

It is provided in the said Agreement that the net profits of the Company for the purpose of the said commission shall be calculated after allowing for all the usual working charges, excise, Managing Agency factory allowance, interest on loans and advances, repairs and out-goings, depreciation, bounties or subsidies received from Government or from any public body, profits by way of premium on shares sold, profits on sales proceeds of forfeited shares or profits from the sale of the whole or part of the undertaking of the Company but without making any deduction in respect of income-tax or super-tax or any other tax or duty on income or revenue or for expenditure by way of interest on debentures or otherwise on capital account or on account of any sum which may be set aside in each year out of the profits for reserve or any other special fund. Depreciation is defined in the said Agreement as that charge in the Accounts of the Company for such year or period as aforesaid but not exceeding the rates allowed under the Indian Income-Tax Act for the time being in force for income-tax purposes of depreciation for buildings, machinery, other plant, and office furniture.

It is also provided in the said Agreement that the allowance and commission payable to the Managing Agents is to be inclusive of the remuneration payable to the Managing Director or Managing Directors appointed by the Managing Agents but is to be exclusive of and is not to include the rents of office premises, the expenses of office establishment, the remuneration salaries, wages and emoluments payable to the office staff and the clerks, servants and other employees (other than the Managing Director or Managing Directors) engaged by the Managing Agents on the Company's business, whether in Bombay or elsewhere, and the remuneration or wages which shall be payable to Bankers, Experts, Solicitors, Accountants, Managers, Secretaries, Engineers or other officers (other than the Managing Director or Managing Directors), servants and workmen who may be employed by the Managing Agents for or on behalf of the Company nor the whole or a proportionate part (as the case may be) of the remuneration salaries or wages of any such person in the employment of the Managing Agents lent (either whole time or part time) by the Managing Agents, in connection with the business of the Company whether in Bombay or elsewhere, all which rents, expenses, wages and remuneration are to be and shall be paid by the Company. The Agreement also provides that should any of the foregoing expenses be incurred by the Managing Agents partly on account of and for the benefit of the Company and partly for the benefit of the Managing Agents the same is to be apportioned between the Company and the Managing Agents as approved by the Directors.

It is further provided in the said Agreement that in the event of the Company being wound up with the object of entirely ceasing to carry on business the Managing Agents shall receive as compensation a sum equivalent to the total amount of allowances and commission which would have been earned for the next five years on the basis that the emoluments earned during each of these five years would be the average yearly emoluments earned during the preceding three years, provided that, if the unexpired period of the agency is less than five years the compensation shall be the said average multiplied by the number or fraction of years in the unexpired period. But that no compensation shall be payable to the Managing Agents unless all the creditors have been paid in full and unless all the shareholders have received the nominal value of the shares held by them.

The Agreement further provides:—

(a) The Swedish Match Company as Managing Agents shall (subject to the provisions of Section 87 I of the Indian Companies Act) at any time be at liberty to appoint a person or persons as Directors to be styled Managing Directors, and

(b) The Swedish Match Company as Managing Agents shall also (subject to the provisions of Section 87 I of the Indian Companies Act) at any time be at liberty to appoint either one or two Directors ex officio.

RESTRICTION OF RIGHT TO VOTE AND TRANSFER SHARES: The Articles of Association contain the following provisions:—

(Continued on page 13)

THE WESTERN INDIA MATCH CO., LTD.

FORM OF SHARE APPLICATION.

To,

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED,
Esplanade Road,
BOMBAY.

Gentlemen,

I/We send you, as Agents for the Swedish Match Company, the Vendors named in the Offer for Sale dated eleventh April 1938 the sum of Rs..... .....only being a deposit of Rs. 25/- per share on application for.....shares of Rs. 100 each of the above named Company. I/We request you as such Agents to issue or to procure to be issued to me/us a Letter of Acceptance for that number of shares upon the terms of the said Offer for Sale and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and I/We hereby agree to accept the same or and smaller number of shares in respect of which this application may be accepted and to pay the balance due from me/us on acceptance together with the stamp duty at the rate of 12 as. per centum payable by me. And I/We undertake that I/We will do all other acts (if any) necessary on my/our part to enable me/us to be registered as the holders of such shares or any less number as aforesaid subject to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company.

Dated ..... 1938.

Usual Signature .....

Name (Block Letters) (in full) .....

Address (in full) .....

Profession or Occupation .....

(A lady should also state whether she is a spinster, married woman or widow).

PLEASE WRITE DISTINCTLY.

NOTE. This form should be filled up and sent to Central Bank of India Limited, Bombay, together with a remittance for the amount payable on application. All cheques must be drawn to the order of Central Bank of India, Ltd., and crossed. For convenience of applicants, however, applications accompanied by the sum payable thereon may also be sent to any Branch in India of Central Bank of India Ltd., who will forward them free of charge to Bombay. Such applications must, however, reach the Branches of Central Bank of India Ltd., in time to be forwarded so as to reach Bombay before the application lists are closed. Central Bank of India Ltd., do not accept responsibility in the event of applications not reaching Bombay within such time. If payment is made by cheque or drafts on Banks, all sums chargeable by any Branch of the Company's Bankers for collection must be added to to the amount of the cheque or draft This amount may be ascertained by the applicant from his Bankers.

No receipt will be issued for payment on application but an acknowledgment will be forwarded in due course either by a Letter of Acceptance in whole or in part or by return of the deposit.

In the event of a smaller number of shares being allocated than that applied for the balance of the sum forwarded with this form will be appropriated towards the sum due on acceptance.

WESTERN INDIA MATCH CO., LTD. OFFER FOR SALE

(Continued from page 12).

(a) The first named on the Register of Members of two or more persons jointly entitled to any share is alone entitled to vote.

(b) No shareholder is entitled to be present or vote on any question either in person or by proxy or as proxy for another whilst any call or other sum shall be due and payable to the Company in respect of any of the shares of such member.

(c) Any member who shall change his name or place of abode shall not be entitled to recover any dividend or to vote, until notice of the change of name or abode be given to the Company, in order that the same be registered.

(d) Every member not disqualified and who has been duly registered for three months previous to a General Meeting (but not otherwise) shall be entitled to be present and speak at such meeting and on a show of hands every holder of an ordinary share shall have one vote and upon a poll one vote for every share held by him three months previous to the General Meeting. The holders of preference shares (of which there are none at present) shall have no votes either upon a show of hands or upon a poll.

(e) The Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares upon which the Company has a lien or whilst any member executing the same is either alone or jointly with any person or persons in debted to the Company on any account whatsoever, or unless the transferee is approved by the Directors. The registration of a transfer shall be conclusive evidence of the approval by the Directors of the transferee.

(f) The Directors shall have the same right to refuse to register a person entitled by transmission to any shares, or his nominee, as if he were the transferee named in an ordinary transfer presented for registration.

RESTRICTION UPON DIRECTORS POWER OF MANAGEMENT: The Directors may, from time to time, entrust th and confer upon a managing director or the managing agents for the time being, either by resolution or by agreement, such of the powers exercisable under the Articles of Association by the Directors as they may think fit and may confer such powers for such time, and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they may think fit; and they may confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, or in substitution for all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf; and may from time to time but subject to any such agreement revoke, withdraw, alter or vary any such power.

NOTE. The information furnished under the headings "Restriction of right to vote and transfer shares" and "Restriction upon Directors Power of Management" is given in compliance with the statutory requirements. The Company's Articles of Association are at present under revision to bring them into line with the Indian Companies Act as recently amended and also to comply with the requirements of the Native Share and Stock Brokers Association, Bombay.

BROKERAGE. A brokerage at the rate of annas four per share on each share actually transferred in terms of this Offer for Sale will be paid by the underwriters in respect of applications bearing the stamp of recognised brokers but no brokerage will be paid in respect of the 6893 shares taken up by the underwriters.

DOCUMENTS. Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association and the Agreements referred to above can be inspected at any time during business hours at the Registered office of the Company at Vulcan House, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, prior to the closing of the list of applications.

APPLICATIONS FOR SHARES:

Application for the purchase of shares should be made upon the form accompanying this Offer for Sale and sent to the Central Bank of India Limited at their Head Office or at any Branch Office and must be accompanied by the amount payable on application. The Swedish Match Company reserve the right to decline to accept any application without assigning any reason. The shares when purchased will be subject to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company. If any application is not accepted, the money paid on application will be returned in full. Where any application is accepted for a less number of shares than the number applied for, the amount paid in excess will be applied towards the balance payable on acceptance and any surplus will be returned. No receipt will be sent for the deposit paid on application but letters of acceptance will be issued as soon as practicable. Applicants whose applications are accepted will require, when paying the amount due on acceptance also to pay the Government stamp duty on the transfer at the rate of annas twelve per cent. on the nominal amount of the shares. Failure to pay the amount due on acceptance will render the amount paid on application liable to forfeiture and the acceptance to cancellation. Interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum will be payable on any amount due on acceptance and not then paid. Upon payment of the amount due on acceptance the Swedish Match Company will procure the Company to register the shares now offered (free of transfer fee which will be paid by the Swedish Match Company) in the name of the holders of fully paid Letters of Acceptance. Share Certificates will be ready for delivery within three months of the date on which the Transfer Deeds are returned duly signed and witnessed.

COPIES OF OFFER FOR SALE AND APPLICATION: Copies of this Offer for Sale and forms of application can be obtained from the Company's Bankers, the Company's Brokers or from the Registered Office of the Company.

Dated this eleventh day of April, 1938.

PHIROZE SETHNA
HOMI MEHTA
R. M. CHINOY
CHUNILAL MEHTA
ANNAMALAI CHETTIAR
by his duly constituted Attorney
M. G. R. AITKEN.
ONKAR MULL JATIA
by his duly constituted Attorney
M. G. R. AITKEN.
J. P. SRIVASTAVA
by his duly constituted Attorney
M. G. R. AITKEN.
NARAIN SINGH
by his duly constituted Attorney
M. G. R. AITKEN.
T. G. MACKENZIE
by his duly constituted Attorney
M. G. R. AITKEN.
STEN SUNDGREN
BERTIL THORSTENSON

THE SWEDISH MATCH COMPANY
by its duly constituted Attorney
STEN SUNDGREN.

Students' Role In Rural Upliftment Drive

C. P. Minister Urges Youths And Teachers To Go To Villages During Vacations & Teach People Elementary Things

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

NAGPUR, (By Mail).

The Hon'ble Pandit Ravi Shanker Shukla, Minister for Education has issued the following appeal to teachers and students:—

Ever since we took office, now over eight months ago, the sheet anchor of our policy has been the amelioration of the conditions of the people in the countryside. It is towards that end that, to take only a few outstanding examples, we have reduced the land revenue of small-holders, notwithstanding our limited and contracting resources; we have declared a moratorium in the executive of decrees against the agriculturists, pending enactment of a comprehensive Act; we are trying to enable the poor tillers of soil to save something by introducing prohibition; we have evolved the Vidya Mandir and other schemes for the liquidation of mass illiteracy; and last but not the least we are launching upon a rural uplift drive embracing within its ambit social economic and sanitary conditions of village life.

In a poverty-ridden country like ours, an essential feature of a rural uplift drive necessarily must be honorary civic service by one and all, and especially by the studen community, which owing to its unbounded energy and limitless enthusiasm is peculiarly fitted for it. I appeal with all the emphasis at my command to boys over 15 years in age, teachers and professors to go out into villages during their vacations to demonstrate by personal example the value of cleanliness, to teach the illiterate at least the three R's, to explain the benefits of improved agriculture, to make the people take a more lively interest in affairs beyond the four corners of the province and in general to help in the building up a better, cleaner, richer and more awakened rural India.

It is my desire that there should be compulsion in the matter of civic service between the passing of university examinations and the conferment of the degree, for I feel that in our country which is essentially a land of villages none has a right to call himself a graduate until he has gone through a probationary course of service and sacrifice by sharing the life of a villager. But before that is brought about, and indeed in order to prove its necessity and to pave the way for it, I want you, the youth and the hope of the country to lead the way and show what can be done.

I want you to form what would in the end become a militia of social service. A register will be opened in each educational institution in which you can have your name entered, showing when you can go out, for what period, in which locality and what special service you would attend to. A programme will then be worked out and you will receive your instructions as to where you should go and what you would be expected to do. Your sphere of service will be the villages within a few miles of your institution or home as you may choose.

I feel convinced that this invasion by selfless workers fired by a missionary zeal and a true spirit of service will within a measurable distance of time change the countryside socially, culturally and economically. The work ahead is so immense that there is ample scope for each and every one of you and I feel confident that this appeal to students and workers will not go in vain.

HYDERABAD RIOTS ECHO

Girgaum Arya Samajists Demand Inquiry Commission

The Secretary, Arya Samaj, Girgaum, writes:—

A public meeting of the citizens of Bombay was held at Matunga under the auspices of the Arya Samaj, Bombay, on Sunday. Dr. Kaikini presided. The meeting adopted a resolution protesting against the inability of the Nizam's Government to protect the rights of Hindu population in recent Hindu-Muslim riots in Hyderabad on 5th April and attack on the house of Barrister Vinayakrao, President, Hyderabad Arya Samaj.

The meeting also protested against the Nizam Government communique showing Arya Samajists responsible for riots. This statement was refuted and a request was made to H. E. the Viceroy to advise the Nizam's Government to appoint an Enquiry Commission, including non-officials to investigate causes that led to the riots and for redressing the grievances of the Hindu population.

The meeting also protested against Mr. Quazmi's Muslim Women's Apostacy Bill in the Central Legislature.

HYDERABAD COUNCIL REFORMS.

At the request of the Special Committee for Legislative Council Reforms, His Exalted Highness has been graciously pleased to sanction an extension of the period within which the Committee is expected to submit its report. The request of the Committee was based on the additional work resulting from the procedure of calling for representations and the examination of those representations as well as from the extension by a month of the period within which these representations had to be forwarded to the Committee. The extension now sanctioned by His Exalted Highness is up to the 1st July, 1938.

BILASPUR ENQUIRY COMMITTEE

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, (By Mail).

The Chairman, Bilaspur Enquiry Committee, in a statement states that owing to the unexpectedly complicated nature of the enquiry, the sitting of the Committee at Bilaspur will commence from May 9, instead of from April 25, as previously intimated. The 1rst week will be devoted to the recording of statements of Government servants against whom allegations have been made. The recording of evidence will commence from May 16.

The committee will enquire into allegations in respect of canvassing, interference and use of influence in breach of Rule 20(2) of the Government Servants Conduct Rules; also in respect of bribery within the meaning of section 171 B and 171 E of the Indian Penal Code and also into allegations of abetment of the above offences.

The allegations about tampering with the ballot boxes will be dealt with at a later date about which notice will be given in due course.

The above statements sets at rest the rumour that was circulated that the inquiry will be dropped in view of the fact that the enquiry is likely to cost the tax payer more than a lakh of rupees, as more than 2,300 witnesses have been cited by the Congress Committee, Bilaspur.

Undertrial Sues Papers

Sitaram Balaji Mahar, a Harijan student of Morris College, who was arrested at the Chitnavis Park meeting on March 27 for possessing a dagger and his alleged attempt on the life of the Hon'ble Mr. M. Y. Shareef, has filed an application under Section 2 of the Contempt of Courts Act in the High Court of Judicature at Nagpur against the editors of the "Hitavada", Nagpur; "Sawadhan", Nagpur; "Vividhvritta", Bombay; "Shamsunder" and "Dnanaprakash", Poona and the Proprietor of the Marwadi Printing Press, Nagpur, for publishing a statement alleged to be made by the applicant to the police.

The applicant prays that proceedings for contempt of court be started against them for publishing a statement which has not yet been legally proved and as such is inadmissible. He adds that the publication of the statement is prejudicial to his getting a fair trial.

Jafar Husain Not In Bhopal?

In reply to a query made whether Jafar Husain, who had been prematurely released from jail by the Hon'ble Mr. M. Y. Shareef and which necessitated the Working Committee to appoint a tribunal to enquire into the case, was in the Bhopal State Service, the Publicity Officer to the Bhopal Government stated that he was making enquiries and would let the public know about it in due course.

A cofrespondent wrote a letter in a local daily that Jaffar Hussain was not in the Bhopal State service, as was generally believed, but that he proceeded to Bhopal after his release not to take charge of any office but to meet his children who were under the care of his relatives there.

THE PROBLEMS OF THE BHILS

(Continued from Page 6.)

should be charged for registration. Rents should not exceed twice the land revenue and the conditions of possession should be regulated by law so that tenants might not be unjustly harassed by ejectment. The scope of Sec. 60 of the Civil Procedure Code should be widened so that it might specify the quantity of seeds and grain and the number of bullocks and milch cattle necessary for family and survey number, so that the ignorant agriculturist may not be unnecessarily put to the mercy of the creditor or the bailiff. Section 61 of Cr. P. C., which is enacted for the benefit of the agriculturists should be utilised and maize, the staple food of the Bhils should be exempted from attachment.

D. A. R. Act

It is really a pity that even though there are measures already on the Statute to help the agriculturists they have not been put into force. Apathy of this sort is astounding. Why is it that only certain sections of the D. A. R. Act are made applicable to the Panch Mahals? Is the economic condition of the Bhils satisfactory of promising or do the Bhils not require the protection of law against the money-lenders? As the Bhil is illiterate the money-lenders take undue advantage of his ignorance and his monetary difficulties and debit bigger amounts than actually advanced and charge Savai, i.e., rupees twenty-five interest per a loan of Rs. 100 on short term loans e.g., even if Rs. 100 be advanced in monsoon the debtor has to pay Rs. 25/- as interest in winter i.e., within four months. As the Bhils have no accounts nor are given receipts, their payments mostly in kind are at times either not shown or are credited to different accounts and are rarely legally proved. Money-lenders keep different sets and types of accounts wherein manipulations can be easily made. From father to son by havalas or 'kabulats' these amount of debts run on and pile up and the money-lender demands and the Bhil in his innocence and honesty pays whatever he has—land, cattle, crop, and labour. The D. A. R. Act no doubt helps the Bhils in certain cases and scales down the amount of the creditor who keeps proper accounts. But if there is a deliberate fraud, the D. A. R. Act does not help and for want of evidence decrees might be passed against them. The Bhil of Jhalod in order to attend the Civil Court has to foot nearly 42 miles in a day if he desires to contest a suit. Even then he is more vigilant than the Bhil of Dohad Taluka. In 1936 out of 350 suits filed against the Bhils in the Dohad Court 53 were decided exparte and 191 by compromise while in 1937 out of 190 suits filed against Bhils 33 were decided exparte and 81 were compromised, which shows that only 1/4 or 1/3 of the suits were contested.

(To Be Continued).

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION Co., Ltd.

(Oldest Indian Shipping Company on the West Coast of India).
FAST CARGO & PASSENGER SERVICES.
(STEAMERS LEAVE FROM K.L.M. PRINCE'S DOCK).

KARACHI LINE: Every Wednesday and Sunday, leaving at 9 a.m.
MANGALORE LINE: Every Tuesday and Friday, leaving at 1-30 p.m. and 9 a.m. respectively.
BHAVNAGAR LINE: Every Saturday, leaving at 10 a.m.
Ferry Lines: (Steamers leave from Ferry Wharf, Alexandra Dock).
DABHOL LINE: Leaving every day at 8-15 a.m.
VIZIADURG LINE: Leaving every day at 3 p.m.
GOA LINE: Leaving every day at 9-30 a.m.
For full particulars, please apply to Head Office of the Company.
100, FRERE ROAD, BOMBAY, (Tel. No. 25061).
PRINCE'S DOCK OFFICE (Cargo Line) (Tel. No. 24086).
ALEXANDRA DOCK OFFICE (Ferry Lines). Tel. No. 25303).
or
Messrs. KANJI JADHAVJI & CO., Dana Bunder, Bombay.
Tel. No. 25744.

EAST & WEST
INSURANCE CO., LTD., BOMBAY.
(Established in 1913)

1. Absolute Security and Sound Investment for Policyholders.
2. Up-to-date and attractive schemes to suit all pockets.

It pays to represent this growing concern. Excellent agency contracts.

3. Prompt Settlement of claims.
4. 2½% rebate on yearly premiums.
5. Sound & economic management.

For particulars please apply to:—
DALAI & Co. Secretaries
East & West Building, Apollo St., BOMBAY.

THE ECONOMY TIN

LARGE SIZE (8oz.) Rs.1/4
(Contains as much as large bottle.)
HANDY SIZE (4oz.) As.11

Why Pay More?

THE health-giving virtues of pleasant-tasting Andrews in the Economy Tin are improved, and you save 6 annas on the large (8 oz.) size and 5 annas on the handy (4 oz.) size. The former bottle - prices were Rs. 1.10 and Re. 1. Unique in formula, Andrews banishes the dangers of constipation, improves the digestive organs, overcomes acidity and generally tones and invigorates from top to toe.

Start well—take one or two teaspoonfuls of Andrews every morning for a week—to keep well, take Andrews regularly.

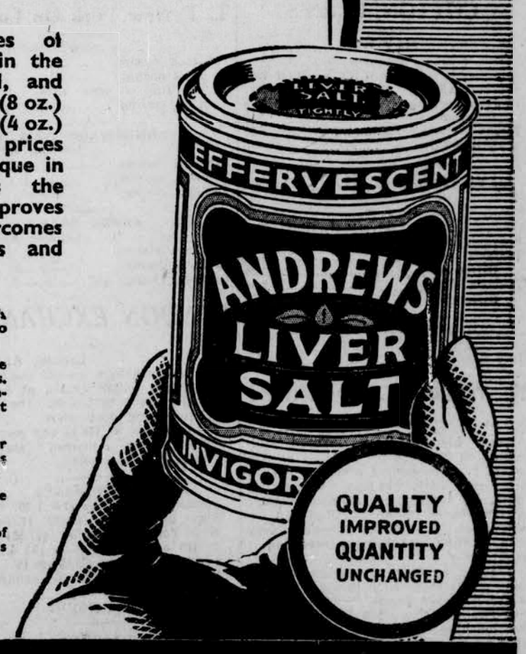
Andrews has a slow, continuous effervescence quite different from that of other salines. This slow effervescence releases carbon-dioxide which has a markedly soothing effect on the linings of stomach and bowel.

To get the best results from Andrews Liver Salt, put one or two teaspoonfuls into a glass of water and stir—drink while effervescing.

The tins contain the same quantity as the bottles, but cost you less!

Andrews Liver Salt has the largest sale of any effervescing salt in the world and is untouched by hand during manufacture.

Sold by all Chemists and Stores.



ANDREWS
LIVER SALT
for Inner Cleanliness

MIRACULOUS RECOVERY FROM FEVER

"No sooner had I recovered from a severe fever attack," writes Mr. Alex Miranda "than I was laid up with another. I felt exhausted, couldn't eat, vomitted much, and rapidly got weaker. The doctor put me on to Horlicks saying this would give me new strength quickly. It was the first food that stayed in my stomach. I got better very soon. Ever since I've felt full of vitality and had no further attacks. I will always keep Horlicks in my house."

Mr. Alex Miranda,
Goa.

Buy Horlicks to-day—available everywhere.

Gonorrhoea Cured

OLD or NEW—Cured Guaranteedly Medicine charges on cure. Correspondence not invited—visit personally. Time:—9 to 12 a.m. and 5 p.m. to 9 p.m. SUNDAY: 9 a.m to 12 a.m. only.
SANYASI DAVAKHANA,
(Regtd.), Sandhurst Road,
Opp. Central Bank, Majestic Building, BOMBAY 4.
P. S.—Outside Bombay we have no Agent or Branch.

LATEST

Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON FIFTEEN POINTS DOWN

American Dollar Steadier

WHEAT STEADY

BOMBAY, April 19

NEW YORK COTTON

Lower Liverpool cables induced liquidation. Price movement remained narrow but sentiment was brighter in response to Italian and Roosevelt developments.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Market opened easy following reports of beneficial rains in Australia together with larger shipments to United Kingdom.

LONDON EXCHANGES

Sterling dollar opened at 5.01 and later on eased to 5.00.56. Market was quiet and featureless.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MAY 1938

New York, April 19

Previous closing	8.97
To-day's opening	8.88
Difference	—09
To-day's closing	8.82
Difference	—15

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MAY 1938.

Liverpool, April 19

Previous closing	4.78
To-day's opening	4.84
Difference	+06
To-day's closing	4.84
Difference	+06

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August ..... Rs. 165-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, April 19

Lower Liverpool cables induced liquidation on New York cotton markte where price movement remained narrow with very little business transpiring. However, sentiment remained bright r in response to Italian and Roosevelt developments, but outside demand is very disappointing and Bombay reversing is in evidence.

Trading in May opened at 8.88 i.e. nine points lower than previous closing. Later, however prices tended to rise but rise was checked by realising market touching 8.89. Prices advanced further on covering touching 8.90.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 19

The following were the opening ranges:—

May (8.70/8.70) 8.89/8.88
July (8.78/8.78) 8.96/8.96
October (8.88/8.87) 9.03/9.02

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 19

May (4.77) 4.84
July (4.86) 4.93
May (6.67) 6.77
July (6.78) 6.88

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 19

Broach opened steady July August at Rs. 166/10, but later market witnessed setback on weaker Liverpool. However, later some speculative support was in evidence and market closed steady at Rs. 166/8.

COMMODITIES

LONDON MARKETS

London, April 19

The rates at 2-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2
Indian Pekoe higher (1-6) 1-6
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2) 1-2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-0) 1-9

JUTE

First marks C.I.F. Continent New Crop (£17 3/4 sellers £17 5/8 sellers
Dunlop April (£20 1/4) £20 1/4
Lightning April (£19 1/4) £19 1/4

RUBBER

Spot (6 1/16 buyers) 6 1/8 value
Forward July September (6 3/16 paid and buyers) 6 1/4 paid and sellers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay April May (£11 5/8 sellers) £11 3/4 sellers
Linseed Calcutta April (£12 7/8 sellers) £13 sellers
Linseed La Plata April (£11 7/8 sellers) £12 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal May (£9 1/8 sellers) £10 1/4 sellers

METALS

LONDON METALS

London, April 19

Tin (£170 buyers £170 1/4 sellers. Irregular) £170 3/4 buyers £171 buyers. Steady

Lead (£15 7/8 buyers £15 15/16 sellers. Easier) £15 5/8 buyers £15 11/16 sellers. Easy

Electrolytic Copper (£44 1/4 to £45 1/4) £44 1/2 to £45 1/2

Iron (112) 112

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. New York On London

New York, April 19

Previous closing	5.01 1/4
To-day's opening	5.00 13/16
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.99 13/16

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 19

Previous closing	5.00.25
To-day's opening	5.01.00
To-day's closing	5.00.18

FRANC RATE

London, April 19

Previous closing	158.12
To-day's opening	158.18
To-day's closing	158.15

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 19

London exchanges opened steady with the sterling dollar quoted at 5.01 and gradually eased to 5.00.56. The market was quiet and featureless.

Franc opened at 158.18 and easee little to 158.28 where remained stationary. Business was very small.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/16) 1-6 1/32
Paris on Bombay (11.892) 11.884
New York on Bombay (37.58) 37.69
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 5/8) 0.93 5/8
London on Milan (95.10) 95.15
London on Shanghai (1-1 nominal) 1-1 3/8 nominal
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent.
4 months (9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent.
6 months (5/8 per cent to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 per cent to 5/8 per cent.

BULLION

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, April 19

The following cable information was received from London:—

"Support featureless. Bears covered. India bought forward. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, April 19

Spot	(18 15/16d.) 18 15/16d.
Forward	(18 7/16d.) 18 5/8d.

LONDON GOLD

London, April 19

London Gold Fine per ounce (£6-19-8) £6-19-6

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, April 19

Silver ready	49	3	0
Silver Chaitra	49	3	0
Silver Vaishakh	49	1	0
Silver Jeth	49	0	0
Gold ready	34	14	6
Gold Chaitra	34	14	3
Gold Vaishakh	34	12	3
Gold Jeth	34	11	0
Sovereign	22	14	0

WHEAT

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 19

Liverpool wheat opened May at 81 1/8 and July 81 and October 78 1/2. Although due higher on overseas cables, the market opened easy following reports of beneficial rains in Australia together with larger shipments to United Kingdom. Trading was quiet.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 19

Chicago wheat market opened quiet with May at 0.83 7/8. Prices later improved on better Liverpool advices which prompted speculative buying. May touching 0.84.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotation

Bombay, April 19

Wheat May	4	7	3
Wheat September	4	8	3
Linseed May	7	5	6
Linseed September	7	7	0

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, April 19

Liverpool wheat market closed to-day at May 82.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, April 19

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £93.

INDIAN LOANS

London, April 19
2-30 p.m

3 per cent Indian (£100 1/4) £100 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£92 1/2) £93
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£114) £112 1/4 ex div.
4 1/2 per cent Indian 1958-68 (£117) £117
4 per cent Indian 1948-68 (£109 1/4) £109 1/4
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112) £112
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£104 1/4) £104

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945/70 (£107 1/2) £107 1/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£75) £75 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 1/8) £102 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£106 5/8) £106 1/2
5 per cent Funding Loan (£115) £112 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£103 1/8) £103 1/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£111 1/8) £111 1/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 19

London stock exchange displayed somewhat better activity on political situation.

Giltedged securities were also favourably influenced. Three and half per cent was quoted at £93.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (13-10 1/2) 14-4 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (59-9) 60-7 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 4 1/8) dol 4 5/8
Elec Music Industry (13-4 1/2) 13-10 1/2
Princhin Johnson (30-1 1/2) 30-10 1/2
Imperial Chemical (32-9) 32-9
Woolsworth New Ordinary (65-4 1/2) 65-4 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£25) £27
Dunlop Rubber (30-3) 30-3
Unilever Ordinary (37-10 1/2) 37-10 1/2
Ford Motors (20-3) 20-3
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£64 3/4) £63 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary (106-10 1/2) 106-10 1/2
Carreas A (£7 3/8) £7 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (138-1 1/2) 138-1 1/2
P. and O. S. N. Company Deferred (22-3) 22-3
Distillers (99-3) 99-3
Bradfords Dyers (4-6) 4-6
British Celanese (3-9) 3-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (38) 38
Courtaulds Ordinary (42-3) 41-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (4-1 1/2) 4-1 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (23-4 1/2) 23-4 1/2
Inter Nickels (dol 46 5/8) dol 47 5/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (43-9) 43-9
Tata Steel Debenture (£104) £104

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9
Donaro Tea (40) 40
Empire of India (26) 26-6

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (24-9) 25-9
Gule Kelampong (21-3) 21-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (24-3) 25

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (40-7 1/2) 40-7 1/2
Burma Corporation (10-6) 10-6
Rio Tintos (£15 1/2) £16 1/4
East Rand Proprietors (55-7 1/2) 56-10 1/2
Rand Mines (£8 1/8) £8 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 3/8) £15 1/8
Associated Portland (81-10 1/2) 83-9
Trinidad Leaseholds (96-10 1/2) 98-9
Sub Nigel (£9 5/8) £9 5/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (26-10 1/2) 26-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£7 5/8) £7 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (25) 25
Anglo Iranian (78-1 1/2) 78-9
Burma Oil (111-10 1/2) 111-10 1/2
Mexican Eagle (4-6) 4-6
Shell Transport (85) 86-10 1/2
Royal Dutch (£36 7/8) £37 5/8

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£58) £58
London Midland and Scott. Ordinary (£22 3/4) £22 3/4
London North Eastern Def. (£3 3/8) £3 3/8
Southern Def (£20 3/4) £20 3/4
London Transport 5 p.c. (£128) £128
London Transport "C" (£79 1/2) £79 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 19

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

U S Steel Common (dol 48 5/8) dol 47 1/8
General Motor (dol 34 3/4) dol 33 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (do) 30 7/8) dol 29 5/8
U S Steel Preference (do) 103 1/2) dol 102 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Cheerful Tone

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, April 19

Stock Exchange was quietly cheerful encouraged by signature on Anglo-Italian agreement together with steadiness of Wall Street. Kaffirs gave best display owing largely to excellent Westernreef development cable and French issues were firm.

Industrials: Good especially breweries.

Commodities: Generally firmer in sympathy with America

Foreign Exchanges: Quiet with American dollar steadier on cessation of nervous selling.

Wall Street opened quietly easier.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

Jutes Open Steady After Holidays

CALCUTTA, April 19

Jutes opened steady after holidays, but business remained as usual. Coals revealed no fresh feature, rates were generally kept lower.

Teas: Only limited business took place.

In miscellaneous section Indian Irons and other speculative issues opened firm but receded slightly as the day progressed, while among other industrials Midnapore Zemindary and Titaghur Papers exhibited fair enquiries. Government securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities: Four per cent loan 1960/70 114/13; four per cent loan 1943 108/8; four and half per cent loan 1955/60 119/12 small lot; five per cent loan 1945/55 118/5 small lot; five per cent loan 1940/43 107/2; five per cent loan 1939/44 103/12 small lot; three per cent U P 1961/66 98/10 small lot; three per cent U P 1952 99/5

Banks: Allahabad fully paid 389; do conty 181; Central Bank 31/12 small lot; Imperial Bank fully paid 1535; Reserve 114.

Railways: Chaparmukhsilghat 89 small lots; Katakhallala Bazar 89 small lots; Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar Guaranteed 99/8 small lot.

Cottons: Kesoram pref 117; New Victoria ord 1-1.

Coals: Amalgamated 22/12; Ghusick and Muslia 3; Mundulpur 7/14; Raneegunge 29; Seebpur 13/9; Deoli 6/13; Hurriladh 13/1; Parasea 1-1; Sendra 10; Talcher 1/3.

Jutes: Clive ord 20 small lot; Howrah 41/8; Hukumchand pref 89; Nuddea 30/4; Gourepore 465; National 19/8; Presidency 5/5;

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 6/12; Consolidated Tin 5/3; Indian Copper 2/7; Rhodesia Copper 1/14; Dalmia Cement defd 2/11; Bengal Telephone ord 18/9; Dessergarh Power pref 113/8; Indian Standard Wagon pref 126; Indian Steel and Wire Products ord 357; Indian Galvanizing 18; Indian Iron 28/5; Steel Corp ord 5/13; do pref 78; B I Corpn ord 3/3; do pref 148; Britannia Biscuits 5/12; Dunlop Rubber first pref 125 small lot; Kalimpong Ropeway 10/12; Rohtas Industry ord 20/8; ex div; British Burma Petrol 3/10; Bengal Paper ord 90; Titaghur paper B ord 16/3; small lot; do pref ord 4/2; Midnapore Zemindary 84; Chundeecherra Tea 43/8; Rutema Tea 3/14;

Debentures: Five per quarter per cent 1938/50; Rohtas Industry 100/2; three and quarter per cent 1966/76 Rangoon Municipal 98/12; small odd lot.—A. P.

EXCHANGE RATE IS DETERMINED ONLY BY ECONOMIC FORCES!

"Financial News" Plea In Support Of India Govt.'s Ratio Policy

LONDON, April 19.

The recent decline in the rupee exchange after a long period of stability is a useful reminder to the market that the rate is determined in the last analysis by economic forces and not fixed in a miraculous way by the Government of India, comments the "Financial News."

Pointing out that India's favourable trade balance in several months past had been considerably reduced by the boom in imports at a time when exports had already begun to decline, it expresses the opinion that although the further decline in the rupee is not impossible over a period, it seems probable that the recent fall to eighteen and one-sixteenth pence was premature.

Government has many ways of easing the pressure on the rate and the most likely method to be adopted is for the Government to reduce the amount of weekly tenders and obtain funds by using up its large balances with the Reserve Bank of India and receiving in exchange sterling securities formerly held as backing against the notes so cancelled.

Since this process involved a definite contraction of credit, it also brings pressure upon the Indian houses to part more freely with sterling but it cannot be carried too far without interfering with easy money policy.—Reuter

LONDON TEA SALES PROSPECTS

General Outlook Regarded Favourable

LONDON, April 19.

Coming one day prior to the Budget, next Monday's London tea sales are likely to attract considerable attention.

The majority opinion of trade circles is that no change will be made in the import duty at least as far as Empire growths are concerned, but there has nevertheless been larger clearances of tea from bond than usual over the past few weeks, largely in anticipation of a possible increase. Consequently, whether the duty is raised or not, the demand at the London auctions may temporarily recede until the stocks recently acquired by retailers are absorbed.

In the absence of unforeseen developments, however, the general outlook is regarded as favourable and little adverse effect is anticipated from the five per cent. increase of quota, which became operative on April 1.—Reuter's Special.

PICKETERS ARRESTED

Congress Offer To Obstinate Clove Dealers

The General Secretaries of the B.P.C.C have issued the following statement regarding clove picketing in Bombay.

The picketing of Zanzibar cloves that is going on at the Alexandra and Victoria Docks for the last 15 days or more was further continued on Tuesday. On behalf of the Congress, various offers have been made to the owners of this boycotted stuff but so far these owners have continued to be obstinate.

OFFER TO OWNERS

Once again we publicly repeat these offers.

(1) Congress will be prepared to keep all these bales now under picketing in our godowns without charging any rent to the owners. These bales will be returned to the owners immediately the ban on cloves is lifted.

(2) Congress will try and arrange to bear the freight charges from India to Zanzibar if this unwanted cargo is sent back to its place of origin.

(3) If there are any other difficulties in the way of the owners, which the Congress can honourably meet, we are prepared to do everything in our power We are certain that no better terms could have been offered and if in spite of these the owners continue to be obstinate we are helpless.

On Tuesday morning, seven of our Congress volunteers picketing at Victoria Docks were arrested by the Police on a charge of causing obstruction. They were taken to the Police Lock-Up and then released on personal bail. Since these volunteers will be made to stand their trial before a Court of Law, we refrain from discussing what they did or did not do. We, however, want to make it clear to the public at large that our picketing is peaceful and is bound to remain peaceful throughout its progress. Any violence in the manner and method of our picketing will defeat its own purpose. We are aware of this fact and our volunteers are properly advised before they are sent to picketing. It must, however, be remembered that this question of clove boycott is to us a question of national prestige and no amount of sacrifice and suffering will be considered as too great in the fulfilment of our pledges. The main purpose of our picketing is to see that not a single bag lying within the picketed area can come into the City We once again appeal and very earnestly appeal to the dealers not to allow themselves to be blinded by considerations of self-interest. A little sacrifice on their part at this juncture will go a long way in getting this question settled to the satisfaction of all.

Once again, we have to refer to a vernacular paper called "Insaf". In its issue, dated the 14th April, this paper has indulged in a most mischievous communal propaganda. It has been alleged against us that we started picketing of these clove bags now lying at the docks after these were sold by a Hindu merchant to one or more Muslim merchants. No blacker lies could have been invented and used in this unabashed fashion. We take this earliest opportunity of assuring this paper and the public that up to this minute we have absolutely no knowledge of any transactions among merchants in relation to this cargo. It is a pure accident if these bales belong to Muslim merchants. They could have as well belonged to Hindu merchants or any merchants for the matter of that, and the Congress attitude would have remained the same.

We therefore warn the public against the insidious propaganda of this description. We hope that after this categorical explanation, the Editor of the "Insaf" will apologise to the Congress for the untrue reports that he has circulated

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, April 19

B I S N ss Neuralia of 5624 reg tons, Captain F L Sampson arrived form Southampton via Gibraltar, Malta, Port Said, Suez and Aden with Military officers and troops.

J Finlay ss Clan Ranald of 3379 reg tons, Captain A Lynch arrived from Fowey via Glasgow, Liverpool, Port Said and Aden with general cargo.

B I N ss Baroda of 1888 reg tons. Captain K G Mace arrived from Basra via Persian Gulf Ports Karachi Mangrol and Verawai with passengers and general cargo.

Volkart Bros ss Skagerak of 2315 reg tons, Captain O Stein arrived from Kobe via Moji and Manila with general cargo.

Oil Seed Trading ss Dunavis of 3582 reg tons, Captain D Jentes arrived from Savona via Port Said in water ballast.

K Devchand ss Baron Ailsa of 2148 reg tons, Captain E A Brown arrived from Rotterdam via Port Said in water ballast.

L Edwards ss Kybfels of 4785 reg tons Captain H Roinecke arrived from Karachi with general cargo.

SAILED

Burmah Shell Oil S and D ss Badarpur of 4949 reg tons, Captain A R Perryshaw sailed for Rangoon in water ballast.

B I S N ss Gogra of 3126 reg tons, Captain K S MacLennan sailed for Quilon via Marmagoa with local cargo.

B I S N ss Gandara of 3190 reg tons, Captain E Davis sailed for Karachi via Bhavnagar with same bottom cargo.

Volkart Bros ss Hoogh Silverstar of 3261 reg tons, Captain E Waaler sailed for Basra with same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 19-4-38.

S S Kybfels (L E) for Europe and American Ports.

S S Jehangir (T M) for Karachi, Port Sudan and Red Sea Ports.

S S Barenfels (L E) for Karachi

S S Baron Ailsa (K D) for Port Said (for orders).

S S City of Canterbury (K N) for Marseilles Antwerp and Liverpool via Karachi.

S S Sirsa (M M) for Bhavnagar Karachi and Kathiawar Ports.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

Alexandra Dock

Bombay, April 19

5 Skagerk 2315 N F, N F, Volkart Bros.
6 Nalgora 4101 Karachi 23-4 M M
7 City of Canterbury 5290 Karachi 23-4 K Nixon.
11 Clan Ranald 3379 N F, N F, J Finlay.

Victoria Dock

3 Barala 1899 Persian Gulf, 20-4 M M
4 Vasna 2026 Busra 21-4 M M
8 Janaki 530 Malabar Coast 18-4 Malabar S.
12/13 Gandara 3190 Karachi 19-4 M M

PRINCE'S DOCK

B Englestan 2966 Rangoon 24-4 Scindia S N
C/R Jalavijaya 2297 Akyab N F, Scindia S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Comorin 5-5-38 P and O S N
Viceroy of India 12-5-38 P and O S N
Cathay 21-4-38 P and O S N
Carthage 28-4-38 P and O S N
Stratheden 28-4-38 P and O S N
Burdwan 23-4-38 P and O S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Canterbury 18-4-38 K Nixon and Co.

FROM HAMBURG

Reichenfels 4-5-38 L Edwards
Marken 20-4-38 L Edwards
Ehrenfels 25-4-38 L Edwards

FROM GOTHENBURG

Tijuca 24-4-38 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres Van Buren 12-5-38 F F Campbell
City of Rangoon 22-4-38 F F Campbell
Pres. Pierce 28-4-38 F F Campbell

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 17-5-38 L Triestino
Arabia 20-4-38 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Conte Biancamano 2-5-38 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Victoria 28-4-38 L Triestino
Conte Verde 19-5-38 L Triestino
Toyooka Maru 16-5-38 N Y Kaisha
Kunishima Maru 23-4-38 N Y Kaisha
Jeypore 18-4-38 P and O S N
Kifuku Maru 10-5-38 O S Kaisha
Taijin Maru 23-4-38 O S Kaisha

FROM BASRA

Varsova 22-4-38 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Narkunda 23-4-38 P and O S N

FROM DURBAN

Takliwa 14-5-38 M M
Karanja 30-4-38 M M

FROM RANGOON

Jalaputra 23-4-38 Scindia S N

FROM MOULMEIN

Sirsa 21-4-38 M M

FROM BASSEIN

Gogra 18-4-38 M M

FROM KARACHI

Vita 21-4-38 M M
Kybfels 20-4-38 Lionel Edwards

FROM CALCUTTA

Chyebassa 26-4-38 M M

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Strathnaird 7-5-38 P and O S N
Viceroy of India 14-5-38 P and O S N
Nalgora 11-5-38 M M
Strathnaver 16-4-38 P and O S N
Narkunda 23-4-38 P and O S N
Stratheden 30-4-38 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

Elysia 15-4-38 Anchor Line
City of Hongkong 21-4-38 K Nixon
City of Canterbury 11-5-38 K Nixon
Circassia 22-4-38 Anchor Line

FOR HAMBURG

Kybfel 24-4-38 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Pierce 29-4-38 F F Campbell
City of Rangoon 24-4-38 F F Campbell
Pres Van Buren 13-5-38 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 19-5-38 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Victoria 28-4-38 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Toyama Maru 1-5-38 N Y Kaisha
Conte Rosso 17-5-38 L Triestino
Burdwan 26-4-38 P and O
Taijin Maru 8-5-38 O S Kaisha
Kunishima Maru 6-5-38 N Y Kaisha
Carthage 28-4-38 P and O S N
Borneo Maru 23-4-38 O S Kaisha
Conte Biancamano 2-5-38 L Triestino
Arabia 20-4-38 L Triestino

FOR SYDNEY

Cathay 21-4-38 P and O S N

FOR RANGOON

Englestan 24-4-38 Scindia S N

FOR BASRA

Barala 20-4-38 M M
Vasna 21-4-38 M M

FOR DURBAN

Karanja 11-5-38 M M
Tairea 27-4-38 M M

FOR JEDDAH

Jehangir 27-4-38 T Morrison

FOR CALCUTTA

Chyebassa 3-5-38 M M

FOR KARACHI

Barenfels 22-4-38 L Edwards
Nalgora 23-4-38 M M
City of Canterbury 23-4-38 K Nixon
Vita 23-4-38 M M

P P I GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Riv 13-4-38
S S Vita 16-4-38
S S Dayavati 16-4-38
S S Bhadravati 14-4-38
S S Noorjhan 14-4-38
S S Haideri 14-4-38
S S Conte Rosso 14-4-38
S S Victoria Marie 16-4-38
S S Gogra 16-4-38
S S Oostcappelle 16-4-38
S S Parvati 16-4-38
S S Toyoma Maru 16-4-38
S S Strathnaver 16-4-38
S S Dandolo 16-4-38
S S Vasna 18-4-38
S S Gandara 18-4-38
S S Janaki 18-4-38
S S Bhadravati 18-4-38
S S Irrawadi 18-4-38
S S Netravati 18-4-38
S S Sonavati 18-4-38

EXPORTS

S S Kybfels for Hamburg: 21000 bags gr nut oil cake H Rawji; 2700 bags gr nut oil cake P Surchand; 55 bales cotton twist waste C Jairam; 43 bales cowhides D Abraham; 3958 bags gr nut oil cake Swastik Oil Mills; 85 bales ctn twist waste L O Vora; 55 bales raw cotton A Clayton; 250 bales cotton fly V P Mask i; 700 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 50 bales cotton waste clean C Jairam; 25 bales cotton wasts clean M Chandulal; 3977 bags gr nut oil cake P M Kataria; 3977 bags gr nut oil cake P Surchand; 274 bags gum E Mahomed.

For Oporto: 240 bags tale powder D Abraham.

For Rotterdam: 2100 bags castor seed T J Cotton Agents; 50 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 125 cases cashew kernals A P Gupta.

For Bremen: 50 tons manganese ore Shivrajpur Syndicate.

For Port Said: 115 bags gr nut in shell R Shantilal

For Stockholm: 240 bags cassein Amin and Sons.

For Trinidad: 36 bags mustard seed J Hasmukhlal.

For Gdynia: 200 bags soap stone S Wallace.

For Antwerp: 24 bales goat skins D Abraham; 14 bags casein D Abraham; 110 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha; 55 bales ctn waste clean M Chandulal; 25 bales ctn waste clean C Jairam; 55 bales cotton raw V Ladha; 220 tons manganese ore Shivrajpur Sndicate; 1882 bags crushed bones Croft Mody;

For Suez: 280 basket tamarind R Shantilal.

For Theosalonica: 40 bags henna powder D Abraham.

For Demerara: 75 bags gr nut in shell H Manilal.

For Gothenburg: 85 bales ctn twist waste L O Vora; 176 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 50 bags ctn waste clean G M Vyas.

S S Skagerak for New York: 260 bags flea seed outer shell D Abraham; 216 bags flea seeds D Abraham; 52 bags dill seeds D Abraham; 55 bags flea seeds (husks) D Abraham; 539 bags psyllium D Abraham; 5 bales kid skins D Abraham; 106 bales cotton rags clean C Nanalal; 136 bags gum N Muljee; 133 bales jute rags for paper; Making Overseas Ctn Waste; 50 bales ctn waste L O Vora; 97 bags gum Amin and Sons; 1600 bags myrabollams P Mathradas; 147 bags gum N Muljee.

For Boston: 40 bales goat skins D Abraham; 36 bags sesame seeds D Abraham.

IMPORTS

S S City of Barcelona Agents K Nixon from Liverpool: 273 cases cottons; 60 lse pneum hessian drappers; 336 cases machinery; 41 cases cotton yarn; 90 cases valves; 37 cases whisky; 44 bs wool tops; 600 bags china clay; 200 bs old newspapers; 96 drums liquid chlorine; 80 cases bottled stout; 143 cases tiles; 80 kegs wire nails; 135 cases milk powder; 251 lse pneu motor covers; 40 cases cigarettes; 75 lse c i cisterns; 70 drums lubg oil; 40 bales tyres and tubes; 60 drums solid caus soda; 101 drums bleaching powder; 56 bales chrome white splits; 100 bags extracted caraway seeds; 158 bdls c i brackets; 77 pkgs flat carding engine.

From Port Said: 135 bales cotton; 174 bags almonds kernals; 40 cases oranges; 86 cases grape fruit.

S S Naringa Agents M Mackenzie from Mombasa: 51 cases roots; 16634 bs raw cotton.

From Ibo: 230 bags cowery shells.

S S Strathmore Agents M Mackenzie from Melbourne: 321 cases dried mil powder; 80 bags peas; 44 cases tallow

From Sydney: 94 cases butter

From Adelaide: 827 cases apples.

From Fremantle: 455 cases apples 191 cases graes.p

From Colombo: 89 cases raw silk; 5 bundles mattress fibre.

S S Unicor Agents L Edwards from New York: 320 bales truck chassis; 237 lse wheels; 81 cases radios and parts; 65 cases paints and reducers; 49 cases medicines; 57 cases auto parts; 190 dms lubg oil; 46 pieces auto wheels; 100 sacks medusa water proofing confirm; 60 kegs graphite; 50 lse auto tyres; 39 cases ctn fents; 50 bags dextrine; 72 drums dyestuff; 63 bales fertilizers; 42 cases soap.

Foreign Cotton Markets

TRADE BUYING ABSORBED BY MAY LIQUIDATION AND LOCAL SELLING

Dry Goods Trade Active

Bombay, April 19.

The American Cotton Exchanges presented a better sentiment during the initial period of the session on Monday. The developments in Washington during the holidays, reports of large textile sales and better political situation were the chief supporting factors. There was considerable trade and Wall Street buying. But the advance was hampered by fears of strong opposition to President Roosevelt's policy and the consequent hesitancy of Securities. There was also a general disposition amongst operators to await actual business developments

Markets opened steady on buying by Trade and Wall Street interests, induced by the factors referred to above. But at the high level considerable realising appeared besides liquidation in May. The disappointing action of Stock market had a depressing influence. In consequence prices reacted sharply. But before close, market again steadied on covering operations.

New York May contract opened at a rise of seven points to 8.99. Considerable buying by trade and Wall Street interests induced by the better political situation, developments in Washington and active dry goods trade raised the rate at the outset. May contract touched the highest for the day at 9.00+08.

At this juncture buying activity abated to some extent and market was faced with realising operations besides liquidating orders in May. The earlier gain was gradually lost and May contract fell back to 8.91—01 the lowest for the day. But before close, prices again improved on covering by shorts. The rate for May closed at 8.97+05. Spot market finished at 9.03+05.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

The New Orleans cotton market also ruled fairly steady in tune with the improvement in New York futures. May and July contracts closed at 9.09+05 and 9.14+06. Spot market stood at 9.19+05.

The Liverpool and Alexandria markets were closed on Monday the 18th instant.

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Company have received the following letter from their New York firm.

Although an easier tone developed during last week, due to the weakness in other commodity and stock markets, selling pressure was comparatively light and prices have now recovered. The fact that growers are more inclined to turn Cotton into the loan in preference to accepting present prices, leaves only a moderate supply of new contracts to meet daily mill calling as cotton passes into consumption.

There has been no improvement in textiles and unless conditions change rapidly for the better, consumption threatens to fall below all estimates made earlier in the season. The present trend of the world spinning industry points to a carryover of all cottons exceeding 23,000,000 bales. It is stated from Washington that although a decided reduction in the current crop is probable, the total supply in the coming season may equal this season's large figures owing to the heavy carryover now indicated.

Some mills are now reported to be closing down entirely with curtailment of output increasing. According to the New York Cotton Exchange Service, world stocks on the 1st March are estimated at 34,149,000 bales against 26,486,000 bales last year with March, April, May last season record months for consumption.

Whether conditions in the South have recently been favourable for farm work. Planting preparations are well along in Arkansas and are becoming general in Oklahoma. Much seeding has been done in Texas and is beginning in South Georgia. The present outlook is favouring an early crop start in the Atlantic States.

It was finally decided to drop the Smith proposal to give borrowers a bonus to cede their title to the government, but the 4 per cent acreage increase for each State to benefit the smaller producers was sustained. This will mean an addition of approximately 1,000,000 acres. It is believed in many quarters that last year's acreage was underestimated, which would account partly for the phenomenal high yield per acre. If this should turn out to be the case, the opinion is expressed that the actual acreage planted this year may total between 28,000,000, and 29,000,000 acres, unless the Government adopt other methods of checking.

As the time has been extended from the 31st March to the 1st July for permitting growers to take advantage of the loan, little hedge pressure from the South is anticipated and therefore any broadening in trade demand or adverse crop news would find the market in a vulnerable position.

We continue to favour purchases on all recessions.

PRIVATE CABLE.

N. Y. May Highest (2-38 p.m.) 8.95
N. Y. May Lowest (10-06 a.m.) 8.68

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received the following cable from their foreign friends:—

Action reflects hesitation about following inflationary implications new spending programme continue friendly long term with indicated small acreage and small supplies free cotton proving important factors.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable from their foreign friends:

Trade and Wall Street buying.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received the following cables from their foreign friends:

Markets should continue to advance on American inflationary programme and improved political situation. Anticipate Budget will disclose new borrowing indicating inflation here also.

New York:—Trade and Wall Street buying offset foreign selling and profit-taking.

New York:—Best opinion first effect spending purely psychological. Account delay in getting programme stated much opposition throughout country.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cable from their foreign friends.

New York:—Crop accounts continue unfavourable. Indications point to Congress approving President's programme.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, April 18.

May	8.97+05
July	9.04+08
October	9.11+06
December	9.13+04
January	9.16+05
March	9.22+05
Middling Spot	9.03+05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, April 18.

May	9.09+05
July	9.14+06
October	9.24+07
Middling Spot	9.19+05
Noon Call.—	
May	8.96
July	9.00

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, April 18.

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports	27,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's exports to the Continent	11,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	12,000

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, April 19.

April	231.80+110
August	214.50+ 60
October	215.50+ 40

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, April 14.

GIZA—	
Spot	7.12+1.
May	6.71+6.
July	6.82+7.
October	6.91+7.
November	6.91+7.
January 1939	6.97+7.
March	7.04+7.
UPPER—	
Spot	5.85+1.
May	5.77+4.
July	5.84+4.
October	5.90+5.
November	5.93+5.
January 1939	5.99+5.
March	6.04+5.

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandra, April 14.

SAKEL—	
May	12.71+4.
July	12.95+5.
ASHMOUNI—	
April	9.99—3.
June	10.15+1.
GIZA—	
May	12.21+4.
July	12.33—1.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 13th April	14,655
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	1,784,076
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,412,254
Decrease	628,178

TOTAL UNITS GENERATED

Tata Hydro-Electric Power Company

Messrs Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd., The Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd., and The Tata Power Company, Limited, report that the total electrical (Board of Trade) units generated at the three Power Stations (Khopoli, Bhivpuri and Bhira) of the Hydro Group were as follows:—

15th Week (ended April 15th)

1936	10,915,300
1937	12,311,800
1938	15,486,300

Total for 15 Weeks (1st January to date)

1936	162,451,300
1937	176,073,400
1938	212.783,200

YARN EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES
Bombay, April 19

Yarn No. 10 1/2s. April 125; June 125; August 124.

Yarn No. 20 1/2s. April 167; June 165; August 164

High & Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, April 18.

Broach A/M. 1938 op. 164 3/4; highest 164 3/4; lowest 164 1/4; closing 164 1/4.

Broach J/A. op. 168 1/8; highest 168 3/8; lowest 167 3/4; closing 167 3/8.

Oomra May op. 148 1/8; highest 148 1/8; lowest 147 1/2; closing 147 1/2.

Oomra July op. 150; highest 150; lowest 149 1/2; closing 149 1/2.

Bengal May op. 125 1/4; highest 125 1/4; lowest 124 3/4; closing 124 3/4.

Bengal July op. 127 1/4; highest 127 1/4; lowest 126 3/4; closing 126 3/4

T/Mandi fo Broach J/Aug. (21-4-36) Rs. 2 1/2.

T/Mandi for Broach J/Aug. (21-5-38) Rs. 6 3/4.

T/Mandi for Broach J/Aug. (24-6-38) Rs 10 5/8.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 19.

Despite a rise of 5 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened easy to-day with general selling.

The weakness in the local market is due to speculative position. Export enquiry for our cotton is slow and arrivals are more which has a depressing effect on the market.

The market opened to-day at Rs. 166/12 for J/Aug. delivery though it was expected to open about Re. 1 higher. Market declined further on general selling and after touching Rs. 166/4 improved to Rs. 166/8.

Liverpool was due to open 10 points up but it opened 5 points up and then improved to 8 points. At this level market was quietly steady. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M	163 8 0
Broach J/A	166 8 0
Oomra May	146 14 0
Oomra July	144 14 0
Bengal May	123 12 0
Bengal July	125 8 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, April 19

	Extra Sprfine	Sup Fine	F	G	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P		132	129	126	123
Punjab		132	129	126	123
Rajputana		132	129	126	123
Oomra No. 3	155	152	149	146	
C P No. 1	166	163	160	157	
C P No. 2	160	157	154	151	
Broach No. 2		169	167	165	163
Punjab Ame		189	186	183	180
Surat		219	216	213	210
Rajpipla		212	209	206	203
Navsari		226	223	220	217

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, April 19

Bengal Superfine	131/32
Bengal Fine	128/29
Bengal F G	125/26
C P 1	157/62
C P 2	152/53
Arvi	154/55
Amraoti	147/49
Ellichpur	154/55
Berar	148/50
Khandesh	137/41
Jalna Sailu	139/43
Burwah Sanavad	152/53
Khandwa	152/54
Harda Khirkiya	152/54
Mathia	125/30
Malkapur	145/47
Broach	165/67
Punjab 4 F	180/83
Punjab 289 F	213/18
Sindh 4 F	178/81
Sindh N T	198/203
Kampala	283/84
Jinja	271/72
Navsari	225/27
Jagadia Ankleshwar	215/16

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, April 19

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

14-4-38	This year	Last year
Khandesh	47,341	202,286
Central India 174	38,471	314,958
Barsi and Nagar 257	133,293	162,174
Hyderabad Gaorani	38,164	92,163
Berar 883	285,115	528,451
Central Provinces 90	62,076	108,370
Total Oomras 1,404	604,460	1,408,412
Dholera 552	62,955	72 793
N W Provinces	2,754	8,669
Rajputana	13,772	75,763
Sind Punjab 1,500	477,907	295,915
Broach 3,328	139,627	255,838
Coompta and Dharwar 633	16,964	23,729
Westerns Northerns 47	11,695	24 998
Cocoanada	2	124
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	1,628	5,091
American 0	155,978	8,290
Egyptian African and Sudan 1,527	304,154	247,617
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	1,171	32
Total 9,001	1,793,077	2,427,272

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 7th April

In full-pressed bales

14-4-38	This year	Last year
Europe 110	191,785	325,615
Japan and China 225	413,983	1,006,871
Coast Ports 108	43,676	16,263
Up-country by Rail	247,625	178,669
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	26,041	55,840
Total 443	923,110	1,583,258

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1937-38	1936-37
Exports to date 18-4-38	7433000	6371000
Receipts yesterday 18-4-38	27000	10000
Exports to date 18-4-38	5124000	4924000
Stock at Ports 18-4-38	2861000	1693000
Stock at Interior Towns 18-4-38	2335000	1437000
Stock at Liverpool 18-4-38	1213000	994000
Visible Supply 18-4-38	6940000	4749000
Quantity in sight 18-4-38	12869000	12039000
Quantity out of sight 18-4-38	8810000	10543000

Produce Receipts

Bombay, April 19

Wheat	4,983 cwts.
Linseed	34,658 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	433 cwts.
Gingellyseed	807 cwts.
Poppyseed	185 cwts.
Groundnuts	4,962 cwts.
Castorseed	404 cwts
Rice	41,946 cwts.
Myrabollams	1,624 cwts.
Cottonseed	8,428 cwts.
Gram	2,956 cwts.
Joowar	2,802 cwts.
Barley	29 cwts.
Bajree	2,021 cwts.
Indian sugar	2,651 cwts.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, April 19.

Yesterday London, London-Paris and Dollar-Sterling, exchanges were closed New York closing rate was 1/4 down quoted at 5.01.

London silver market was closed. New York silver prices were unchanged at 42 3/4c. Montreal and Shanghai markets were closed the local silver market was cheerfully steady with a moderate turnover prices advanced by annas four. Gold market was steady with a limited demand.

Quotations were as under.

GOLD.

Ready	34 14 3
Chaitra	34 14 0
Vaishakh	34 12 3
Vaishakh Teji-mandi	0 3 9

SILVER

Ready	49 5 6
Chaitra	49 5 6
Vaishakh	49 2 6
Vaishakh Teji-mandi	1 3 0

Montreal Silver

Montreal, April 18.

Montreal silver market was closed.

New York Silver

New York, April 18.

Spot silver prices closed unchanged at 42 3/4c.

LONDON METALS

London, April 14.

Copper	£40 2 6
Lead	£15 17 6
Spelter	£14 6 3
Tin	£170 15 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, April 19

London market—
Market closed.
Bombay market—

Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 38-0-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 44-14-0

Tone: Firm.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, April 18

Closed.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, April 19

Groundnuts May—	
Opening	27 4 0
Highest	27 6 6
Lowest	27 1 6
Closing	27 4 3
Groundnuts Aug—	
Opening	28 9 0
Highest	28 10 6
Lowest	28 5 6
Closing	28 8 6
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	32 9 0
Highest	32 9 0
Lowest	32 4 6
Closing	32 5 0
Castorseeds Sept—	
Opening	32 9 6
Highest	32 11 6
Lowest	32 8 0
Closing	32 8 0
Cottonseeds May	
Opening—	17 14 6
Highest	17 14 9
Lowest	17 11 3
Closing	17 12 6
Cottonseeds Sept—	
Opening	18 13 6
Highest	18 13 6
Lowest	18 9 6
Closing	18 10 6

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, April 18

Closed.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, April 18

May	dol 0.84 1/4
July	dol. 0.82 5/8
September	dol. 0.83 1/8

LONDON SUGAR

London, April 14.

May 4s 9 3/4d.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, April 19

Ready Javas	Rs. 15 2 0
Shipmenpt April June	4 12 0
Shipment July Sept	4 12 6
Shipment Oct Dec	4 12 6
Kesar	12 5 0
Saraya	11 14 0
Java Spot	F 7.00

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE LTD.

Bombay, April 19.

Quotations at 5 p.m. were as under:

TEXTILES.

Ambica	1440
Arun	400
Arvind	1190
Asok	385
B. Dyeing	845
Buckingham and Carnatics	192
Century	241/4
Central India	235
Colaba	150
Delhi Cloth and Gen. Mills	300
Elgin	212
Gokak	151/4
Indore	65
Jubilee	221/4
Kohinoor	268/12
Laxmi Cotton	495
Mysore	95
Marsden	115
Morarji	1070
New Great	232/8
Raipur	705
Rajnagar	335
Simplex	78/2
Swadeshi	203/12
Sajjan	97/8
Vishnu	1310
Madhusudan	200
Khatau	105

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad Electrics	133/12
Bombay Suburban	160
Bombay Tram.	125

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, April 19.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/57	100/8
3 per cent 1951/64	102/12
3 per cent 1941	103/2
3 per cent U P Bonds 9.	
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	98/11
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106/4
4 per cent 1942 Bonds	108/2
4 per cent 1960/70	114/13
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	119/8
per cent 1939/44	104
per cent 1939/43	107/2
5 1/2 per cent 1938/43	101/13

TAX FREES

per cent 1953/63	113
per cent 1955	122
5 per cent 1945/55	118/6
1/2 per cent 1939 Mysore	101/14

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper for settlement delivery opened today at Rs. 98/10 and closed at Rs. 98/9 with a moderate turnover.

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—
May 122, July 135, Oct. 150, Dec. 156 Jan. 157, March 167 at Cross Rate 5.01 1/4.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, April 19.

B. C. RATES—
T T D D 1/6

LONDON
Banks selling T T D D 1/6
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/16
Bank's buying D D 1/6 1/8
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 3/16

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 266 7/8
Bank's buying T T 264 1/2

PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,180
Bank's buying T T 1,200

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 77 7/8
Bank's buying T T 77 1/2

AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 67

JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 66 7/8

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 83 3/4

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 75

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 156 3/4

BERLIN
Bank's selling D D 91 1/2

CROSS RATE—
New York/London 5.01 1/8 18th instant.
Japan/London 1/2 1/64 19th instant.
Hongkong/London 1/2 27/32 19th instant
Shanghai/London 1/1 19th instant.
Java/London 8.96 1/4 19th instant.
London/Paris 158.12 16th instant.
London/Belgium 29.61 16th instant.
London/Switzerland 21.67 1/2 16th instant.
London/Berlin 12.40 16th instant.
London/Stockholm 19.40 1/2 16th instant.
London/New York 5.00 1/4 16th instant.
London/Amsterdam 8.97 1/2 16th instant.
London/Italy 95.10 16th instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Weak.
Gold £6-19-8 16th instant.
Silver London Ready 18 15/16 16th instant.
Silver London Forward 18 7/8 16th instant.
Silver New York Ready 43 16th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 16th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 16th instant.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—
Call 1/2 per cent
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

Tenders For Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 19th April 1938. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,20,75,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-10-0 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-9-9 allotted approximately 85 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000. the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 1-8-7 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 26th April 1938. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 29th April 1938. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 15th April 1938, Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,30,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Surat	167/8
Ajmer	12/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	330
Associated Cements	120/8
Belapur	157/8
Bombay Burma New	190
Bombay Burma Old	545
Bomba Steam	215
Bombay Telephone	94
Burma Corporation	6/12
Br. B. Petrol	3/6
Dalmia Cement	8/14
Indian Bleaching	140/10
Industrial Investment Tr.	44/8
Indian Radio Ord.	425
Indian Radio Defd	502/8
Indian Copper	2/7
Indian Iron	28/6
Mysore Sugar	23
Port Canning	690
Premier Construction XD.	63/8
Scindia Steam	18/2
Shivrajpur	46
Tata Oil	28/8
Tata Steel Ordy	230/8
Tata Steel Defd.	1000

JUTES.

Birla Jute	15
Howrah	42/1
Hukumchan	6/8
Kamarhatty	424
Kankanarrah	324
Lawrence	328
Reliance	57

Steels And Textiles Rule Easy

BRISK BUSINESS WITH NARROW FLUCTUATIONS

Undertone Easy And Absense Of Support

BOMBAY, April 19.

The Local Share market opened firm to-day in sympathy with foreign markets. U. S. Steel after opening firm declined by 7/8 dol. and Anaconda Copper prices closed 1 1/4 dol. lower. Roosevelt's plan of desterilization 1 billion 4 hundred million gold and spending 3 billion additional means increased the faith in buying. The local market opened firm but on increased selling prices declined and closed nearly at the lowest level. There was lack of professional support, and general buying. Business was brisk with a limited turnover.

Tata Steel Pfd. shares opened at Rs. 1030 and declined to Rs. 1002 on long liquidation. Tata Steel Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 234 and declined to Rs. 231. Cotton Mill shares also ruled easy and Bombay Dyeing Shares were quoted at Rs. 842. Century and Central India remained at 242 and 235|10 respectively. Associated Cements were done up at Rs. 120|12. Electric Section also ruled easy and Tata Power Shares were quoted at Rs. 1345. Bombay Burma Shares closed at Rs. 545.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, April 19.

100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 9)	400	0
250 BOM. DYEING (Rs. 25)	842	8
100 CENTURY (Rs. 6)	242	8
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4)	235	10
100 COLABA (Rs.4)	150	0
100 Coorla (Rs. 5)	95	0
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	362	8
1 E. D. Sassoon Df. (nil)	0	5 6
100 Finlay (Rs. 3)	139	6
100 GOKAK (Rs. 4-3)	152	8
1,000 Hindustan	1,620	0
100 Indore	65	0
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	105	0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 12)	269	6
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	495	0
250 Madras United	35	0
1,000 Morarji (Rs. 40)	1,075	0
250 Model	49	4
50 MYSORE (Rs. 2)	120	0
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	233	12
100 Oosmanshahi (Re. 1)	42	8
100 Phoenix (Rs. 10)	235	0
25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)	70	0
1,000 Sholapur (Rs. 30)	1,910	0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 2)	78	2
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 5)	203	12
100 Swan (Rs. 2-8)	110	0
500 Vishnu (Rs. 30)	1,320	0
1,000 Western (Rs. 40)	802	8

BANKS

50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	111	8
250 Central (Rs. 12)	30	10
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1,535	0
125-500 Imp. Contry. (Rs. 7-8)	381	14
500-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	138	4
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 2-8)	116	8
5 Union (As. 4)	5	14

CEMENTS.

100 ASSOCIATED (Rs. 7-8)	120	12

INSURANCE.

100-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	710	0
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	13	12
20 Mercantile	54	8
15-75 New India (Rs. 14)	38	6
200 Oriental	4,325	0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7	8

ELECTRIC.

100 Ahm. Old (Rs. 6-8)	132	8
1,000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 49 plus 30)	1,425	0
10 Ajmer (As. 8)	12	10
50 BOM. TRAM (2-6)	125	5
100 B'bay Suburban (Rs.6-8)	165	0
10 Broach (As. 5)	10	8
100 Karachi (4)	222	8
100 Poona (4)	206	4
100 Surat (Rs. 3)	168	2
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 4-8 plus 3)	146	14
1,000 TATA POWER (Rs. 37-8 plus 20)	1,345	0

RAILWAYS.

500 Ahmedabad Prantij	925	0
100 C. Province	102	0
100 Dn. Baramati	104	4
100 Gujarat	98	12
100 Mandra Bhon	99	0
100 Pachora Jamner	96	8
100 Sara Siraiguni	100	12
500 Tapti Valley	717	8

MININGS.

9 Burma Corp. (As. 11)	6	12
8sh. Indian Copper (As. 1-6)	2	7
10 Indian Iron and Steel (Rs. 1-8)	28	6
10 SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 2) XD	46	4
30 TATA STEEL Dfd. (Rs. 36-3-6)	1,005	0
75 TATA STEEL Ord. (Rs. 19)	230	8

MISCELLANEOUS.

100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	332	8
50 BELAPUR SUGAR (Rs. 5)	158	2
200-250 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 5)	855	0
250 BOMBAY STEAM (Rs. 5)	215	0
125 B. Burma (Rs. 20)	545	0
50 Do. Conty. (Rs. 8)	190	0
8sh. Br. B. Petrol	3	7
50 Bombay Telephone (Rs. 2-8)	94	0
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 4)	141	4
50 I. Invest Trust	41	0
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	527	8
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	425	0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 26)	690	0
30 PREMIER CON. (Rs. 2-15)	63	8XD
15 Scindia	18	2
25 Tata Oil Mill (nil)	28	8

PREFERENCE

7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1,500	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	285	0
7 p.c. B'bay Tram (T. F.)	72	12
5 p.c. Central India (T. F.)	552	8
6 1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 1st	107	4
6 1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	98	8
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	151	4
7½ p.c. Tata Power	1,548	12
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	204	6
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	172	8
7 p.c. Vishnu	703	12

DEBENTURES

3 3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101	8
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	108	12
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone	51	12
7 p.c. Sholapur	80	4
6 p.c. Tata Hydro	109	6

(Latest Dividend in Brackets and capital letters indicate shares on Forward List.)

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, April 19.

Bombay Dyeing (853/12) 855 852 860 843 845 842
Century (247/8) 247 246 248 242
Central India (239/6) 238 243 236 235/10
Kohinoor (271/4) 271 275 266 269/6
New Great (250) 242 238 233
Simplex (79/6) 79 77 78
Swadeshi (203/12) 205 202 206 202 203
Associated Cement (121/8) 122/8 120 120/12
Andhra (1435) 1430 1425
Tata Hydro (146/14) 146/14 147/8 146/14
Tata Power (1352/8) 1357 1352 1347 1345
Tram. Ord. (125/5) 125/5
T. Steel Dfd. (1017/8) 1030 1015 1027 1005 1007 1002 1007 1005
T. Steel Ord. (233) 234 233 235 231 232 230 230/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (172/12) 172/8
Bellapur (158/2) 160 158
B. Steam (211/4) 210 208 215
B. Burma (550) 552 548 551 543 546 545

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, April 18.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.—

	Dol.
Elec. Pow and Light	8
Elec. Pow and Light 7 p.c. Prfd.	29
Elec. Bond Common	6
Elec. Bond 5 p.c. Prfd.	42
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	20
Columbia Gas and Elec.	6
Northern S. Power 'A'	10
United Gas Corporation	3
American Tel. and Tel	128 1/2
Western Union Telgm.	23 1/2
Great North Prfd.	15
New York Central Rly	12 1/4
Firestone Rubber	19
Int. Tel. and Tel 4 1/2 p.c.	83
American Can.	87
Eaton Mmg.	15
Firestone 6 per cent Prfd.	83
Bethlehem Steel	50
National Steel	17
Republic Steel	15
United S. Steel	47 3/4
American Car Foundry	18
Anaconda Copper	29 3/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	48 1/4
Chrysler Motors	46
General Motors	33 3/4
General Electric	35
Union Carbide	69 1/2
Consolidated Oil	9 1/4
Socony Oil	14 1/4
Chase Bank	30
National City Bank	24 1/4
Pullman	30

Turnover 850,000 shares.

Electric Bond and Share Company earned in January/March 1938 dol. 21,45,508 against dol 24,60,049 in 1937.

Electric Bond earned in 12 months ending March 1938 dol 10,327.604 against dol 9,619,534 in 1937

Republic Steel made a loss of dol 3,060,000 in January/March 1938.

American Tel. and Tel. earned dol 2.07 per share in January/March 1938.

Pennsylvania R. R lost in February dol 2,195,000.

Erie R. R. lost in February dol 1,677,000.

United Light and Power Co. earned in 12 months ending 31-1-38 dol 5,176,466.

Carloadings last week 521,978 units 190,000 units less than same week 1937.

Douglas Aircraft earned in December/January/February 71 cents per Common share.

Baltimore and Ohio R. R. lost in February dol 3,250,000.

Southern Pacific R.R. lost in February dol 2,950,000.

Steel Operations of all Steel Companies average working 32.4 per cent.

Tenders For Sterling Loan

A Reserve Bank of India communique states:—

Tenders for Rs. 25,00,000 of 9 months' and Rs. 15,00,000 of 3 months' Government of Central Provinces and Berar Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 19th April 1938. Total amounts offered were Rs. 35 lacs and Rs. 25 lacs respectively.

Nine months' Treasury Bills at Rs. 98-13-0 were accepted in full and three months' Bills at Rs. 99-9-0 were allotted 75 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amounts accepted and the average rates being Rs. 25,00,000 and Rs. 15,00,000 and Rs. 1-9-4 and Rs. 1-12-0 per cent per annum respectively.

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Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1938

"Unfair Restriction On Trade"

Marwadi Chamber Address Strong Protest To Government Of Bombay

LIMIT OF PROPRIETY CROSSED AND AUTHORITY EXCEEDED

In a protest by the Marwadi Chamber of Commerce to the Government of Bombay against the recent Resolution of the Native Share and Stock Brokers Association imposing a trade restriction upon a section of the public, the Chamber states:

In the circumstances, the Chamber invites the attention of the Government of Bombay to the situation created by the resolution and to the urgent need for Government to demand explanation of the Native Share and Stock Brokers Association about that resolution and to call upon the Association to desist from any further action in execution of the aforesaid resolution.

The Native Share and Stock Brokers Association which is functioning under a special Act passed by the Provincial Legislature is the only Association recognised under the Acts and by virtue of this legal privilege it enjoys a complete monopoly in regard to forward transactions of shares and securities in Bombay. Consequently in the eyes of the law all forward contracts with a broker not recognised under the Act are void. That being the situation it is not open to the Board of the Association to prohibit any class of merchants or investors from selling shares and securities to and buying shares and securities from their members. Such a prohibition would obviously amount to imposing an unfair and unwarranted restriction of trade.

The Board of the Chamber are unable to understand on what grounds the Board of the Association have thought it fit to take the decision they are reported to have taken in this matter. One can understand their dislike for the Indian Stock Exchanges Ltd. One can even expect, though not justify, an attitude of hostility towards the new Association. But when the Board of the old Association goes so far as to put a ban on the members of the new Association from doing business in shares and securities even in the capacity of clients, then certainly they not only cross the limits of propriety and exceed their authority, but make themselves responsible for an action unbecoming a responsible mercantile body.

The Board of Chamber are curious to find out the offence which the Indian Stock Exchange Ltd., has committed so as to justify the Board of the old Association to impose such a sweeping and intolerable ban upon the members of the former. The Indian Stock Exchange Ltd., is a corporation duly registered under the Indian Companies Act and its members carry on cash transactions of shares and securities for which there is no monopoly enjoyed by the old Association. There is nothing in its activities which may entitle anybody to deprive its members of their inherent freedom and right of carrying on trade within the limits prescribed by law and Government should not allow even the Native Share and Stock Brokers Association which has been too often treated as a spoilt child to arrogate to itself the position of a law-giver higher than the legislature itself.

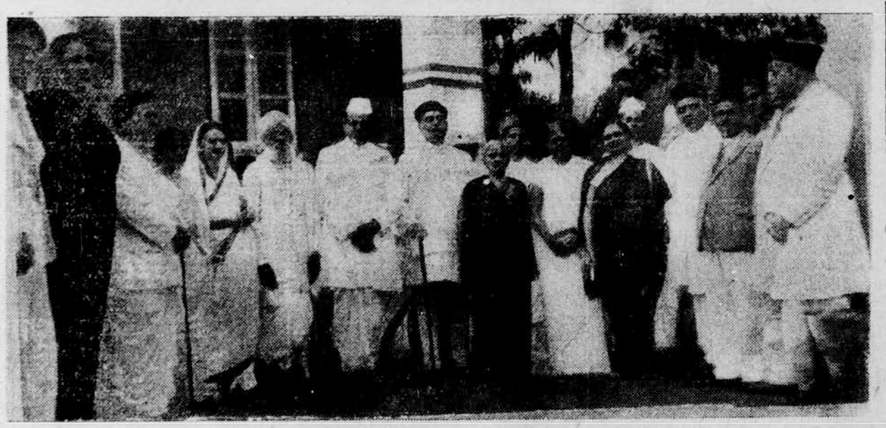
In conclusion I have the honour to request the Government of Bombay to ascertain the reason or reasons if any which may have misled the executive of the Native Share and Stock Brokers Association into the unjust action they are reported to have taken and take such prompt and effective action as may lead to the rescinding of the abovementioned resolution by the Board of the Native Share and Stock Brokers Association.

BHULABHAI FLIES TO EUROPE

KARACHI, April 19

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai flew by the Dutch 'plane at ten this morning. He was seen off by a large number of Congress leaders at the airport.

Mr. Bhulabhai is proceeding from Amsterdam to Paris and thence to Vichey, where he is spending two or three weeks. Thereafter, he sails to England for a ten-days stay and expects to return to India after six or seven weeks, by about the middle of June by the Dutch 'plane.—A. P.



Birthday Celebration of Prof Karve was held at the Robert Money High School on Monday evening when the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher (centre) presided. Prof. Karve is seen on the right of the Premier.

Sensational Train Robbery

Sir Manmathanath & Lady Mukerjee Cloroformed And Robbed In Running Train

PATNA, April 19.

THE RAILWAY POLICE ARE MAKING ENQUIRIES IN THE SENSATIONAL TRAIN ROBBERY COMMITTED ON SUNDAY NIGHT IN WHICH SIR MANMATHANATH AND LADY MUKERJEE WHO WERE TRAVELLING IN A FIRST CLASS CAMPARTMENT BY THE PUNJAB MAIL FROM CALCUTTA TO PATNA WERE THE VICTIMS.

It is revealed that Sir Manmathanath and his wife went to sleep after the train had left Asansol. On arrival at Mokameh the next morning they woke up and both felt dizzy and were surprised to find that cash amounting to nearly Rs. 400 and a gold watch with chain and a locket were missing.

It appears that the bolts on one side of their compartment as well as several other compartments of the Patna bogie were already broken.

An envelope containing notes and some other remnants were found in the adjacent Second Class compartment after the robbery.

It is, however, suspected that Sir Manmathanath and his wife were chloroformed before the robbery.—United Press.

It is understood that the Travancore Government are arranging to send a deputation to wait on the Commerce Member to put forward Travancore's case in regard to the coconut industry, especially in view of imports from Ceylon, which have affected the price of coconut and copra in Malabar in general and Travancore in particular.

"SUBJECTS' GRIEVANCES TO BE VENTILATED"

President Of States Subjects' Conference Writes Letter To Rajsaheb

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, April 17

Vice-President, Dhrangadra States Subjects Conference has written a letter to Rajsaheb stating the following:

It is now high time for holding a second Conference of the subjects and often requests have been made to get permission. The Conference will give an opportunity to the people to ventilate their grievances.

"Peasants are now being crushed under heavy taxation. With the constitutional changes in other parts of India, the State should now make similar changes and get the public in confidence.

With a final appeal for permission the letter ends.

Viceroy At Peshawar

Frontier Governor Receives Him At Station

PESHAWAR, April 19

His Excellency the Vicerov and Governor-General of India arrived at Peshawar cantonment at 9 a.m. to-day and was received on arrival with all honours.

As the Viceroy alighted from his saloon he was received by His Excellency the Governor.

The Viceroy then proceeded to the station exit where he received a Royal Salute from a guard of the Its Bn. 4th Bombay Grenadiers commanded by Major J. W. H Benson, M. C. which was drawn up at the station.

After inspecting the Guard of Honour His Excellency the Viceroy drove to Government House with the Governor. On arrival at Government House, His Excellency inspected a Guard of Honour of the Second Battalion, the Highland Light Infantry under the command of Major R. G Parsons, M. C.—A. P.

Mystery Of A Veiled Woman

Cartridges Missing From Armoury Found In Jail Compound In Mysterious Circumstances

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, April 19.

The story of the loss of 50 cartridges and their subsequent discovery in Allahabad District Jail after a strange visit of a masked woman, has created a mild sensation here. It was stated that the cartridges had been missing from the armoury on April 16. A vigorous enquiry was set on foot, and two jail warders were suspended.

On the morning of April 17, one woman wearing burqa appeared at the jail gate and raised a great hue and cry that her small bundle wherein she had kept her food was missing. A large number of persons had collected to see their relations in jail but nobody took any serious notice of the woman's complaint. But after the masked woman had gone away, a small bag, containing fifty cartridges, was found somewhere near the jail premises. Afterwards a vain search was made for the veiled woman.

MR. LADISLAV URBAN (LEFT), CONSUL FOR CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND THE HON. MR. B. G. KHER SNAPPED AT THE CZECHOSLOVAKIAN SECTION OF THE GEOGRAPHY EXHIBITION ORGANISED BY THE BOMBAY GEOGRAPHICAL ASSOCIATION.

U. P. Landlords To Go To Federal Court?

Agrarian Bill To Meet With Stubborn Opposition In Upper Chamber: Jawahar Calls Upon Peasants To Organise For Fight

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, April 19.

THE WARNING TO KISANS THAT THEY SHOULD EXPECT A STIFF OPPOSITION FROM LANDLORDS TO GOVERNMENT'S PROPOSALS FOR AGRARIAN REFORMS WAS GIVEN BY JAWAHARLAL NEHRU AT A MEETING OF TENANTS HELD AT KARCHHANA

Pandit Nehru said, that it was possible that the Upper Chamber would be obstructive and so they must be well organised and insistent in their demands.

The speaker foreshadowed that the Congress Government would bring forward other ameliorative measures later on when the question of continuing zamindari system itself might have to be considered.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru explained the Government's agrarian reforms proposals to the Kisans. Nearly 32 Kisans meetings were held all over the district to observe the Kisan Day.

There is good reason to believe that not only will the Upper Chamber offer the stoutest resistance to Agrarian Bill but the Landlords might carry the whole Bill to the Federal Court as affecting their privileges conferred on them by sanads, etc. In this connection eminent lawyers have been consulted.

Kutch Heir-apparent For England

BHUJ, April 19.

Maharaj Kumar Shree Vijayarajji Saheb, heir-apparent of Kutch State, will, it is understood, sail for Europe about the middle of next month.

It is reported that the Dewan will also shortly sail for England, where his sons are studying.—A. P.

A.I.R.O. Must Be Ready For Service

Govt. Communique On Condition Of Service For New Entrants

NEW DELHI, April 19.

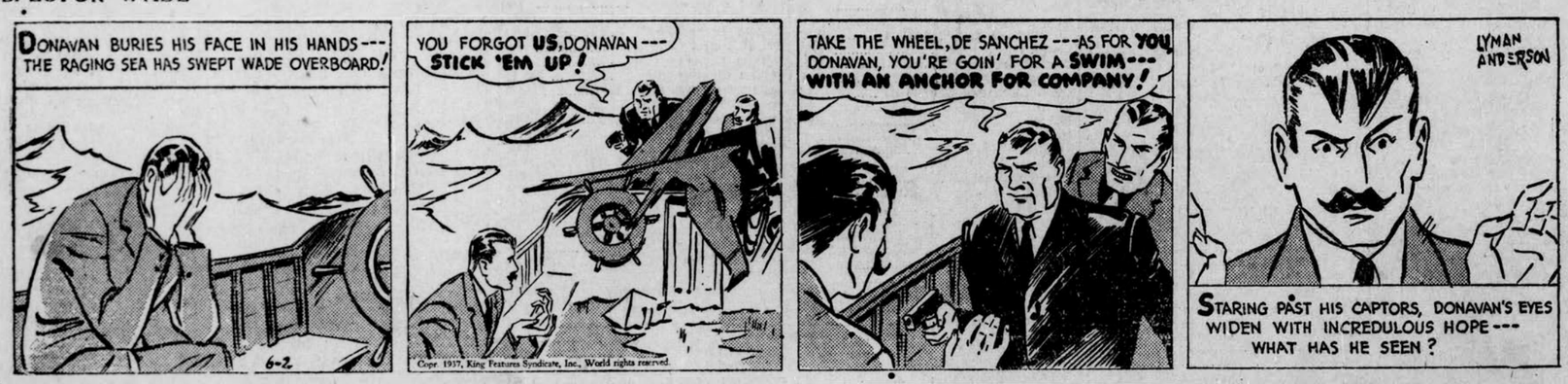
A 'Communique' announces that the Government of India have decided that the conditions of service for all future entrants to the Army in India Reserve Officers shall include a liability to be called to military service in the event of the Government of India considering that a state of emergency has arisen or is imminent.

Officers who already hold commissions in the Army in India Reserve Officers are unaffected by this decision. Such officers, however, may accept this liability voluntarily.

In announcing this decision the Government of India wish to assure potential candidates for commissions in the Army in India Reserve Officers and their employers, that it is the intention only to enforce this liability in cases of grave emergency, necessitating measures similar to those of general mobilization.—United Press.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE *THE INVESTORS*


DONAVAN BURIES HIS FACE IN HIS HANDS--- THE RAGING SEA HAS SWEPT WADE OVERBOARD!
6-2
YOU FORGOT US, DONAVAN--- STICK 'EM UP!
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TAKE THE WHEEL, DE SANCHEZ---AS FOR YOU, DONAVAN, YOU'RE GOIN' FOR A SWIM--- WITH AN ANCHOR FOR COMPANY!
LYMAN ANDERSON
STARING PAST HIS CAPTORS, DONAVAN'S EYES WIDEN WITH INCREDULOUS HOPE--- WHAT HAS HE SEEN?

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